The New-York Times.

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TELEGRAMS.

Close of the German Parliament and the Reichstag.

More Crowds of Emigrants from Liverpool for America.

Arrival of Ismail Pasha in London.

His Royal Reception and Entertainment.

GERMANY.

Close of Parliament and the Riechstag—Speeches of the King.

BERLIN, Tuesday, June 22.

The sessions of the Zollverein Parliament and the Reichstag terminated to-day. The members assembled at the Royal Castle to receive the closing speech of the King. Mr. BANCROFT, the American Minister, was the only member of the Diplomatic Corps present. King WILLIAM, addressing the Zollverein Parliament, acknowledged the zeal of the members. After reviewing the work of the session, he expressed regret that the debates on tariff reform had failed to produce a definite result, but hoped for the ultimate agreement of differing opinions. The King made no political allusions except one in favor of German unity at the conclusion of his speech, when he expressed his confidence that this session would tend to fortify the bond of common institutions between the German States.

When the King had concluded, Count VON BISMARCK, as Federal Chancellor, advanced and declared the session of the Zollverein Parliament closed. Thereupon the Deputies of the South German States withdrew.

The King then delivered his closing speech to the members of the Reichstag. He complimented them on their zeal and activity, but regretted their failure to complete the financial arrangements to meet the deficiencies of the budget. He referred to the new naval port at Heppens as a monument for Europe, showing the energy and intelligence with which for thirteen years the German people had struggled against disorder to perform a great national task. The lively interest taken by the population on the seaboard in the maritime development of the Confederation was a reassuring expression of the sentiment of the nation, which, with increasing power, was penetrating all parts of the Fatherland; and this, in connection with the agreement and activity of the Federal Government and the National Representatives for the welfare of the country, fortified the confidence of Germany in the maintenance of internal and external peace.

Both speeches were received with enthusiastic cheers by the deputies.

GREAT BRITAIN.

More Emigrants for America—Death of a Member of Parliament.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 22.

Five thousand emigrants left Liverpool for the week ending Saturday night, for different ports in America.

CHARLES NAPIER STUAT, member of Parliament for Dorchester, died last evening at the age of 37.

The political news to-day is not important.

Proposed Amendment to the Irish Church Bill.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 22.

In the House of Lords this evening, the Earl of SHAFTESBURY gave notice of an amendment to the bill for the disestablishment of the Irish Church, to the following effect: "That the surplus church property shall be a fund from which to grant loans to the Irish peasantry."

Ismail Pasha in London—The United States and Cuba—Comments of the Star.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 22.

ISMAIL PASHA, Viceroy of Egypt, arrived in London to-day. He is the guest of the Queen, at Buckingham Palace, which has been fitted up for his residence. A series of brilliant *fetés* have been arranged in his honor and will take place during his stay in the country. The Viceroy was met at the railway station by the Prince of WALES, and others, and escorted by a large military procession, was conducted through the streets to Buckingham Palace. An immense crowd of people lined the way, and repeatedly cheered the PASHA.

The son of the late King THEODORUS, of Abyssinia, who has been at school here, will be sent to India, as the climate of England proves unfavorable to his health.

The *Star* to-day praises the United States Government for its consistency in taking measures to prevent the departure of fillibustering parties for Cuba. It says the sanction by the Attorney General of the arrest of the Cuban Insurgent Junta in New-York is satisfactory. The more vigorously the neutrality laws are inforced at the outset, the more easily will the public mind be led in the right direction. Sympathy for a nation struggling for freedom is natural to Americans as well as Englishmen; but the sooner the people are reminded that a neutral country has duties incompatible with the sending out of privateers and warlike expeditions the better. Neutrality is not likely to exist, unless the laws as they now stand are inforced; and when the laws are insufficient they ought to be amended. English lawyers and statesmen may, to their own advantage and instruction, watch the result of the proceedings instituted in the United States, for the American statute dealing with the subject is almost identical with the English law. The case will form a precedent of policy worthy of consideration and imitation.

SPAIN.

The Republicans and the New Constitution—The Oath to be Rejected by the Clergy.

MADRID, Tuesday, June 22.

The Republican members of the Cortes are about to issue a manifesto advising all their supporters to swear allegiance to the Constitution if positively required so to do. The clergy consider it their policy to reject the oath as a body. The Republican demonstration to-day was quite large, and passed off quietly.

ITALY.

Financial Matters—Digny's Scheme.

FLORENCE, Tuesday, June 22.

The official newspapers say that DIGNY'S financial scheme has not been abandoned, as before reported. It will be slightly modified and again presented to the Chamber. The Government is determined to abolish the forced currency.

BRAZIL.

Opening of the Chamber—The Emperor's Speech.

PARIS, Tuesday, June 22.

Advices by letter have been received here from Rio Janeiro to the 23d of May. The war news from the Parana was meagre and unimportant. The Emperor of Brazil opened the sessions of the Chamber with a conciliatory speech. He took that occasion to compliment the Allied armies on their many successes over the Paraguayans. He called the attention of the Deputies to the necessity for a loan, in order to carry out a system of internal reforms, which he announced in detail. He was silent in respect to the slavery question.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Prorogation of the Dominion Parliament—Speech of Governor Young.

OTTAWA, Canada, Tuesday, June 22.

The Dominion Parliament was prorogued to-day with the customary ceremonies. Governor YOUNG, in a speech from the throne, said:

Satisfaction may be expressed at the result of your deliberations. In addition to a long list of measures and amendments and subjects of internal internal policy which have passed under your notice your records show that memorable steps have been taken toward the accomplishment of the great scheme of uniting the whole of British North America in a single Confederation. You have sanctioned the arrangement entered into in London by the Imperial Government in reference to the Northwest territory. That wide expanse will, I hope, ere long be opened to settlement and become the abode of myriads of thriving and industrious emigrants. Terms to which the delegates from Newfoundland have assented, and which it may be expected will prove acceptable to the people of that Island, have met with your concurrence. The basis has been laid for negotiations with the Governor of Prince Edward's Island. You have adopted precautions of timely and well-considered liberality, in order to satisfy reasonable demands and conciliate attachment in Nova Scotia. After referring to several other matters His Excellency thanked the members for voting supplies, and said though the revenue accruing from import duties has not reached the expected standard, he is rejoiced that a vigilant supervision of the public expenditures obviated the necessity of imposing any fresh burdens on the people.

Suicide of a Baltimorean at St. Catharines—Flight of a Prominent Manufacturer—His Liabilities $200,000.

ST. CATHARINES, Canada, Tuesday, June 22.

A man named RICHARD JOHNS, from Baltimore, who was stopping at the Stephenson House, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself through the left breast, above the heart. Death occurred in five or ten minutes after the shot was fired. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict that the deceased came to his death by a pistol-shot wound inflicted by his own hand. He was of melancholy habits and was also intemperate.

GANANOQUE, Canada, Tuesday, June 22.

ISAAC BRIGGS, an extensive manufacturer of carriage springs, has absconded. His liabilities are estimated at $200,000.

THE INDIANS.

The Pueblos in Arizona—Visit of the Indian Commission to Them.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, June 22.

The following dispatch from Mr. COLYER has been received by the Executive Committee of the United States Indian Commission in this City:

FORT DEFIANCE, June 4.

We leave this morning for the Moqui country in Arizona. They are Pueblo Indians, of whom but very little is known. They are said to occupy five or six villages in the mountains, and number about 7,000 souls. They are peaceable and industrious, raising corn and having flocks of goats and sheep. Dr. PALMER, of the Smithsonian Institute, and an escort of four soldiers and the Navajo Indians accompany us, all mounted on mules, with rations for twenty days. The Navajos are doing as well as can be expected after their cruel and stupid removal to the Bosque Rodondo. General SHERMAN deserves great praise for restoring them to their old home at this place. They have about 2,000 acres planted with wheat, corn, beans, &c., and have many sheep, and are fast recovering from their poverty. Still they need help. Rev. J. M. ROBERTS has commenced a school and church among them at this station, under the Presbyterian Board, which promises well, but he needs help also.

Anti-Ritualism—The Case of Rev. Mr. Cheney, of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, June 22.

A few days since Bishop WHITEHOUSE appointed Rev. GEORGE F. CUSHMAN, Rev. RICHARD F. SWEET and Judge L. B. OTIS to examine the case of Rev. CHARLES E. CHENEY. That committee performed the duty assigned, and yesterday made a presentment, which was served on Mr. CHENEY the same day. He is cited for trial on the 1st of July, in the Bishop's Cathedral Church. The trial will be public in its character. The charges against Mr. CHENEY are for violating articles seven and eight of the Constitution of the Church, and for the violation of the ordination vows to the ministry, the doctrines and sacrament as they are set forth and received by the Protestant Episcopal Church. The specifications are that he omits the words, "Regenerate" and "Regeneration" in the baptismal service, and makes other variations from the book of common prayer.

Alabama Politics—W. H. F. Randall Nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the First District.

MOBILE, Ala., Tuesday, June 22.

The Convention of the Democratic Party of the First Congressional District assembled at 12 o'clock to-day. Delegates were present from Baldwin, Clarke, Monroe, Wilcox, Conecuh, Escombia, Dallas and Mobile Counties. Ex-Governor JOHN A. WINSTON was made Chairman, and eight Vice-Presidents were chosen. After the adoption of the majority rule, Messrs. W. D. MANN, E. H. GRANDIN, of Mobile, and W. H. F. RANDALL, of Dallas, were nominated for Congress. On the first ballot Mr. MANN received 12 5-6, Mr. RANDALL 7, Mr. GRANDIN 3. Mr. MANN having received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared the nominee. On motion of Mr. BARNES, of Dallas, the nomination was made unanimous.

Buffalo and Erie Railroad—Annual Election of Officers.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, June 22.

The following is the result of the election for officers of the Buffalo and Erie Railway, held here to-day:

Directors—William Williams, of Buffalo; A. Robinson, of New-York; Horace F. Clark, of New-York; Augustus Schell, of New-York; Chas. H. Lee, of Silver Creek; Gibson T. Williams, of Buffalo; William L. Scott, of Erie, Penn.; Milton Courtright, of Erie; Charles M. Reed, of Erie. H. L. Lansing, of Buffalo; John M. Hutchinson, of Buffalo; James C. Harrison, of Buffolo, and George H. Chase, of Buffalo. *President*—William Williams. *Vice-President*—Charles H. Lee. *Secretary and Treasurer*—Geo. H. Chase.

Yellow Fever at Quarantine Below Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Tuesday, June 22.

The schooner *Mary E. Femerick*, Captain DORMAN, from Matanzas for Baltimore, arrived last night at the lower quarantine ground with yellow fever on board. Captain DORMAN and the cook, a white man, died yesterday. The second mate has had the fever but is convalescent.

Weather in the South.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Tuesday, June 22.

A very heavy rain and hail storm prevailed here this afternoon.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Tuesday, June 22.

The weather is clear and warm; thermometer 80°; wind southwest.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, N. Y., Tuesday, June 22.

The following is the Court of Appeals day calendar for June 23: 38, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 180, 181, 46, 51, 163, 45, 50, 179.

Large Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, June 22.

The four-story brick building No. 240 Arch-street, occupied by D. W. HALBURT & Co., commission dealers in oils, was considerably damaged by fire this evening. The stock on hand was valued at $10,000, which was nearly all destroyed. The fire originated in the cellar, and is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as there was no coal stored there and no fire has been allowed in the building for two months. The stock was insured for $7,000, which will probably cover the loss. The building is also insured.

BASE BALL.

The Red Stockings vs. the Keystones of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, June 22.

A large number of persons witnessed the game of base ball between the Red Stockings of Cincinnati and the Keystones of this city. The play of the Red Stockings was not as good as yesterday. The batting of the Keystones was very heavy. Seven innings were played, and resulted in favor of the Cincinnatis by a score of 45 to 30. The following are the totals each inning:

Cincinnati	10, 5, 5, 2, 6, 8, 9—45.
Keystone	3, 3, 6, 0, 10, 4, 4—30.

Baltimore vs. Washington.

BALTIMORE, Md., Tuesday, June 22.

The second of the series of match games, played this afternoon, between the Maryland Club, of Baltimore, and the Olympic, of Washington, for the championship of the South, now held by the former Club, resulted in favor of the Marylands by a score of 31 to 13. The Marylands play the Red Stockings, of Cincinnati, on Thursday.

Miscegenation—Opinion of the Supreme Court of Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Tuesday, June 22.

The Supreme Court of Georgia to-day decided that the code of Georgia, adopted by the new Constitution, forever prohibits marriage relation between white persons and persons of African descent, and declares such marriage null and void. Second—This section of the code is not repealed by, nor is it inconsistent with, that part of the Constitution which declares that the social *status* of the citizen shall never be the subject of legislation. That clause of the Constitution absolutely denies to the Legislature the power to pass laws, in the future, regulating the social *status*, or compelling the two races to unite in social intercourse. As the laws then in existence allowed churches, for instance, to determine for themselves who should occupy their seats, and where they should sit, and permitted railroad and steamboat companies, and hotel-keepers, to classify and assign places to those using their accommodations, according to their social *status* and grade as they might think proper, the Constitution puts it beyond the power of the Legislature ever to enact any law compelling them to make different classifications or to group together in social intercourse those who do not recognize each other as social equals. As the social relations of citizens are not the proper subjects of legislation, the Constitution has wisely put the matter at rest by denying to the Legislature the power to repeal or enact laws on that subject.

The Iron Mountain Railroad—Progress of the Work of Building—Missouri State Bonds—The Reported Payment of the Interest in Gold.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Tuesday, June 22.

The Iron Mountain Railroad will be opened to-day to Frederickton, 105 miles from St. Louis, which leaves only a gap of 25 miles to be ironed between here and Belmont, and which will be finished in a few days. Mr. ALLEN, the President of the road, will start for New-York in a few days on business connected with the construction of the road from Morley, Mo., along the western bank of the Mississippi River to a point opposite Memphis. Large grants of land and of stock have been guaranteed to be taken by the counties through which the road will pass. The citizens generally are alive to the importance of the project.

A special dispatch from Jefferson City to the *Democrat*, says in reference to a recent statement of the New-York *Evening Post*, that "Missouri will pay the interest on her bonds in gold," that $550,000 in currency has been placed in New-York to pay the interest, but no attempt has been made to convert it into gold for the purpose named. It is stated, however, that Attorney-General GIVEN is of the opinion that the State is legally bound to pay the interest in gold. But in reply to a question by the Fund Commissioners whether the Legislature authorized them to buy gold to pay interest with, he replied that it had not. There the matter rested.

General SHERIDAN arrived at Omaha yesterday, *en route* to Chicago.

Attempted Assassination of an Editor by the Attorney-General of Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tuesday, June 22.

Attorney-General TUTHELL called at the office of Mr. GRESHAM, editor of the new Stokes organ, this morning and asked him whether he was responsible for an article which appeared in yesterday's paper speaking of him in opprobrious terms. GRESHAM replied he was. TUTHELL then drew a repeater and fired at GRESHAM. The latter thereupon struck down the pistol, grappled TUTHELL and beat him severely. In his paper this evening he charges TUTHELL with an attempt to assassinate him. TUTHELL is a citizen of Northern birth and a supporter of SENTER.

National Curling Convention at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Tuesday, June 22.

The third annual meeting of the National Curling Convention was held here to-day. After the usual preliminary business the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, David Bell, of Buffalo; Vice-Presidents, Alexander Dalrymple, of New-York; John Stephens, of Jersey City; Secretary and Treasurer, George Macnoe, of Buffalo. Paterson, N. J., was selected as the next place for holding the annualmeeting.

GEORGE MACNOE was presented with a valuable gold watch and the surplus funds of the Convention. The members of the Convention will play a game of quiots at Fort Erie to-morrow.

A Woman Shot by her Husband in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Tuesday, June 22.

At Pascoag, in this State, last night, a man named MOWRY IRONS shot his wife. She is living this morning, but will probably die from the wound. The husband fled from his home; he was clad only in his pants and shirt. It is supposed that he is insane.

Pennsylvania State Republican Convention—Gov. Geary's Prospects.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Tuesday, June 22.

The Republican State Convention meets here to-morrow. A caucus held this evening indicates that Gov. GEARY will receive 93 out of 180 votes on the first ballot.

Boston Bank Statement.

BOSTON, Tuesday, June 22.

The following is the condition of the Boston banks for the week ending to-day:

Capital	$45,600,000
Loans	103,691,658
Specie	959,796
Legal-tenders	12,087,305
Due from other banks	14,016,836
Due to other banks	14,635,012
Deposits	36,233,995
Circulation	25,313,661

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 22.—The Grand Jury of Herkimer County have indicted Mrs. NANCY LYMAN for the murder of her husband, EPHRAIM GARDINER, in March last. Professor PORTER, of this city, having discovered arsenic in the remains of deceased. Policeman WELSH was beaten nearly to death by four desperadoes, last night, who left their victim insensible and escaped.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 22.—The death of J. MASON CAMPBELL was announced in all the Courts of this city this morning. He died last evening. Mr. CAMPBELL had been for thirty-five years a member of the Maryland Bar, and was one of the most distinguished lawyers in the State.

GETTYSBURG, June 22.—At the annual election for officers, General JOHN W. GEARY was elected President of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Association, with a Board of Directors. The Board was organized as follows: Vice-President, R. C. MCCREARY; Secretary, D. MCCONAUGHY; Treasurer, GEO. ARNOLD. The Association holds over one hundred and forty acres of the battlefield.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 22.—This season's races on the River Park Course opened to-day with the track in fine condition. The purse for horses that never trotted for money was won by H. B. GRIFFIN'S brown gelding in three straight heats. Time, 2:55½, 2:50, 2:58. The second race was for horses that never beat 2:50. It was won by A. M. HARRIS' chestnut gelding in 2:41½, 2:40, 2:39.

BOSTON, June 22.—Hon. RICHARD FLETCHER died last night, aged 81 years.

BOSTON, June 22.—SETH E. SPRAGUE, for twenty-five years Clerk of the United States District Court of this district, died to-day of consumption.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 22.—The steamer *Mary Sanford* has been gotten off the Rip, and is expected up to-night for repairs.

AUGUSTA, Me., June 22.—The State Universalist Convention met here to-day and organized by choosing General S. F. HERSEY, of Bangor, President. A sermon was delivered by Rev. J. H. CHAPIN, of Massachusetts. The Convention will continue through Wednesday and Thursday.

AMHERST, Mass., June 22.—A grand trial of mowers, reapers and haying machines, under the auspices of the New-England Agricultural Society, commenced to-day on the grounds of the State Agricultural College. Twenty-seven machines were entered. The exhibition continues four days.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 22.—The fight between JOHNNY HICKEY and JIM KING came off to-day a short distance above Gundera, Kansas. BILL COLLINS was chosen referee. Nine rounds were fought in nineteen minutes. HICKEY was declared the victor.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 22.—The propeller *Pacific* left here this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, with about one hundred young ladies from the Elmira Female Academy. They are bound to Lake Superior on an excursion tour.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 22.—The races at Narragansett Park have been postponed on account of the rain. They will commence at 2 P. M. to-morrow, if the weather is auspicious, and proceed according to the original programme. The postponement to-day extends the meeting to Saturday.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 22.—JEREMIAH COLLINS, an employe in the paper mill at Lee, was killed to-day by being caught in the machinery.

WASHINGTON.

The Return of the President—His Visitors—His Future Movements—Meeting of the Cabinet—The Cuban Question—Minister Sickles—Personal.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, June 22.

The return of the President has imparted some life into the dull state of affairs here. A large number of persons were early at the White House for the purpose of obtaining interviews, but the routine business which had accumulated during the President's absence prevented many of them from obtaining admission. Among the more prominent gentlemen who saw the President were Senator FENTON, Judge BINGHAM, Congressman WINANS, General HOVEY, Minister to Peru, and General S. A. HURLBUT, Minister Resident to Colombia. The latter gentleman is here for the purpose of receiving his instructions. The President signed a considerable number of commissions, which have been made out during his absence, the principal of which were commissions of Postmasters at San Francisco and Mobile. He will now remain here until about the middle of July, or until the result of the Virginia election is declared, and the elections in the States of Mississippi and Texas ordered. He will then take a Summer vacation of a month or six weeks, spending most of his time probably in some quiet part of New-England.

THE CABINET MEETING—CUBA.

The Cabinet meeting to-day was attended by all the Secretaries, save BOUTWELL and COX; the former being represented by Assistant Secretary RICHARDSON, and the latter by Assistant Secretary OTTO. The session was very long, lasting from 12 until nearly 4 o'clock. The business considered was mostly of a routine character, such as has accumulated during the absence of the President. The question of the recognition of the Cubans was briefly considered, and after some discussion was postponed without action. There is no question, however, but that the feeling in favor of Cuban recognition is growing even in the Cabinet, and should the affairs of the Cubans continue to make headway, there is a strong probability of their recognition by this Government within a reasonable time.

MINISTER SICKLES.

Among the arrivals here to-day is General SICKLES, Minister to Spain. He comes for the purpose of receiving his instructions from the State Department. He had an interview with Secretary FISH this morning, and subsequently made calls on other officers, and received a number himself. There has as yet been no selection of a Secretary of Legation for Madrid, but there doubtless will be soon, as it seems to be decided that Mr. PERRY shall be recalled if he does not resign. General SICKLES will leave for Madrid some time early next month.

PERSONAL.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, Esq., of St. Louis, one of the Board of ten Indian Peace Commissioners, has resigned. Reasons have not transpired. Postmaster-General CRESWELL has moved into the house recently rented by him at the corner of Nineteenth and I streets, formerly the headquarters of the Freedmen's Bureau. The house has been thoroughly refitted, and it makes one of the most comfortable, commodious and elegant residences in the city. Attorney-General HOAR left to-night for Massachusetts, to be gone about a week.

TEXAS POLITICS.

Texas politics appear to be in a very muddled condition, and the administrative officers of the Government here have been asked to interfere in the disputes between the leaders of the two political parties there. Judge PASCAL represents JACK HAMILTON'S interests here, and has made repeated efforts to secure the Federal patronage of the State for his supporters, but, so far, without apparently much success. A relative of HAMILTON, who held an important Federal office in the State, has been removed at the instance of the friends of General DAVIS, who is HAMILTON'S opponent for Governor.

THE WINNEBAGO AND OMAHA INDIANS.

The Winnebago and Omaha Indians of Nebraska, semi-civilized, have applied for their allotments of land in severalty, and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs has granted their application. It will be the policy of the Department to grant similar requests from all bands of Indians who exhibit a sincere determination to cultivate the arts of peace.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Tuesday, June 22.

THE REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The internal revenue receipts to-day are nearly $600,000.

COLORED JURORS—JUDGE FISHER'S CHARGE.

This morning in the Criminal Court, five colored men were sworn as grand jurors. Judge FISHER in the course of his charge spoke of the important duties they had to perform, and referred to the position of grand juror as being to some of them novel and interesting. For the first time in the history of this District the tawny brown complexion of a race oppressed and degraded by six generations of slavery, has at length, in the seventh, made its appearance in the grand jury box in the capital of a nation which may proudly boast, and with more truth and justice than the mother country, that the moment a slave shall have set his foot upon her free soil his shackles will fall, and he will stand forth redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled by the genius of universal emancipation.

Among the petit jurors summoned for to-morrow are nine colored men. One of the three bailiffs just appointed by the Court is a colored man.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF APPLICANTS FOR OFFICE.

It is known that men in high position, reluctant to refuse, have signed papers of recommendation of different persons for the same positions under the Government, thereby embarrassing the respective Departments. It is rumored in official circles that owing to this practice a new course will be adopted, to the effect that members of Congress and others are to be held bound by their several recommendations according to priority of date. No letters of recall will be permitted to affect the official file, unless they shall be accompanied by good and substantial reasons, to be placed upon the records.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments have been signed by the President:

Geo. W. Lewton, of Ohio, to be Marshal of the Consular Court at Chin Kang, China. Postmasters—Isaac H. Brown, at Massilon, Ohio; Ansel K. Bailey, at Decorah, Iowa; Thos. S. Wilson, at Collinsville, Ill.; James Y. Corey, at Waukegan, Ill.; James F. Watson, at Helena, Ark.; Henry M. Kimball, at Carlinsville, Ill.; James Coey, at San Francisco, Cal.; F. G. Bromberg, at Mobile, Ala.; Noah Boynton, at Mount Vernon, Ohio; George W. Howland, at Santa Fe, N. M.; W. W. King, at Sheboygan, Wis.; Oliver J. Conant, at Rockland, Me.; John W. Hill, at Waterbury, Conn.; Oliver Wood, at Portsmouth, Ohio; J. M. Rose, at Abingdon, Va.; R. Tompkins, at McGregor, Iowa; Louis D. Cyr, at Negaunee, Mich.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Crops—Fertilizers vs. Frost—Cotton, Rice, Corn, Wheat—Other Cereals—Prospects of Yield—Velocipedes—Negro Postmaster—Money Scarce—State University—New Monthly Magazine—Increase of Crime in the State—Cotton Factory.

From Our Own Correspondent.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Friday, June 18, 1869.

The prospects of the crop of 1869 have been pretty thoroughly canvassed, and conclusions are becoming somewhat definite. Two unusual circumstances have marked the agricultural world in the South—my estimates all relate to South Carolina, however—this Spring; first, an unusually cold Spring, there having been frost in most parts of the State in May—an event that has not occurred before in maybe twenty years; and secondly, an unprecedented use of commercial fertilizers—phosphates, guano from the tropics, and chemical fertilizers of various kinds. Of these the State has used this year fully ten times as much as ever before. The lateness of the Spring has cut off a good deal of the cotton in the mountain region and almost all the corn on the sea coast. It is to be observed here that these crops thus shortened are the least important ones in their respective regions, because near the mountains very little cotton is raised, and near the sea very little corn. In the interior or middle of the State the cotton is the main crop touched by the frost; and it is believed now that the fertilizers will more than make up for the diminution caused by the frost, and then about one-fourth more land has been planted in cotton this year than last.

COTTON.

The cotton crop of this year is estimated by careful calculators, after a comparison of hundreds of individual opinions, as likely to reach 185,000 bales. This is an advance on last year's crop, which was 180,000 bales. The crop of 1860 was 353,412 bales.

RICE.

The crop of rice is expected to be, this year, 22,750,000 pounds, which is a large increase over last year, which produced 16,250,000 pounds. Both of these are vastly below the rice yield of 1860, which was 119,100,528 pounds—more than five times as much as this year, and seven times as much as last year. This immense falling off arises from the fact that the neglect of some years during the war has rendered the plantations unfit for cultivation without thousands of outlay, which the impoverished owners cannot supply. Besides, labor is so difficult to control now that it would be very risky to undertake running a large plantation with hands that might, and probably would, leave when the weather gets too hot for comfort. To put a rice plantation in working order costs something like $10,000, and in some cases $20,000—sums that do not often exist among planters now.

CORN.

This cereal crop is decidedly better than last year. I have no statistics of the last year's crop, but think it safe to state that this year's will be better, but not much. The corn crop of 1860 was 15,065,606 bushels.

WHEAT.

The lower portion of the State rejoices in a fair crop of wheat this year, the middle very good, and near the mountains a planter writes to me that there has not been such a crop of wheat there in twenty years as is the present year. The harvesting is going on now, and the estimates are definite. The crop of 1860 was 1,285,631.

OTHER CEREALS.

The remaining cereals—oats, rye and barley—are much less grown in this State than farther north. Oats are raised for horse food, and the crop is fine this year. Barley and rye are not much raised. Near the mountains rye is raised, but mostly by Germans who used to raise it in the old country.

ITEMS.

A velocipede rink has been in operation in Columbia for a few weeks; and seems to be doing pretty well for so small a city. Half a dozen vehicles are kept pretty busily in hand.

The negro Postmaster does not give satisfaction. His employes, also negroes, are slow and clumsy. Letters go to the wrong box, and numberless delays are complained of. The general delivery is crowded with negroes asking for letters and papers; so that there is much difficulty in getting to the window, and this difficulty increases with the warm weather.

Some open accounts were sold the sale day in June at this place. One batch dating back before and during the war, amounting to $800,000, (part Confederate,) sold for $105. This illustrates the value of money and its scarcity hereabouts.

The University of South Carolina is now holding its final annual examinations preparatory to the conferring of degrees at the close of the session on the 29th inst. The Public Day closes the session. Then follows a vacation of three Summer months. Two members of the Board of Trustees are negroes.

The leading photographers here inform me that they do not take as many pictures of negroes now as they did in the days of slavery.

A new monthly magazine of miscellaneous literature has just been started in Charleston, called *The XIX. Century*. It is sparkling and varied, and promises well.

A company has recently been organized in Darlington County, which is below the middle of the State, to establish a cotton factory on a joint stock scheme. This is lower down the country than any factory has thus far been established, Columbia being the lowest. Most of the factories in the State are, strange to say, near the mountains, and above the line of abundant cotton production. The tendency is to build factories nearer and nearer the cotton-growing region.

BOISE.

Ex-Secretary Seward in Cheyenne.

From the Cheyenne (Wyoming) Argus, June 18.

This distinguished gentleman and party arrived last night from the East. The military band was in attendance, and played some lively airs of welcome. After prolonged and loud calls, Mr. SEWARD appeared at the window of the Railroad Hotel, and spoke to the people somewhat as follows:

"If I have not managed, during the last twenty years, to keep the people of the United States active, they have certainly kept me so. This long activity requires rest. I have taken this journey along the line of this vast undertaking, and great national success, in order to obtain it, while I at the same time acquaint myself with the immense resources of our country. One of the conditions of this rest is that I do not speak in public during my journey. So you will please excuse me if I now carry out my resolution. I heartily thank you for your kind reception and cordial welcome, and hope that this capital of the newest Territory may prosper, and that her people may reap the reward of their enterprise."

Mr. SEWARD was vociferously applauded at the conclusion of his remarks.

THE FILLIBUSTERS.

The Arrested Cubans on Trial Before the United States Commissioner.

Further Information Regarding Cuban Movements—The Recruiting Depot and its Present Occupants—Intentions of the Junta.

The half-dozen persons arrested on Monday evening on a charge of violating, or intending to violate, the neutrality laws of the United States by getting up an expedition to join the Cuban insurrectionists, were arraigned before United States Commissioner OSBORN at 1 P. M. yesterday. The names of the prisoners, as given by themselves, are IGNATIUS ALFARO, the reputed Secretary of War of the Cuban Junta, W. P. C. RYAN, the prospective commander of the expedition, and A. ACKERMAN, JAS. PETERS, FELIX VON STORNBERG, SNIDORF and TAUSSIG, whose rank is not specially defined. Accompanying the fillibusters, as they entered the Court-room, was a crowd of some fifty men, not more than half a dozen of whom gave any indication in their countenances of being of Spanish or Cuban extraction. They were not what might be called a rough-looking crowd, but appeared to belong to the class of idlers and adventurers who are ever ready to engage in any scheme that promises liberal pay.

Assistant United States District-Attorneys PHELPS and BELL appeared for the Government, and JOHN SEDGWICK for the prisoner, RYAN, and Mr. LOWRIE for ALFARO. The rest of the prisoners did not appear to have any counsel.

The Commissioner first called the case of RYAN, when Mr BELL said the Government was not prepared to go on with the examination at that time. The prisoners, he said, were simply brought before the Court to have them properly committed, and the Government would be prepared to proceed with the examination at a reasonable time.

Mr. SEDGWICK said that the District-Attorney had had full notice to prepare for the examination, and he claimed it as a right that the same should proceed at once. His client, he said, was already under indictment in the United States District Court for an offence similar to that with which he was now charged.

The Commissioner said, that in accordance with the usual practice in that Court, where the prosecution requested it, he should postpone the examination till to-morrow at 1 P. M.

Considerable discussion then followed as to whether the prisoner should be bailed, and if so, in what amount, the District-Attorney contending that inasmuch as this was a repetition of an offence for which the prisoner had previously been arrested, and not stood indicted, he ought not to be admitted to bail, while the prisoner's counsel claimed that the present complaint against his client was of such a vague and indefinite character, and came from such an unreliable source, as not to warrant the Commissioner in depriving the prisoner of his liberty.

Commissioner OSBORN at length decided to commit RYAN to the custody of the Marshal till to-morrow without bail.

Signor ALFARO'S case being next in order, Mr. LOWRIE addressed the Court in reference to the absurdity and unreliability of the charge now made against him, and asked that the complaint be dismissed altogether or that his client be discharged on his own recognizance.

The Commissioner finally decided that in the case of ALFARO and the remaining prisoners he would hold them to bail in the sum of $5,000 each to appear at the examination to-day, and in the further sum of $2,500 not to violate the neutrality laws in the meantime, the bonds to continue until the examination was concluded. The bonds were subsequently procured and the prisoners discharged.

The Cuban Expedition.

The recruits at the Cuban drill-room and rendezvous in Houston-street, corner of Mott-street, were greatly excited yesterday over the arrest of their leaders by the United States authorities. Small parties of men of forbidding and threatening appearance were observed standing in the lager-beer saloon adjoining the headquarters, in the drill-room, and on the sidewalk in the vicinity, anxiously discussing the indications in favor of an early departure of the proposed expedition. They all seemed desirous of sailing immediately, but spoke wrathfully and indignantly of the official interference which had marred their arrangements and caused their detention. Some of them thought that there was still an opportunity for them to leave, and that they would be enabled to embark on their steamer and proceed to Cuba on Thursday night next. None of them were able to tell the name of the vessel or give her present place of anchorage; they all believed, however, that she was stationed somewhere in the Lower Bay; and that they would be conveyed on board by steamtugs. The scanty information they possessed about her was derived from the organizers of the expedition, who evidently kept the main facts to themselves, for fear that they would be confided to persons inimical to the revolutionary cause.

Several men supposed to belong to the latter class, and to be in the employ of Spanish agents, have recently been seen lurking around the central headquarters, regarding the building with suspicious scrutiny and endeavoring to obtain particulars concerning the movements of the volunteers. They were as vigilantly watched in return, however, by the Cuban spies, and were followed wherever they went, in some cases narrowly escaping personal injury. In one or two instances they were caught inside the headquarters, and were "bonneted" and otherwise maltreated. Two very obnoxious alleged Spanish detectives, whose investigations have been very sharp and injurious, were approached yesterday by the recruits, who wanted to inveigle them into the headquarters and keep them imprisoned there until the expedition sailed. All sorts of pretexts were made to induce them to enter the building, but without success.

The headquarters, which are located at the large granite building, No. 51 Houston-street, formerly used as a church, has been the main secret gathering-place for the recruits and organizers of the expedition for some time past. The drilling was conducted in a capacious room on the second floor, on the Mott-street side of the building, which is now known as the "New-York Casino." Rations were served out there, also; and at night it was used as a bunk-room. Nearly two hundred men were assembled there, not long ago, receiving instruction in the "School of the Soldier" and more advanced military tactics, of which most of them exhibited considerable knowledge, acquired during service in the late war. The recruits were principally Americans and Germans, including many very young men, whose appearance denoted that they united in the dangerous undertaking because of a want of some better or more remunerative occupation. The drillmasters were Captains PETERS, VON STERNBERG, ACKERMAN and others, who were understood to be directly under the authority of Colonel RYAN.

No Cubans were permitted to rendezvous at these headquarters, they being kept by themselves at another recruiting depot, and having Cuban officers to command them. Money was very lavishly distributed among the recruits by the members of the Cuban Junta, who are said to have a large amount of funds deposited under guard at a store in Murray-street. The Junta expect to use, or have already used, a great portion of these funds in making contracts for arms and ammunition, purchasing supplies of uniforms, and in securing vessels to convey the troops to Cuba. It is believed that they have expended enormous sums in carrying out their designs; and that they have afforded an excellent opportunity to contractors for speculation.

It is now reported to be the intention of the Junta to substitute new officers for the proposed expedition for the present officers, in case the latter are compelled to abandon their positions through the action of the Government. The latter will probably be unable to obtain their release from bail, so that they will necessarily have to remain in this City, or else forfeit large amounts of money through their bondsmen. The volunteers are known to be impatient to start on their voyage of invasion, and the Junta will doubtless endeavor to satisfy them at the earliest moment, not even hesitating to sacrifice their leaders so that they may be enabled successfully to get the men off. A few evenings ago the men were promised by Colonel RYAN that they should sail on Monday evening or Tuesday at the farthest, which arrangement, of course, was destroyed by his arrest.

Among the chief officers who accompany the expedition is General GOICURIA, who is represented to be the equal of Colonel RYAN in authority. He was sojourning for a time at the Westminster Hotel, but for the past few days he has not been seen with his Cuban *confrères*. He is said to be an old and gallant fighter, who has experienced war service in South America. Colonel RYAN, the alleged organizer of the expedition, has also seen service, having, it is said, secured his title by constant fidelity and bravery as a Union scout in the Army of the Shenandoah. He claims to have forsaken two valuable quartz mines which he owned in the West for the purpose of coming here to devote himself to the cause of Cuban independence. Since his arrest he has emphatically denied that he has had anything to do with the organization of a fillibustering expedition, although he says that he deeply sympathized with the movement, and that he trusts it will be successful.

At a late hour last evening four new alleged Cuban officers made their appearance at Ludlow-street Jail, having been arrested upon warrants lately issued against the persons who are supposed to be engaged in the fitting out of an expedition in this City for the invasion of Cuba. The arrests were made by Deputies from the United States Marshal's Office, acting under the directions of DAVIS, the reputed "Spanish spy," lately deputized to watch the Cuban Junta and their agents. The four gentlemen arrested were Captain F. W. CONANT, who was distinguished during the war as the Commander of a battery in the Army of the Potomac; Dr. J. H. MORRIS, Dr. E. W. DU BOSE and Dr. FREDERICK J. MCNULTY. The two latter were connected with the Confederate service; one serving as chief medical officer on BEAUREGARD'S staff, and the other being a member of "Stonewall" JACKSON'S command. They were all taken on Broadway, near Bleecker-street. They were represented to be engaged in organizing a Cuban regiment at No. 636 Broadway. Just previous to their arrival six "suspected" Cuban sympathizers hazarded a visit to the jail to confer with some friends, but fortunately got away without being recognized. Several prominent members of the Cuban Junta were on the outside of the building at the same time, but they suddenly disappeared when it became known that there was danger of being captured. It was expected that President LEMUS and his associates on the Junta Committee would be brought to the prison during the night.

Colonel RYAN, who was among the prisoners, expressed the utmost indignation at being kept in confinement, despite his offers to give any amount of *bona fide* bail. He positively contradicted the statement that he was seen at the Junta rooms, No. 71 Broadway, and at the recruiting depot, No. 636 Broadway, shortly, or at any time after his first arrest. He also denied that he had made an address to the Cuban volunteers, or that he had in any way been engaged in the formation of a Cuban expedition. He hopes to be released to-day, being confident that the District-Attorney has no substantial proof upon which to hold him.

ERIE RAILROAD.

Statement of the Officers of the Road in Regard to Recent Accidents.

The accidents which have from time to time occurred on the Erie Railroad are doubtless fresh in the minds of our readers. An explanation of the causes of these accidents has been offered by the officers of the road. Of the terrible disaster at Carr's Rock, in April, 1868, they say the popular idea has been, and still is, that this slaughter was caused by a defective rail. From the fact that many thieves were on the ground who were known not to have been on the train, the great number of the dead and wounded who were robbed, the subsequent finding of certain articles in the hands of suspected parties, convinced at least one man that the accident at Carr's Rock was not the result of a defective rail, but a deliberate attempt at murder for the purpose of plunder. Acting upon this theory, and having placed at his disposal every possible facility by the managers of the road, the matter has undergone a thorough investigation under the direction of one skilled in the detection of crime. Night and day, for ten months, suspected parties have been under the closest surveillance. Twelve men have been engaged in this work. In the meantime two similar attempts have been made, but through the vigilance of those having the matter in charge no damage has resulted from these last attempts. At last, on the 2d day of June, sufficient evidence having accumulated to hope for a conviction, the suspected man, JOHN BOWEN by name, was arrested and confined in the county jail at Milford, Pike County, Penn. After being confined fifteen days BOWEN confessed his guilt. He is now awaiting the action of the Grand Jury, which meets at Milford in September.

Military Reconnoissance of the Region South and East of White Pine.

An important order has been issued by Major-General ORD, commanding the Department of California, for a thorough and careful reconnoissance of the district of country to the south and east of White Pine, as follows:

HEADQUARTERS,
DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA,
SAN FRANCISCO, June 7, 1869.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 94.—By authority from Headquarters Military Division of the Pacific, Lieutenant GEORGE H. WHEELER, United States Engineers, will proceed, with his civil assistants and three enlisted men, to either Camps Halleck or Ruby, Nevada, and having been joined by Lieutenant D. W. LOCKWOOD, United States Engineers, now *en route via* Fort Churchill, will there organize a party, to consist of two non-commissioned officers and twenty-three enlisted men, (cavalry or infantry mounted,) such drivers, packers and guides as may be required, equip them with the necessary full and complete outfit, as the resources of the posts will enable him so to do; after which he will proceed *via* the White Pine District to make a thorough and careful military reconnoissance of the district of country to the south and east of White Pine, extending his reconnoissance, if practicable, as far as the head of navigation on the Colorado River, with a view of opening a road thereto from White Pine to Grant District, of obtaining correct data for a military map of the country and for the selection of the site or sites for such military post or posts to cover the mining country south and east of White Pine from hostile Indians, as may be required. Such explorations and examinations as may be necessary will be made in reference to the physical geography of the country, its resources in wood, water, agricultural or military productions.

The character, habits and numbers of Indian tribes and their disposition towards settlers and and miners will be subjects for investigation.

Upon his return, he will make a detailed report upon the results of the expedition, accompanied by a map and sub-reports of assistants.

By command of

Brevet Major-General ORD.

JOHN P. SHERBURNE, Assistant Adjutant-General.

The district which it is intended to explore has been prospected by miners to a certain extent, but comparatively little is known of its topography or resources. It is generally supposed to be barren, rocky, almost destitute of trees, and very sparsely watered, and the reconnoissance of this region by an expedition under control of experienced army officers will be of great benefit. Professor WALKER, an eminent naturalist, who was with KANE'S Arctic expedition, will accompany the party, and several prominent citizens will also go with the troops, in all about fifty.

The Connecticut State Treasurer's Accounts.

From the Hartford Post, June 21.

Mr. MOSELEY, late State Treasurer, has made good his account with the State by paying over the sum of $2,525 to the Treasury, that being the amount received by him as interest on the State deposits and on certain loans of the State funds made by him to individuals. The payment was made on Saturday. Of this amount $2,100 was received as interest on deposits and the balance on individual loans. It was Mr. MOSELEY'S habit to replace funds loaned from the Treasury to individuals, with his own check, and upon being questioned he said he supposed he was entitled to the interest received on such loans; to the other sums, received as interest on deposits, he made no claim at all, but said he never had had but one opinion on the subject, and that was that the money belonged to the State. The exposure of the transaction came through an examination of the Trust Company's books by the National Bank Commissioner after Mr. HASTINGS' defalcation was discovered. It appeared that the Trust Company had paid the Treasurer interest on deposits, of which no account was made on the Treasury books, and on the investigation which followed the facts as we have stated them came out.

The Committee on Finance found in the course of their inquiry that the bulk of the deposits were with the Mercantile Bank, but could not ascertain that any interest had been paid thereon. Upon Mr. MOSELEY'S accession to office he found the State deposits about equally divided among all the Hartford banks except the Mercantile, and none of them paying interest thereon. The reason for this was that at the beginning of the war all the Hartford banks, except the Mercantile, united in advancing money to the State for war purposes when the State was in sore need of it. A little later, when money accumulated in the Treasury, it was thought no more than a fair return to the banks which had helped the State when in trouble, that they should have the benefit of the deposits. The account was accordingly divided among them, and no interest received on the deposits. Mr. MOSELEY finding this state of things, at once transferred the whole account to the Mercantile Bank—which was, to say the least, doing a handsome thing for that institution. The Committee could not find, however, that a penny of interest had been received by the Treasurer for the account.

Treasurer NICHOLS has made an arrangement with the banks whereby the State is to receive 4 per cent. on the deposits, and it is believed that the amount so received will be more than sufficient to meet all the expenses of the Treasurer's office

SOUTH AMERICA.

Progress of the Struggle Between Paraguay and the Allied Powers—The Cordoba Industrial Exhibition—Local Travel and its Pleasures—Chances of Reform.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BUENOS AYRES, Friday, May 14, 1869.

The struggle between Paraguay and the Allies is about to assume a more energetic character. Since the taking of Asuncion, the army has, in effect, done nothing. There is such a marked disinclination for work that it looks as though the fortune-hunters connected with the army through the Commissary's Department, and otherwise, have procured its unaccountable delays. The change from idleness to activity is owing to the arrival of the new Commander-in-Chief, Comte D'EU. He was received with great *éclat* by all the superior officers of Brazil. Amid the thunders of cannon he proceeded to the cathedral, where they sang a *Te Deum* in gratitude for his safe arrival. This was on the 14th. On the 15th the foreign Consuls and Captains of the men-of-war went to pay their respects to him. On the 17th, he gave a grand dinner to all the superior officers of the allied army. When he reviewed the troops at Luque, he expressed himself in a complimentary manner, but afterward sent for the officers to bestow a few private words of exhortation as to their duties. He complimented and admired General MITRE, and the admiration was mutual. In these countries the business of life is to make compliments, and he who does that in the best style has the best chance of success in other affairs. The Prince has named General OSORIO to the command of the First Corps. Whatever he has done thus far seems to have given general satisfaction. Officers and men are pleased with the new sensation of activity. They are also especially pleased with the greater attention given to the hospitals. Many poor fellows, dangerously wounded, lay on stretchers, without comforts, though plenty of beds and conveniences had been sent from Rio when the army entered Asuncion. Comte D'EU has also liberated all the prisoners held for small offences at Humaita, and evacuated that ruin.

Every day brings some new account of the resources within reach of LOPEZ. The last estimate of the number of his men makes it 8,500. He is said to have a good supply of artillery. Since my last, nothing whatever has been heard of General MCMAHON.

A small Brazilian vessel loaded with cattle, and proceeding to Yebilnari, towed by a little steamer, was attacked by some Paraguayan canoes and sunk, the enemy taking possession of the steamer.

The Brazilian Admiral has gone to see if he can capture five or six small steamers belonging to LOPEZ, and said to be hidden in some of the little streams of the Upper Paraguay.

Perhaps nothing better indicates the conscious progress of a country than the careful noting of its condition and resources, shown in census-taking. The first general census ever taken in this Confederation is ordered to be completed this year.

The Great Industrial Exhibition, appointed to be held at Cordoba, is every day awaking more general attention. The Cordoneses, it seems, have reconsidered their first move, which was to ask an enormous price for the land on which to place the buildings. They now offer the ground free, and look for a wonderful dollar-harvest in return. On account of their cupidity they almost lost the chance, as it was under consideration to hold the Exhibition at Rosario. As Cordoba is the terminus of the Central Argentine Railway, an elegant banquet was given to the Commissioners of the Exhibition by the great contractor, Mr. WHEELWRIGHT.

CORDOBA INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

The Central Argentine Railway Company, according to its stipulations with the Government, is to receive the league of land adjoining the road on each side, through its whole extent. On the part of the Company every condition has been fulfilled. The road is pronounced by the Government engineers sent to examine it, even better than the terms of the contract require, and promises are as plentiful as "the leaves in Vallambrosa," but the titles to the land are not forthcoming. The cars now run to Villa Nueva, and the road is nearly in working order for some leagues further on.

LOCAL TRAVEL.

At Villa Nueva the traveler finds a cabin used as a hotel, with only a few more discomforts than could be found once in the shanties called hotels among the celebrated silver mines of Washoe. He is told that the diligence for Cordoba will leave at 6 o'clock in the morning, and hears with horror of two passengers last week who were on the ground one minute late and were left behind. Such a phenomenon of punctuality foreshadows some awful convulsion. However, having observed the habits of the diligences for some years, he takes heart, and about 7:30 strolls over to the corral from which his diligence starts. It is a machine apparently about 200 years of age, and seems to be a cross between a Noah's ark and a bread wagon. Fifteen or twenty *gauchos*, a dozen women, who don't comb their hair and put on their dresses until afternoon, two dozen children, and fifty dogs like the children, of all colors and sizes, come to greet him. He gets in and sits patiently until 8:30. Then he inquires meekly when they are going to start. "Oh, this moment, Señor. They are going to send for the horses immediately." He knows that the horses are half a league away, and that after they are driven in they have to be caught separately with the lasso, by the *gauchos* who serve as postilions. At a quarter before ten he hears a noise like the rout of a cavalry regiment. It is the troop of horses being driven by the shouting and swearing *gauchos* into the corral. Thence the victims of human enterprise are lassoed and led out. To the end of the short pole is fastened a long and ragged rope of hide, and to that are held by chains eight of the wildest, boniest, kickiest beasts that ever were seen. They are larger than goats certainly, but they don't come up by many inches to his idea of horses. Each postilion mounts his horse, the dogs bark, the women and children scream, the conductor blows a diabolical blast on a brass horn and we are off. The leaders are so far ahead, they hardly seem to belong to the vehicle. The eight *gauchos*, swaying up and down in the gallop, with their bright handkerchiefs flying at the back of their heads, strike the horses furiously with their leather whips, which soon set the blood running. The wild horses have never been harnessed before; kicking and plunging and falling down, and scrambling up in awful rage and terror, the shrieking of the horn, the rattling of the chains, make altogether a scene of savage activity certainly not observable anywhere near New-York. At about every three leagues the panting and bleeding beasts are changed. The sweat streams down their trembling flanks. Sometimes they drop down in their tracks when unchained from the diligence, and have to be dragged away. No *gaucho* was ever known to be tender of his horse. The Arab of the desert is not a savage. He is rather a specimen of a unique and far-descended civilization. The *gaucho* of the pampas is a mixture of the avaricious and treacherous blood of old Spain with that of the treacherous and more cowardly aborigines.

At sunset the mountains of Cordoba, twenty leagues distant, show like a blue cloud. After dark the diligence stops at a post-house. It is long and low, with floor and walls of mud. A bench built of mud, and covered with an old rag of carpet, runs along one side. The traveler is told that he may sleep there; a hole is punched through the mud wall, which will give him air when the door is shut. He don't know about sleeping; many forms of animal life may hop and crawl over him if he lies down. He asks for supper, and gets some hard dry bread, and some half-raw beef, roasted on a *gaucho's* knife, over some fire which the postilions have kindled near the highway. It ought to content him, for he pays the same as for a champagne dinner at Delmonico's. He is told to be ready to start at 3 o'clock in the morning. At 5 he hears the horn, and gets off the mud bench, makes believe to himself that washing is bad for the complexion and goes out and sits down by the fire, where the *gauchos* are roasting the flesh of some sheep they have stolen. At 7:30 the dreaded horn shrieks again, he gets up into the old ark and they are off. So does the traveler measure league after league of those wide and sunlit plains, till the life and splendor of distant cities seem like the dream of some long-passed state of being. These are the means of travel which Mr. WHEELWRIGHT is pushing aside, and SARMIENTO, who like him, is hastening the era of railroads and telegraph lines, immigration, agriculture and education.

YONKERS.

The New Warburton-Avenue Baptist Church—A Princely Gift—Meeting of the Citizens—Popular Expressions of Gratitude.

The new Warburton-avenue Baptist Church in Yonkers is something positively unique in the history of church building in New-York and vicinity. It is an elegant structure of brown freestone, built in Romanesque style, with a spire which is a rare success in American architecture, and is visible for miles up and down the Hudson. Oddly enough for a Baptist church, the spire is finished with a stone cross. What are our brethren coming to!

The audience-room, which will seat comfortably more than 1,000 people, is a complete success, being admirably planned to secure the utmost ease, both in speaking and hearing. It is tastefully and artistically ornamented. But the building also contains one of the very best Sunday school-rooms in America, and on Sunday last it was filled with over 600 children. Thus, there is a "parlor" for the social reunions of the church and congregation, a pastor's study, committee-rooms, and, in fact, all the accommodations which a church could ask for under one roof, and all arranged and prepared with the utmost elegance consistent with simplicity and good taste. But, after all, the most remarkable feature remains to be mentioned; for this superb edifice, costing, with the ground, nearly $200,000, is a gift to the church, free of debt, from two only of its members, Messrs. JAMES B. COLGATE and JOHN B. TREVOR, of the firm of TREVOR & COLGATE, the eminent New-York bankers. By this act of princely munificence these gentlemen have not only marked their devotion to their own religious views and connections, but have set an example worthy to be followed by their compeers on 'Change.

On Sunday last the new church edifice was formally dedicated, with simple and appropriate ceremonials, the services being attended by full audiences of the church and its sympathizing friends. Quite a large number were present from this City.

On Monday evening, the 21st, the new edifice was again thrown open, by general consent, for a meeting of the church and of the citizens of Yonkers, that they might, without reference to denominational distinction, express their satisfaction in receiving so desirable an addition to the best interests of the village and its people. In spite of a protracted and severe storm, a very respectable congregation assembled, and, though the rain poured without, the hearts within were cheery enough. In opening the meeting, the pastor, Mr. BEHRENDS, briefly rehearsed the spontaneous action which had led to it, and the expression on the part of citizens and members of the church or congregation, of a desire to indicate their appreciation of the liberality of their munificent townsmen. On behalf of the Committee in whose hands had been placed the supervision of the occasion, he then presented a series of resolutions, embodying the gratitude of both the church and the community to the men who had found it in their hearts to devise so princely and so induring an act of public benefaction.

The approval and adoption of the resolutions having been moved and seconded, Rev. Dr. BRIGHT, of the New-York *Examiner*, was called upon to speak in favor of the motion. We cannot give a full report of his appropriate and admirable speech, and he himself said that the very walls around him would talk with greater eloquence than he was master of, long after he and his hearers, and the generous builders themselves, should have passed away forever. This was eloquence, indeed, that could be heard so long. Recalling the Centurion of Capernaum, on whose behalf the Jewish elders interceded with the Lord on the ground that "he loveth our nation and hath built us a synagogue,"—Could not we beseech the Almighty builder, healer and Redeemer to bless those who in this day have done a nobler thing for their church than any Roman could have done for the Jews of Capernaum? If it is indeed more blessed to give than to receive, how must Mr. COLGATE and Mr. TREVOR have felt the volume of blessing which yesterday's dedication services brought to them? If David was forbidden to build the Temple because of his bloody record, it must be far better to be a man of Wall-street than "a man of war." As for those who received this splendid trust, the best use thereof would be the best gratitude, the best acknowledgment. In building this house, not only religious but social uses had been cared for. Dr. BRIGHT described, in glowing terms, the privileges attendant upon the possession of wealth by those whose minds and hearts are capable of comprehending and devising its best and noblest uses, and he knew of no nobler use for wealth than the erection of a house wherein the service of God and its attending work of beneficence might be maintained from generation to generation. He knew of no reason why the houses in which men worshipped God should not present as much of beauty and possess as much of practical convenience as those in which they themselves resided. He believed the utmost simplicity of dress and manners consistent with the richness of such architectural surroundings as these, and conceived that the reason of selecting Mr. BUTLER as the representative of the people of Yonkers on this occasion was an intention to admonish the ladies against absenting themselves from church on the ground that they had "nothing to wear."

The pastor then, with a few remarks, introduced WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER, Esq., (author of *Nothing to Wear*,) who proceeded to speak on behalf of the citizens of Yonkers. The expression of popular gratitude had been so general that anybody might feel warranted in representing it. He tendered, on behalf of their fellow-citizens, the warmest congratulations to the Baptist Church and Congregation upon this most unique and auspicious accession of prosperity. The end crowns the work. God Himself hallowed the day upon which He finished the work of building the world, and we inherit from our Heavenly Father the right to rejoice over the completion of our labors, and how much more when we have been building for His service? He was glad that the day of the Iconoclasts had gone by, and that no necessity of a protest against superstition and abuse longer prevented us from employing all of art and beauty in our Church architecture. The Puritan meeting-houses of by-gone days did "point a moral," but they could not be truly said to "adorn" anything.

Mr. BUTLER's speech was replete with eloquent reference and suggestion, and he concluded by reiterating the cordial expressions of sympathy and good will on the part of those whom he represented.

The pastor then called upon Rev. Dr. KENDRICK, of the Tabernacle Baptist Church of New-York, from which the church in Yonkers has been largely "colonized," and to which it is especially indebted for both of the liberal gentlemen whose gift was now being celebrated. Rarely, indeed, have we listened to an address so replete with—well with about everything. Good humor, wit, pathos, eloquence—it was a very gem of good taste, brotherly feeling and pleasant reminiscence. The doctor dwelt especially on the value of this great gift as an example of liberality to all the rich, and the poor as well, of not only our own but all other denominations. It was a sermon in stone, which would preach to every man who entered it or passed by it. Thus are some acts above praise, and this was one of them, and he almost feared that already too much of grateful expression had been forced upon the modest and sincere men to whom this deed was due. He feared that they might even be pained by such emphatic expressions of acknowledgment. What they had done had been done for the Master, and not for men, and their reward must come from Him, and in the consciousness of faithful stewardship.

Referring to the Tabernacle Church as "the mother," he expressed a hope that the "old lady" would one day be dressed as well as her handsome daughter. On the conclusion of Dr. KENDRICK's remarks, the vote on the resolutions was called for, and they were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted. The doxology was then sung and the congregation dispersed in excellent humor with the new church, themselves, the speakers, and, it may be, even the mother.

Flowers in Plymouth Church.

On Sunday Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, in calling attention to the Floral Concert in the church on Monday evening, which was repeated again last evening, gave an interesting and graphic history of the floral movement in his church. He said that in his youth his enjoyment of flowers was not much encouraged; but as he grew up to manhood they administered a pleasure to him such as was not derivable from any other source; and they became to him as great a means of inspiration and suggestion as fine music was to those who duly appreciated it. Under this influence he would occasionally forget the conventionalisms of society, and carry into the pulpit with him a bunch of flowers such as he had picked with his own hand before service. This had been observed by some persons in his congregation, who came to the conclusion that he had a weakness that way, and then they would occasionally get a bouquet placed in the pulpit before he reached it. This was always done, however, as if some sacred rule was being violated. Of course, there were not wanting persons to question whether it was proper to have flowers in the church. But the floral movement progressed, until a good lady, not wishing to have the practice depend upon the chance of getting the flowers in the pulpit by unobserved means, or partially so, left orders with her florist to furnish a very handsome selection of flowers every Sunday morning. This continued until others in the church thought they were entitled to the privilege of sharing in the expense of furnishing flowers. Then, about two years ago, the movement took more definite shape, and the Young People's Association assumed the responsibility. The expense was about $300 a year, and the Floral Concert was gotten up with the view of enabling the greatest number in the congregation to share in the work, and to enjoy an evening's entertainment as well. There was one lady, who had passed to her account a good Christian woman she was, who came to him once and said in a humble and somewhat hesitant tone, "I've thought about these flowers in the church for a long time; I didn't like it—didn't think it was right, but—but I've come to the conclusion that the flowers do no harm."

THE AMAND MALPRACTICE CASE.

A Man Poisoned with Carbolic Acid—Investigation by Coroner Keenan—The Accused Held for Trial.

Coroner KEENAN held an inquest, yesterday, in the case of JAMES STRAPPE, the man whose death in Bellevue Hospital ensued, as is supposed, from the effects of poison. The deceased applied to Dr. DESIRE AMAND, on Saturday, for medicine, and took a portion of it in his office at No. 142 Bleecker-street. The following evidence was elicited yesterday:

Michael P. Golden, of No. 416 Seventh-avenue, testified:—I am acquainted with deceased, who was in my employ for about eighteen months; on Saturday afternoon last I saw the deceased was sick in his room; he told me that a doctor in Bleecker-street had given him poison; I sent him to Bellevue Hospital; I afterward found in his room a bottle of medicine which deceased said a doctor had given him as an antidote to the poison.

Dr. Justus J. Spreng, of No. 172 West Thirty-second-street, testified: I am a practicing physician. Last Saturday, about two o'clock P. M., deceased called upon me, saying that he thought he was poisoned. He had called on Dr. ARMAND, in Bleecker-street, who gave him some medicine, and told him to take a tablespoonful. Deceased said he had taken "so much," pointing to the bottle, which would make about four tablespoonfuls. He had slight nausea, and once vomited. I gave him a prescription, and sent him to a drug store for the medicine. All the symptoms I saw of poisoning was a flushing of the face, a nausea, and slight vomiting. I saw him only about two minutes. He had no diarrhea. I gave him sulphate of copper, two samples; syrup ipecac one ounce; with water, two ounces; tablespoonful every twenty minutes.

Dr. R. C. M. Page, House Surgeon at Bellevue Hospital, testified: Deceased was admitted to my ward on the 19th inst., suffering with burning pains in the throat and stomach which extended more or less over the abdomen; he had diarrhœa and vomiting, the substance vomited being of a green color; he had a sense of constriction about the throat and difficulty of swallowing; had also thirst; he remained in that condition without much change until half-past twelve A. M. on the 20th inst., when he became insensible; from that time he steadily sank, until he died at forty minutes past two o'clock A. M.; I made a *post-mortem* examination of the remains, on the afternoon of the 20th; it revealed acute inflammation in the aesophagus, and patches of mucus membrane lining the aesophagus and stomach, especially along its greater connection; the other organs of the body were healthy, as well as I was able to judge; in my opinion, death was caused by some irritant poison.

Charles Rice, apothecary and chemist at Bellevue Hospital, testified: I was suddenly called on Saturday to examine the contents of a basin, and was requested to look for arsenic; I examined it very hurriedly with a view to give the proper antidote; since then I have examined a portion of the contents of the stomach of deceased, and a portion of the walls of that organ, and found no traces of arsenic; the walls of the stomach were crowded with eschors; from the appearance I am of opinion that the stomach had contained some irritant poison; I have examined the contents of a bottle, and found it to contain a mixture of carbolic acid, and probably glycerine and water; it contains enough carbolic acid to be poisonous in doses of a table-spoonful; four table-spoonfuls of this mixture I should consider a very dangerous dose; I think the mixture contains at least one-fourth of its volume of carbolic acid; a tablespoonful contains half an ounce; I think the lesions found in the stomach were caused by the carbolic acid; in the absence of any other cause for death I should say that deceased died from the effects of the carbolic acid.

The case was then given to the jury, who rendered the following verdict: "That JAMES STRAPPE came to his death by an overdose of carbolic acid, prescribed by Dr. DESIRE AMAND, of No. 142 Bleecker-street, and we find him guilty of culpable negligence in prescribing so large a quantity of the drug."

The prisoner was accordingly committed to the Tombs for trial by the Coroner. Dr. AMAND declined to make any answer to the charge by advice of his counsel.

Woman's Suffrage Association.

The National Woman's Suffrage Association held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon at the Woman's Bureau, No. 49 East Twenty-third-street. Mrs. PHELPS was in the chair, and Mrs. WILBOUR, the Secretary, read a plan of organization for pushing the movement throughout the United States.

Miss PHŒBE COZZENS, a pretty girl of twenty, much resembling ADALINA PATTI, delivered an address in opposition to the Fifteenth Amendment. She considered it an insult to the entire mass of women in the United States. It admitted to suffrage negroes, Chinese, Alaskans and every description of ignorant and imbruted male foreigners; while it excluded women from that right. Rhode Island had recently refused to ratify it, and she trusted that it would not obtain the necessary vote of three-fourths of the State Legislatures, inasmuch as it asserted in spirit, that every man, no matter how degraded, was the superior of every woman. In regard to the voting of negro men, she said that not only were white women more fitted to vote than they, but negro women as a class likewise. The speaker complained much of the laws in the Southern States, which gave a husband an entire control of his wife's earnings.

Miss SUSAN B. ANTHONY complimented Miss COZZENS and spoke to the same effect. No woman there present, could obtain money to leave the City, except that her husband accorded it, and she wished to see women all independent and earning their own support. She inferred that all the women in the meeting had come there, doubtless, without the concurrence of their husbands, and were a species of runaway slaves.

Miss COZZENS observed that she knew of at least twenty women who would go to suffrage meetings and openly advocate the cause, if it were not for the objections of their husbands.

Mrs. LIVINGSTON called up a resolution offered at a former meeting which had been tabled. It was on the subject of holding companionship outside of the Bureau with those who came to the meetings.

Miss ANTHONY said that objections had often been made to her relative to the religious creeds of certain women who attended. She cared neither for the creeds nor personal relations of those who came, so long as they met upon the basis of female suffrage, they were welcome. At a political meeting of men no foolish objections were made to those who attended, and women should be equally catholic. Miss ANTHONY added that she had received letters from Memphis, Tenn., and from various parts of Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas, desiring her to form conventions in these States. She urged contributions, and announced that a meeting would be held to-morrow (Thursday) evening, at No. 23 Avenue D, in the Seventh Congressional District, to choose delegates for the Saratoga Convention, 13th and 14th of July. Miss COZZENS, she said, would speak there, and also at another point on Friday, due notice of both of which would be given. Meetings day and evening would also be held at Syracuse July 6, for the same purpose, and at Buffalo on the 5th of July.

Mrs. Dr. Willis, Mrs. Dr. Jones, Mrs. Blake and Mrs. Wilbour spoke, and the meeting adjourned until next Tuesday, at 3:30 P. M.

Remarkable Case of Larceny.

Mr. G. C. MCCORD, of Greenville, Ill., arrived in this City at a late hour on the night of the 25th ult., when he applied for accommodations at the International Hotel, No. 162 Chambers-street, which having obtained, he asked OSCAR KUSCH, one of the waiters, if he had the key of the office safe. KUSCH replied in the affirmative, when Mr. MCCORD gave him $725 in cash, and requested that the money be placed in the safe, as well as a gold watch. The guest retired for the night, and was somewhat surprised the next morning on discovering that his money and watch had not been deposited in the safe. The proprietors of the hotel were naturally much annoyed at the occurrence, and they soon ascertained that KUSCH and another waiter named ARNOLD RITSCH had disappeared from the house. The inference naturally arose that these two men were the thieves, and the Police were accordingly notified. Superintendent KENNEDY, of this City, was on the 13th inst. much pleased by receiving a telegram from W. W. KENNEDY, Superintendent of the Chicago Police, informing him that RITSCH and KUSCH had been arrested in that city for a theft committed in New-York, (though the precise details were not known,) one of the prisoners having peached on the other. Mr. KENNEDY immediately telegraphed to Mr. MCCORD to proceed from Greenville to Chicago, in order that he might make the necessary complaint against the prisoners, in whose possession the stolen watch had been found. Since then the complainant has complied with Mr. KENNEDY's instructions, and the accused have been committed for trial by the Recorder.

Heavy Burglary at Far Rockaway.

About the latter part of September, 1868, Mr. CLARENCE SINCLAIR, of this City, vacated his Summer residence at Far Rockaway and returned to his mansion in New-York. As in former years, his Summer residence was made secure, and as no outrage had ever been attempted on it, he paid no further attention to it. Last week he made up his mind to go thither for the Summer, and ordered one of his servants to proceed to Rockaway and have the house and furniture properly cleaned for the reception of his family. The man did as directed, but on entering the house was greatly surprised to find that the greater portion of the furniture had been removed, and the remainder ready for shipment. The secure condition of the doors and windows led the man to believe that the property had been spirited away, and returning, reported the state of affairs to his master. The man's statements found easy verification upon beholding the bare floors, and imagination was at its height. The date of the robbery is not known, but it is supposed that during the Winter season the house was entered by means of duplicate keys, and the property removed at suitable intervals. The furniture stolen consisted chiefly of walnut and mahogany, with several carpets, and the loss will not fall far short of $1,000.

Wooden and Concrete Pavements.

The Chief Engineer of the Water and Sewerage Commission, Brooklyn, yesterday made the following report to the Board, which was adopted:

"The Nicolson pavement is too well known to require comment. It is extending in use in the Western cities, and although from the nature of the material, it cannot be expected to last as long as stone, yet its other acknowledged advantages commend themselves to a large class of our citizens.

The A. Miller pavement possesses, in my opinion, peculiar advantages over the Nicolson, as will be explained more particularly and at length hereafter, and I think the Board will be justified in adopting it, whenever they may have determined to use wooden pavement, as being equal at least to the Nicolson.

The McKenzie pavement has some merit, but it has some of the defects of the Nicolson to a greater degree than the latter, which may prove in practice to counterbalance its other advantages. A practical test is needed before its claims to being an improvement on the first-named pavements can be admitted.

The Williams pavement has an advantage in that it is prepared to be laid on a bed of concrete. It comprises in fact the concrete and wooden pavements, with a consequently increased cost. The merit claimed in the key of bituminous concrete is a fallacy, in my judgment, and is so far an experiment that until tested in practice I could not recommend the adoption of the plan by the Board. The Miller pavement, with inclined blocks, experience has shown to be inferior to plans with the piles placed vertically, and is probably the least to be commended of any plan submitted to the Board.

Of the concrete pavements I have no evidence that either the Fiske or the Scrimshaw has any advantages, the one over the other. This pavement is extending abroad, but it has the merit in France of being composed of the native asphalt, which is not found in our country; and the imitations of it, composed of tar and gravel, it is known are very inferior to the native material. Laid on the present cobble pavement, properly repaired, it may give good results. The Hoyt pavement is a mere experiment, and possesses no merit that I can perceive over the Fiske or Scrimshaw. Neither of this nor of the remaining plans submitted have I sufficient evidence before me to justify my recommending them to the Board at this time. Respectfully submitted,

JULIUS W. ADAMS, Chief Engineer.

Boat Racing.

A lively and well-contested boat race came off yesterday between ROBERT ELLIS, of the Excelsior Boat Club, and MICHAEL GLENNY, of the McK. Club, of Harlem, on the old Empire Course, the distance being five miles from a stake-boat at the foot of Ninety-third-street to a stake-boat off One Hundred and Sixteenth-street, the course being rowed over twice. The start was made at 5:9, both men getting away together, but ELLIS soon took a decided lead of nearly a boat's length, which he maintained until coming back to Ninety-second-street on the first round, when he lost way by keeping too close to Ward's Island. GLENNY passed first, but ELLIS soon caught up, and led to the end of the race, coming in a winner by twelve lengths. The race was fairly and keenly contested throughout, both men doing their best; and an immense concourse of people assembled to witness it.

Eighth-Avenue Railroad Drivers.

Last Friday week the drivers on the Eighth-avenue Railroad line sent a petition to Mr. H. B. WILSON, the Superintendent, for an addition of 25 cents a day to their wages of $2 25. They set forth the fact that they worked about fourteen hours in the twenty-four; that they found difficulty in supporting their families on the money received, and that several other City railroad lines were now paying $2 50 to their drivers. Mr. WILSON received the petition cordially, expressed his good-will and promised to lay the matter before the directors. In answer to inquiries subsequently made, he stated that no reply had been received, as yet, from those gentlemen, but that he anticipated a speedy action on the subject. The men, in the meantime, are patiently waiting and do not as yet threaten a strike.

Board of Police Commissioners.

A stated and regular meeting was held yesterday by the Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners, when they passed a resolution ordering the Superintendent to obtain from each of the several Captains in the Department a list of the names of the patrolmen who have been detailed on what is known as "excise duty" during the past sixty days. The Captains will be required to state in their reports the date of the assignments, and whether they have excused these men from the performance of regular patrol duty, and if so, for what period of time such excuse has been granted. This action has been induced, it is understood, by the belief that there have been a larger number of men placed on this special duty than is compatible with the interests of the Department. After deciding upon a number of transfers of patrolmen, the Board found no other business to transact and adjourned.

Assaulting a Revenue Officer.

Mr. JEROME B. WASS, an Assistant Assessor in the Third Collection District in Brooklyn, followed a truck with five barrels of whisky from the City of Churches over to this side, yesterday afternoon, and finally attempted to seize the property as contraband. When he did so, however, three men committed a sudden and ferocious assault upon him. Mr. WASS resisted as well as he was able, and succeeded, with the aid of the Police, in arresting two of the ruffians, who gave their names as THOS. JOHNSON and JAMES CASSIDY. Both were subsequently arraigned before the Magistrate, and committed for trial. The driver of the truck escaped with the whisky during the confusion attending the assault.

Serious Accident at the Williamsburg Ferry.

About 8 o'clock yesterday morning, Rev. W. C. VAN METER, late of the Howard Mission, while stepping aboard the ferry-boat at South Seventh-street, Williamsburg, slipped on an orange peeling, and falling heavily, fractured his left thigh, beside severely injuring his head. He was taken to his residence, No. 67 South Eighth-street, Williamsburg, and medical attendance called. At a late hour yesterday afternoon the physicians were unable to decide as to the extent of his injuries, but it is feared that one or more ribs are broken and the spine injured.

The Queens County Horticultural Exhibition.

The long-anticipated horticultural exhibition of the Queens County Agricultural Society takes place to-day, on the fair grounds at Mineola. In addition to the regular attractions of flowers and fruit, there will be a grand trial of velocipedes, for which premiums amounting to $105 have been offered as follows: For the fastest riding, one mile, $20; for the most skillful riding, $10; for the most graceful, $10; for the slowest, $10; for the best riding by a boy under 12 years, $10; for the fastest time made by amateurs, $10. Other premiums are offered for the best machines. Special trains are to be run on the Long Island Railroad, to give every one an opportunity of visiting the exhibition.

Confirmation of Fifty Persons at Little Neck, L. I.

On Sunday evening last Bishop LITTLEJOHN visited Little Neck for the purpose of administering the rite of confirmation. After a very impressive discourse, which was listened to with great attention by the large audience present, some fifty candidates came forward and were confirmed. Zion Church, in which the services were held, was decorated in a most beautiful manner.

East Side Association.

The following officers were elected yesterday evening by the East Side Association, for the ensuing year. The polls were open at the corner of Eighty-sixth-street and Third-avenue, from 6 to 9 P. M.:

President, CHARLES CRARY; Vice-President, George W. Beale; Secretary, J. E. Brush; Treasurer, C. E. Quackenbush; Trustees, A. P. Arnold, William A. Whitbeck, Jacob Dunn, C. E. Quackenbush, Stephen Upson, William Rutter, Noyes Streeter, Jr., J. E. Brush, Robert Ward, and a General Committee of twenty-five members of the Association.

Arrest of Lottery Dealers.

Forty warrants were issued yesterday by United States Commissioners OSBORN and SHIELDS, for the arrest of lottery dealers charged with failing to pay the special tax of $10 imposed on all persons engaged in carrying on the lottery business. CORNELIUS BLAUVELT, RANSFORD INGALLS, EDWARD MCKEE, and several others, were arrested and committed for examination, or held to bail in $1,000 each.

Probable Homicide—A Woman Fatally Injured by Another Female.

On Sunday afternoon an altercation occurred at No. 124 Sheriff-street between HENRY LEVI and JOHANNA FENTON, about private matters. While the wordy war was at its height Mrs. ROSA LEVI interfered, and endeavored to draw her husband away from Mrs. FENTON, who became so angered at her appearance on the scene that she seized a heavy water pitcher and dealt ROSA a terrific blow on the head with the improvised weapon. Mrs. LEVI was very severely and dangerously injured, insensibility soon after ensuing. Coroner SCHIRMER was notified yesterday of the critical condition of the woman, and proceeded to her residence in order to take her *ante-mortem* statement. On his arrival the Coroner found Mrs. LEVI still unconscious, and was content to instruct the physicians attending her that they must notify him of her regaining her senses. The assailant, JOHANNA FENTON, was arrested at the time of the assault, and remains in custody to await the result of the injuries she has inflicted.

Westchester County.

Pelham-avenue, now being laid out, and opened from Pelham bridge to the railroad depot at Fordham, will be 100 feet wide, and the Commissioners have decided to lay out a sidewalk on each side twenty feet wide; and also contemplate obtaining authority to plant shade trees along the centre of each sidewalk, and form a sloping lawn of the sidewalk between the shade trees and the gutter or edge of the carriage road. The distance between Fordham and Pelham bridge by the present circuitous route is about seven miles, while by the new avenue, it will be less than three miles, and will also open a new, and much shorter route to City Island.

Connecticut.

The tax-payers of Norwalk, at a town meeting, held a few days ago, authorized the Selectmen to lay out a new highway from East-avenue to the Westport road, at a point below the railroad track.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS FOR WEDNESDAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Mullen, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
1126—Kelly, Sheriff, &c. vs. Manhattan Ins. Co.
993—Tag vs. Strauss et al.
564—Baltimore and Cuba Mining and Smelting Company vs. Holmes et al.
1006—Seely vs. Steele et al.
1337—Gilbert vs. Burra Burra Copper Co. of Tennessee.
1091—Schurman et al. vs. Ritter.
1165—Davis vs. Fuller.
340—Wood vs. Lefferts.
1729—Greener vs. Orth et al.
1227—De Castro vs. Knox.

Nos.
1436—Starr vs. Faller.
1116—Welsh vs. Spaulding et al.
90—Geipecke et al. vs. Quintell.
498—Howe vs. Warren.
632—Stevens vs. Boston, N. Y. and N. S. B. Company.
4910—Marley vs. Pell.
730—Branch vs. Barnes, Jr.
640—Bliven et al. vs. Mallory.
1316—Williams vs. Ely.
892—Walker et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Ingraham, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Calendar called at 12 M.

Nos.
19—Myers vs. Ridgway.
20—Weehawken Docks vs. Cozzens.
23—Gessell vs. Gessell.
26—Laiermor vs. Wright.
36—Martines vs. Wadsworth.

63—Lord vs. Johnston.
75—Kemble vs. Henry.
77—Weed, Jr., vs. Baker.
78—Same vs. Same.
82—Kirby vs. Harris.

Call. No. 113—Monach Gold and Silver Mining Co. vs. Smith.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Fithian, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
1033—Richmond vs. Montgomery.
1019—Bernstein vs. Sweeney.
985—Diamond vs. O'Brien.
953—Kelly vs. Dowdell.
1031—Baird vs. Third-av. Savings Bank.
131—Adolph vs. Walker.
1035—Benner vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.
467—Baird et al. vs. Satterlee.

Nos.
1093—Johnson vs. Hudson River Railroad Co.
1015—Schaefer vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.
1005—Melling vs. Buttre.
993—Heimburg vs. Ismay.
599—Bank of New-Haven vs. Dart et al.
1755—Conn, Executrix, vs. Coleman.
763—Roediger vs. McIntyre.

Part II.—Held by Barbour, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
730—Crowley et al. vs. McKnight.
1038—Grimm vs. Miller.
1040—Mason vs. Bendall.
526—Riley vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.
29—Daniels vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
872—Millan vs. Graham.
874—Domingue vs. Graham.

Nos.
839—Dominguez vs. Graham.
800—Geller vs. Theiss.
1026—Scheidler vs. Blaum.
1048—Dunham vs. Billings.
812—Tuttle vs. St. John.
1032—Shettmatter vs. Shettmatter.
566—Goodenough Horse Shoe Co. vs. Grocers' Fire Ins. Co.
1056—Hebart vs. Schiebel.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Calendar called by Curtis, J., at 10 A. M.

Nos.
3234—Morgan vs. Stimpson.
3036—Britto vs. Mark.
2912—Culbert vs. Ray.
3100—Darling vs. McFadden.
3134—Hartog vs. DeKivas.
3135—Same vs. Same.
3169—Rafferty vs. Broadway & 7th-av. R. R.
3215—Byos vs. Adams.
3221—Ferguson vs. Kiernan.
3224—Oakley vs. Hunter.
3225—Bishop vs. Adler.
3203—Ehrlich vs. Cooper.
3204—Heilpern vs. Same.
——Cheshire Barytes Co. vs. Luttgen.
——White vs. Jones.

Nos.
3244—Weiss vs. Boehm.
3245—Prince vs. Bolte.
3246—Durnin vs. Brett.
3247—Selling vs. Ashmann.
3248—Hoffman vs. Rindskopf.
3249—Clark vs. Smith.
3250—Lyon vs. Burger.
3251—Ferris vs. Fieney.
3252—Hellman vs. Oberstetter.
3253—Friburg vs. Keyser.
3254—Thiers vs. McArthur.
3255—Bradley vs. Marsh.
3257—Dodge vs. Leland.
3258—Larman vs. Pennefather.
3259—Gannon vs. Kolle.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by John K. Hackett, Recorder—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Samuel Lang, (continued,) arson.
James Brooks and Joseph Hayes, rape.
Florence Wahrneder, grand larceny.
James O'Connell, felonious assault and battery.
John Roach *alias* Johnny the Greek, and James McConnell, larceny from the person.
Adam Eisenheimer, assault with intent to maim and kill.
Thomas Nolan, burglary.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—BROOKLYN—JUNE 23.

Nos.
102—McName vs. Engle.
104—Henson vs. Walker.
106—Welch vs. Sage.
8—Gill vs. McName.
24—Ballard vs. Dowden and Cole and Murphy.
70—Doherty vs. Sackendorf.
82—Connelly vs. Campbell.
46—Ward vs. Ward.
63—Thompson vs. Goodwin.

Nos.
85—Baldwin vs. Sheridan.
88—Loder vs. Hughes.
35—Smith vs. Jones.
35½—————.
37½—————.
59—Fairbanks vs. Harris.
71—Miller vs. Lowarstein.
86—Foster vs. Lynch.
108—McCormick vs. McBride.
111—Gluckan vs. Gray.
112—Zandt vs. Carlin.

CITY COURT, BROOKLYN—JUNE 23.

Nos.
65—Wynne vs. Hahn.
21—Flanagan vs. The Erie Basin Dry Dock Co.
22—Fox vs. Immerschitt.
24—Cassidy vs. Catherwood.
34—Diethey vs. Duryea.
35—Rooney vs. Bender.
40—Foubert vs. McCann.
55—Hamilton vs. Quilzow.
79—Burrows vs. Cathcart.
88—Sweet vs. Strauss.
99—Scott vs. Schildmacher.

Nos.
6—Sutton vs. Ballard.
30—Rooney vs. Bender.
59—McCallen vs. McGovern.
67—Goedeke vs. Campbell.
83—Orf vs. Reiss.
90—Van Pelt vs. Leary.
96—Boynton vs. Hatch.
97—Same vs. Same.
117—Black vs. Auger.
124—Noonan vs. Richardson.
129—Ellis vs. Miller.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Justice Ingraham.

In re. E. W. Smith; in re. B. R. Alden; in re. Louisa C. Wood, &c. See memoranda.

Chas. F. Gatzen *vs.* Ann M. Gatzen; Sophia E. Compton *vs.* Laurence B. Compton; Philip Ripley *vs.* Ella A. Ripley; reports confirmed and divorces granted.

Dobson, &c., *vs.* Smith et al.; reference ordered to ascertain what, if anything, is due to Levier & Ham, for fees, &c., that is a lien on the papers and to report.

Shea *vs.* Richardson et al.; Hoyt et al. *vs.* Joselyn; Travelers Insurance Co. *vs.* Foot et al.; Russell *vs.* Meylert; Olwell et al. *vs.* Devereux; Rose et al. *vs.* Kallmeyer, &c.; Syms *vs.* Birdseye; Nassau Bank *vs.* Watson; Wemys *vs.* Richardson; Culver et al. *vs.* Baltic White Lead Co.; Purssell *vs.* Sinclair; Fecheimer et al. *vs.* Benedict et al.; Rose et al. *vs.* Kallmeyer; motions granted.

Miller, Jr., *vs.* Skiff et al.; the fourth clause of answer stricken out as sham and judgment rendered on the remainder of the answer as frivolous.

Miller *vs.* Norman; Amoy *vs.* Burton; Guintal *vs.* Rupench; Chetwood et al. *vs.* Parker; motions granted and reference ordered.

Doyle, &c., *vs.* Jones; Lawless *vs.* Belmont; Husted *vs.* Frank et al.; National Mechanics' Banking Association *vs.* Freeman et al.; Cecil *vs.* Goodrich, &c.; motions denied.

Hav *vs.* Hull; motion granted so far as to allow defendant to file answer and go to trial, on payment of costs of action and motion.

Flint *vs.* Pease et al.; motion granted without stay.

Carpenter et al. *vs.* Hecatz, &c.; motion for short calendar denied, but causes may be referred.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—BROOKLYN.

Before Judge Tappen.

DECISIONS.

Mortimer E. McEntee *vs.* The New-Jersey Steamboat Company—two cases; motion for new trial and motion for stay of proceedings denied in each case; $20 costs in the aggregate to plaintiff.

John Seaman *vs.* Julia A. Seaman; motion for reference denied.

Fannie H. Studdeford *vs.* George W. Steele; motion granted to continue case over June Circuit upon condition that defendant pay term fee and $10 motion fee, and agree to an immediate reference. The parties or the Court may name referee.

The Farmers' and Citizens' National Bank *vs.* The Garner Furnace Company; Sheriff's bill taxed.

Connor *vs.* Odell; order to show cause granted.

Diblee *vs.* Hope Manufacturing Company: Receiver appointed.

Real estate of Jacob Klein, an infant; order granted.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

This Court was chiefly occupied yesterday with the case of Theodore Manson, jointly indicted with William Davis for robbery. Mr. J. F. Battenhoff, of No. 51 Delancey-street, was the complainant; and testified that while he was standing with a friend, at about 2 o'clock on the morning of June 12, in front of his house, Manson came up and struck him in the eye, then seized him by one of the legs, while his confederate seized the other, and pulled him down six steps to the sidewalk. He was then robbed of $350 by his assailants, who were three in number. Two of them were arrested, but the third escaped. Mr. Henry Gunzer testified that he was the friend who was standing near the complainant when the latter was assaulted, and that he (the witness) was also knocked down. He identified the accused. Officer Drought testified that he arrested the accused. The prisoner was placed upon the stand by his counsel, Judge Stewart, and declared that he and Davis, on the night in question, asked the complainant the number of the house, when an insulting answer was returned, and he struck the man in the eye; one of the complainants tried to kick him, and he seized him by the leg and threw him down. The jury, after an absence of an hour, returned to Court and declared that they could not agree on a verdict. They were discharged.

SENTENCE OF A BURGLAR.

Alfred W. Alexander pleaded guilty of burglary, and said to the Judge: "For God's sake, have mercy on me!" He was sent to the State Prison for three years.

A CHARGE OF ARSON.

The next case brought to trial was that of Samuel Long, a colored man, charged with arson. It was alleged that on the 6th of June he went to the room of Sarah Brandon, a colored woman residing at No. 51 Laurens-street, with whom he had previously been very intimate, and set fire to her bed. Several witnesses testified to the same effect and the case was adjourned until to-day.

John Murphy and John O'Neill, for petty larceny, were sentenced to Blackwell's Island for six months each.

POLICE COURTS.

The Tombs—Dowling, Justice.

A BURGLARY.

On Monday night Officer Groden, of the First Ward, discovered that the shoe shop of George Craig, in the basement of building No. 95 Beaver-street, had been entered by burglars, who had broken the glass in the door and twisted off the knob. The officer, in the course of his investigations, noticed a man who gave the name of John McCormick loitering about the neighborhood in a suspicious manner. He immediately accused McCormick of the burglary, and after arresting him took his prisoner into the counting-room of a newspaper establishment, where the fellow admitted his guilt, and surrendered $29 worth of shoes that he had carried away from Craig's store. When arraigned before the Magistrate yesterday the prisoner was fully committed for trial.

Essex Market—Shandley, Justice.

BURGLARY.

William Fuller, aged 23, residing at No. 121 East Eleventh-street, was arraigned before Judge SHANDLEY yesterday morning. Patrick Cunningham charged him with having broken into his liquor store, No. 82 First-avenue, on the night of the 21st June, and in company of another man, Benjamin Brindley, taking from complainant's money drawer the cash therein. Fuller pleaded guilty to the charge, and the men are held to answer in default of $2,000 each.

LARCENY FROM THE PERSON.

Yesterday morning, at the Essex Market Police Court, Roderick Lattery, of No. 3 Canal-street, accused James Story of having stolen from him $45, while complainant was intoxicated. The theft was committed in the saloon at No. 33 Bayard-street, the proprietor of which, named Myers, testified to having seen the prisoner take the money. Held to bail in $500.

DISHONEST EXPRESSMAN.

Terence McCormick, an expressman, was employed April 6, by Geo. A. Latourette, who resides at No. 2 Bond-street, to carry a trunk contang clothing and bank notes to the amount of $424, from Mercer-street to No. 156 East Houston-street. From that time until yesterday the plaintiff did not see expressman or trunk. Meeting Terence in Bleecker-street yesterday Mr. Latourette had him arrested and brought before Justice SHANDLEY, who committed him for trial.

Jefferson Market—Dodge, Justice.

OBTAINING MONEY BY FRAUD.

D. H. Van Herman, a broker, aged 50 years, and residing at No. 101 East Twentieth-street, was brought before Justice DODGE at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, charged with obtaining money fraudulently. Leo Blum, of the firm of A. Blum, Jr. & Co., liquor merchants at No. 96 Bowery, testified that on the 1st of June the prisoner presented a check to him pretending that the same was genuine, and had been drawn on the Hanover National Bank of the State of New-York by Jno. C. Burns. Crediting this statement deponent advanced the prisoner $40 in cash, and took the check, which was drawn for $117 90 in payment for some liquors. On presenting the paper at the bank deponent discovered that no such person as Burns had any account there, and that the check was entirely worthless. Since the transaction Mr. Blum deposed that the accused (Van Herman) had introduced himself to two other parties under another name. Judge DODGE held the prisoner in default of $1,500.

Before Justice Ledwith.

RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY.

On Sunday A. O. Salter, of the Coleman House, corner of Broadway and Twenty-seventh-street, made an affidavit before Justice LEDWITH that Mrs. Teresa Lynch purchased various articles of jewelry and a ace shawl, of the total value of $712, with the full knowledge that they were stolen property. They had been taken from the apartments of Mrs. Salter at the above-named hotel by the notorious hotel thief Mrs. Mary C. Miller, who is at present in durance vile, having been arrested last May for some of her business operations. The accused acknowledged to Officers McGowan and McCarthy that she had received the goods and paid $185 for them. Further examination in the case will be had on the 29th of June.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—JUNE 22, 1869.

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$10,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C. 121⅛
73,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new 119½
15,500 U.S. 5-20 C., '67.c 119½
20,000 do 119⅝
3,500 U. S. 5s, 10-40, C.c 108
20,000 Tenn. St. 6s, n. 61
5,000 do....bet. call 60⅞
21,000 Tenn. S. 6s, x c. bet. call 63
9,000 N. C. S. 6s, new. 55½
10,000 South Car. 6s, n bet. call 70½
10,000 do 70⅝
5,000 Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jos. Is. 92
1,000 Mo. St. 6s 91⅞
3,000 do 92
5,000 Va. St. 6s, ex c. 56⅝
5,000 do...bet. call 57
2,500 N. Y. St. 6s, '74. 102
10,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s '87 91
1,000 Erie 3d M. 88¼
1,000 Harlem 1st M. 100½
2,000 Chi. & N. W. 1st. 91
4,000 Tol. & W. 1st. 92
3,000 Del., L. & W. 1st 98
3,000 H. & St. J. con. 123
4,000 Chi. & Alt. 1st M 104
2,000 M. & St. P. 1st. 93½
1,000 M. & S. P. 7 3-10 Con. 93
10,000 Col., C. & Ind. Cen. 1st M. 83½
1,000 Am. D. & Imp. Co. 7s. 96½
9 Continental Bk. 102½
20 Shoe & Leath'r Bk 132
5 Fourth N. Bk. 107½
15 Ninth Nat. Bank 116
6 D. & H. Can. 130
100 Bruns. C. L. 11

100 Merch. Un. Ex. b.c 15
10 N. Y. Cen. 188
100 L. Shore & M. So. 104⅞
2100 do 105
100 do 105⅛
400 do 105¼
500 do 105⅜
1000 do....c 105¼
100 Ill. Cen. 143¼
1100 Clev. & Pitts. 95¼
500 do 95⅛
400 Mil. & St. P. Pf. 85
300 do 85⅛
100 T., W. & W. 68⅛
400 Chi. & N. W. 78¼
2200 do 78⅜
500 do....c 78¼
500 do....c 78⅛
500 do 78⅛
15 C., C., Cin. & Ind. 73
500 Chi. & N. W. Pf. 94½
100 do 94⅝
100 Chi. & R. I. R. 116¾
2500 do 117
100 do....b10 117¼
80 do 117¼
300 do....b15 117⅜
100 Mil. & St. P. 72¼
300 do 72½
100 do 72⅝
200 P., Ft. W. & C....c 155½
700 Ohio & Miss. 32½
25 Del., L. & W. 116½
300 New-Jersey Cen. 107
100 do 106⅞
166 do 106¾
100 do 106½
100 do....b15 107⅛
200 do....b15 107⅜
21 Morris & Essex. 89
50 Jol. & Chi. 96

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$6,000 Tenn. St. 6s. n. 60¾
20,000 do 60⅛
5,000 Tenn. S. 6s, ex c. 63
15,000 Vir. St. 6s, new 61
30,000 N. Car. 6s, new 55½
10,000 do 55¼
1,000 Chi. & N. W. 10s, Equp. Bds. 100
1,000 Col., C. & Ind. C. 1st M. 83½
6,000 Del. L. & W. 1st 98
100 Quick. Mining Co. 14⅞
300 do 15
300 Pacific Mail 86½
100 do....s30 86
50 do...bet. call 86
66 West. U. T. ex div 38
10 A. M. U. Ex. 39¾
100 do 40⅛
100 N. Y. Cen....b3 189⅝
100 do....c 189⅛
100 Hud. River...b10 160
200 do 159⅝
200 Reading 97⅞
200 do....b3 98
1500 do 98
300 L. Shore & M. S. 105⅝
1200 do 105¾
200 do....bet. call 106

5 Adams Ex. 60
50 Mich. Central 133
200 Chic. & N. W....c 78
100 do....c 78⅛
500 do 78¼
600 do 78⅛
100 do 78
100 do....b30 78¾
500 Chi. & R. I. 116⅝
500 do 116¾
200 Mil. & St. P...b60 74
100 do 72½
100 Mil. & St. P. Pf. 84¾
400 do 84½
10 C., C., Cin. & I. R. 73
100 T., W. & W. 70¼
100 do 70⅛
400 do 70
100 N. J. Central 106
200 do....b3 106⅝
50 do 107
100 do....2d call 106⅞
100 P., Ft. W. & Chi. 155½
100 H. & S. J....b. c 120⅜
100 H. & St. Jo. Pf. 120
100 do...bet. call 119⅞
300 C. C. & Ind. C. 40
100 Ohio & Miss. 32¾

SECOND BOARD—12 AND 2½ P. M.

$13,000 U. S. 6s. '81, C. 121¼
20,000 do 121⅜
7,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '62. 116⅞
6,500 U. S. 5-20 C., '62. 122½
10,000 do....b15 122⅝
10,000 do....b30 122¾
4,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '64. 117½
21,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new 119⅝

$25,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65. 118⅝
10,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '65, new 115⅜
45,000 do 115½
10,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67, 119⅝
25,000 do 119¾
100,000 do 119⅝
17,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40, R. 107¾
2,000 U. S. 6s Cur. 106½

NEW NATIONAL BOARD—NOON.

200 Amer. Mer. Ex. 40⅛
200 do 40¼
100 Pacific Mail 86¼
100 do 86⅛
100 Hudson R....b3 157½
100 do 157⅜
1000 Reading 97½
200 do 97⅝
100 Mich. Cen. 134½
100 do 134
200 Mich. Southern 104¾
200 do 104⅝

100 Illinois Cent. 143½
100 do....b3 143½
100 N. W. Com. 78
100 do 78⅛
100 do 78¼
100 N. W. Com. Pref. 93⅝
100 do 93¾
100 do....b3 93¾
100 Chic. & R. I. 116⅝
100 do 116¾
100 do....b3 116¾

TUESDAY, June 22—P. M.

Public confidence seemed strengthened considerably by the announcement of the modification in the financial policy of Secretary BOUTWELL to the effect that after the 1st of the coming month of July, the Secretary of the Treasury will buy a million of United States Five-twenties and sell a million of Gold, each alternate week, until further notice, beginning the purchase of a million of Five-twenties on Thursday, the 1st of July, and the sale of a million of Gold, on Thursday, the 8th of July. The announcement was interpreted as favorable to buoyancy in financial values, and was promptly followed by a rally in the Board and Street dealings in the Public Funds, as also in Railway and Miscellaneous Share values, notwithstanding the continued activity in Money, which was quoted most pointedly against the borrowing interest about the close of bank hours. The extremes on call loans were from 7 ₽ cent. currency to a few prominent dealers in Government securities, to as high as ⅛ ₽ cent. ₽ day to the neediest of the Stock Brokers. The bulk of the business with responsible Stock Exchange borrowers was transacted on the basis of seven ₽ cent. gold ₽ annum, with, in some instances, a slight fractional commission added. The Discount market was very flat, and rates were nominal. The City Bank Exchanges were $128,150,519, and the resulting balances $3,927,537. The United States Sub-Treasury closed the day with a cash balance of $86,029,923, showing a further gain of about a million since yesterday.

The day's business, at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $2,370,692; total payments, $1,357,527; balance, $86,029,923. The receipts include for Customs, $317,000; for Gold Notes, $239,000.

Government Securities opened quite briskly and generally at an advance of ⅛@½ ₽ cent. on the closing figures of yesterday; but with the increasing activity in Money through the afternoon, the business fell off, and prices yielded slightly, though the offerings of Bonds were very limited.

A substantial rise in Railway and Miscellaneous Share values has been noted, though there have been frequent fluctuations, in sympathy with the varying conditions of the Money market for the Street operators. The dealings were on a more extensive scale, and the general market closed strong, particularly so for New-York Central. The exceptional feature of weakness was Pacific Mail, which was pressed for sale. At the close late in the afternoon the dealings became dull, though all the Railway quotations show an advance as compared with Saturday, as follows:

	Monday.	Tuesday
United States 10-40s	108	108⅛
United States 5-20s of 1862	122	122½
United States 5-20s of 1867	119⅝	119½
American Gold Coin	137	137¼
Bills on London, 60 days	109½	109½
New Bonds of Tennessee	60½	60⅛
Virginia Bonds, old	61¼	57¼
Missouri Bonds	92	92
North Carolina Bonds, new	55⅝	55¼
New-York Central	187	190
Reading Railway	96⅞	98⅜
Chicago and Rock Island	115½	116⅜
Northwest Common	77	78¼
Northwest Preferred	93⅜	94¼
Michigan Southern	103⅞	106¼
Pittsburg and Fort Wayne	155½	156¼
Cleveland and Pittsburg	94¼	96¼
Pacific Mail Company	87	85⅞
St. Paul Preferred	82¾	84¼
St. Paul Common	71	72
Toledo and Wabash	67½	69¾
Ohio and Mississippi	32¼	32¼
Mariposa Preferred	16¼	16¼
Hudson River	157	159
Louisiana Levee 6s	66¾	66¾

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States at the close of business:

6 ₽ cent., reg., 1881 116⅞
6 ₽ cent. coup., 1881 120⅞
5-20 coup., 1862 122
5-20 coup., 1864 117
5-20 coup., 1865 118½
5-20 coup., n. i. '65 119½
5-20 coup., 1867 119⅝
5-20 coup., 1868 119⅝
10-40 reg 107¼
10-40 coup 108
6 ₽ cent. Currency 108

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Reg. B'ty Loan. 107¼
N. Y. Coupon B. Loan. 111
N. Y. 7s Canal l'n, '70. 100
N. Y. 6 ₽ c. Canal, '72. 102
N. Y. 6 ₽ c. Canal, '73. 102
N. Y. 6 ₽ c. Canal, '74. 102
N. Y. 6 ₽ c. Canal, '75. 102
N. Y. 6 ₽ c. Canal, '77. 102
N. Y. 6 ₽ c. Canal, '78. 102
N. Y. 5 ₽ c. Canal, '71. 98
N. Y. 5 ₽ c. Canal, '74. 98
N. Y. 5 ₽ c. Canal, '76. 97
Ohio 6 ₽ c. 1886 104
Ill. Canal bds, '70 101½
Ill. coup. 6s, '77 101½
Ill. coup. 6s, '79 101½
Ill. War Loan 101½
Indiana 5 ₽ c. 97¼
Michigan 6 ₽ ct., '73. 100
Michigan 6 ₽ ct., '78. 98
Michigan 7 ₽ c. W. L. 101
Tenn. 6s, ex coup. 63
Tenn. 6s, new bonds. 60⅝
Virginia 6s, ex coup. 56⅝
Virginia 6s, new bds. 61
Georgia 6s 83½
Georgia 7s, new bds. 95¼
North Carolina 6s 58¾
North Car. 6s. n. bds. 55⅛
Missouri 6s 91⅞
Mo., H. & St. Jo. 92
Louisiana 6s 71¼
Louisiana 6s, levee bds 66¼

The dealings in State bonds were comparatively moderate. New Tennessee Sixes were done at 60⅞@61; North Carolina at 55½; South Carolina at 70½@70⅝; Missouri at 91⅞@92.

The following were the bids for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883. 92
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887. 91
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est'e. 90
N. Y. C. 6s, Subscr'n. 90
Erie 1st M. ext. 98
Erie 7s, 2d ind., 1879. 93½
Erie 7s, 3d ind. 1883. 88
Erie 7s, 4th ind., 1880. 80
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888. 75
H. R. 7s, 1st M., 1869-70. 101
Harlem 1st M. 100
Mich. C. 8 ₽ c., 1869-'72. 128
Mich. S. 7 ₽ c. 2d M. 93½
M. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 p.c. 98
Ill. Cen. 7 ₽ c., 1870. 119¼
Alton & T. H. 1st M. 93
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf 83
Alton & T. H. 2d. M. Inc 76½
Chi. & N. W. 1st M. 91
Han. & St. Jo. Con. 122
Del., L. & W. 1st M. 98
Del., L. & W. 2d M. 93
Tol. & W. 1st. M. ext. 92
Tol. & W. Equip. bds. 75½
Gt. West'n 1st M., '68. 102
Gt. West'n 1st M., '88. 83
Gt. West'n 2d M., '93. 77
Ill. & So. Iowa 1st M. 77½
Gal. & Chi. Extended. 97
Gal. & Chic. 2d M. 96
Chi. & R. I. 1st M. 101
Chi., R. I. & Pac. 98
Morris & Essex 1st M. 98¼
Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund. 101
N. J. Cen. 1st M. 109
New-Jersey Cen. 2d M. 109
N. Jersey Cent., n. b. 99¼
P. Ft. W. & C. 1st M. 104
P. Ft. W. & C. 2d M. 98
P. Ft. W. & C. 3d M. 96
Cleve. & P. 4th M. 76
Chic. & Alton 1st M. 104
Ohio & Miss. 1st M. 95
Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M 92
Peninsula R. R. bonds 92
Mil. & St. P. 1st 7 3-10. 92
Mil. & St. Paul 1st M. 93¼
Mil. & St. P. I. & M. d. 89½
Mil. & St. Paul 2d M. 83
Marietta & Cin. 1st M. 89
Chi. & Mil. 1st M. 91
Col. Chi. & Ind. 1st M 83¼
Col., Chi & Ind. 2d M 80
N. Y. and N. Haven 6s 95¼
Tol., Peoria & W., E. D. 84
Tol. Peoria & W., W. D. 84

And the following bids for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York 133
Mechanics' 136
City 200
Phenix 109
Tradesmen's 150
National 112
Merchants' Exchange 119
Leather Manufact'rs. 180
Seventh Ward 115
State of New-York 112
Commerce 128
Ocean 107
American Exchange 113½
Chatham 160
Bank of the Republic 120
Bank of North Amer. 110
Hanover 112
Metropolitan 143¼
People's 143
Market 125
Nassau 105
Shoe and Leather 132½
Corn Exchange 130
Continental 102¼
Commonwealth 117½
Park 100
Manuf's and Merch's. 102
Central National 116
Fourth National 107
Ninth National 116
Oriental 150
Gold Exchange 140
Bank'rs' and Brokers'. 109

A livelier speculative movement has been noted in Gold, the dealings in which have taken a wider range as to price, the extremes ranging from 138¼ to 137⅛, and the final quotation, 137¼. The Gold Exchange Bank clearances were up to $112,035,000, and the resulting balances were $1,900,688 in coin, and $2,745,789 in currency. The *Cimbria*, for Hamburg, took out a specie freight of $129,000. The Customs Revenue of the Port to-day, was $317,000; and the Coin interest disbursements of the Treasury Office, $23,010. The speculation weakened as the new policy of the Secretary of the Treasury for the coming fiscal year became more clearly known to operators. The Monetary activity also worked against a buoyant movement. There was a moderate inquiry for foreign exchange, which was quoted steady on the basis of 109½ for best sixty-day drafts on London.

The following shows the aggregate averages of the leading items of the Philadelphia banks for the past and previous week:

	Last Week.	This Week.		
Capital	$16,055,150	$16,055,150		
Loans	53,124,860	53,840,068	Inc.	$715,298
Specie	152,451	148,795	Dec.	3,666
Legal-tenders	15,178,332	14,972,123	Dec.	206,209
Due from banks	4,627,886	4,284,486	Dec.	343,400
Due to banks	5,888,776	6,394,681	Inc.	505,905
Deposits	36,116,301	35,672,220	Dec.	444,081
Circulation	10,621,932	10,617,864	Dec.	4,068
Clearings	34,430,205	38,392,346	Inc.	3,962,141
Balances	2,955,725	3,087,126	Inc.	831,401

The People's Fire Insurance Company, having a surplus of nearly $90,000, have declared a semi-annual dividend of six per cent., free of Government tax, payable on the 1st of July.

The following are the Bank Dividends, half yearly, thus far announced for the First of July:

Banks.	Rate.	Banks.	Rate.
Broadway	12	Importers'	5
America	5	Hanover	4
Gold Exchange	8	Fifth	5
Ninth	5	People's	5
East River	4	Central	5
New-York	5	Market	5
Eighth	4	Citizen's	5
Tradesmen's	6	Park	7
Grocers	5		

The Third-avenue Savings Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend, payable on and after the third Monday in July.

The Williamsburg Savings Bank has declared its semi-annual dividend, payable on and after July 19.

Messrs. GEO. I. JONES & Co., in their Milwaukee circular of June 19, notice the week's movements in wheat in that market thus:

> Our Wheat market during the past week has been active and considerably excited, and has improved fully 10c. ₽ bushel under the influence of a strong demand for shipment and speculation, better advices from Liverpool, and steadily advanced prices at New-York. The continuous wet weather, and less favorable prospect for the coming crop, have aided the improvement, and have induced the short interest to fill in their contracts rapidly. The main strength of the market, however, has been the evident fact that England is willing to take all our surplus at full and even advancing prices. Holders have shown remarkable confidence and seem to have strong faith in still higher figures. We hear the opinion freely expressed that No. 2 will sell before harvest at $1 25 to $1 30, and in New-York at $1 60. The prospect seems to be that we shall have a very sensitive market from now till harvest. The receipts, though not as heavy as last week, have been large, averaging about 120,000 bushels per day. The impression now is that unless there is a decided change in the weather, we will not have over 50,000 to 60,000 bushels per day next week. Lake freights have ruled very firm, and as many vessels have left the Grain trade to carry Iron Ore for about two months, we do not see much prospect of very low rates again.
>
> The following table shows the cost of Nos. 1 and 2 Milwaukee Spring Wheat, laid down on the Eastern markets at to-day's rates:

	New-York Via Buffalo. No. 1.	No. 2.	New-York Via Oswego. No. 1.	No. 2.	Buffalo No. 1.	No. 2.
Cost in store to-day	$1 23¼	$1 20	$1 23½	$1 20	$1 23¼	$1 20
Storage	2	2	2	2	2	2
Lake freights	9	9	14	14	9	9
Lake Insur'ce	⅜	⅜	½	½	⅜	⅜
Buffalo ch'ges	½	½	½	½	..	..
Oswego ch'ges	..	..	..	..	..	..
Canal freight	14	14	8½	8½	..	..
Discount on Exchange	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	½	⅛
Cost laid down exc. of int'st and com'n	$1 49¾	$1 46¼	$1 49¾	$1 45¾	$1 35¾	$1 31⅞

> The following vessels have loaded since our last advice:
>
> Bark Constitution, 25,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner W. F. Allen, 14,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Otter, 13,500 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Van Volkenburg, 19,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Ellen Williams, 18,500 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Philo Scoville, 20,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner S. B. Pomeroy, 22,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner C. G. Breed, 23,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner T. S. Mott, 21,300 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Apprentice Boy, 13,500 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; propeller Free State, 13,900 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; propeller Boscobel, 22,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Eliza Gerlack, 17,959 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner A. P. Nichols, 18,500 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner W. J. Whaling, 16,140 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner W. O. Brown, 19,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; bark Cream City, 21,000 bushels Wheat, Buf-

falo; bark Kate Darley, 25,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; bark Newsboy, 22,000 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner M. Stalker, 15,975 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Dolphin, 14,200 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; propeller Neptune, 17,694 bushels Wheat, Buffalo; schooner Amoskeag, 15,150 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner Geo. Steele, 15,200 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner J. F. Warner, 15,100 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner D. G. Fort, 22,063 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner Florida, 18,300 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner S. T. Atwater, 20,100 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner Star of Hope, 15,200 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner Hoboken, 18,000 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner W. B. Ogden, 16,700 bushels Wheat, Oswego; schooner Guiding Star, 17,974 bushels Wheat, Oswego; propeller Bruno, 14,200 bushels Wheat, Montreal; propeller Maine, 4,000 bushels Wheat, Ogdensburg; propeller Brooklyn, 6,000 bushels Wheat, Ogdensburg; propeller City of Toledo, 4,000 bushels Wheat, Ogdensburg; propeller Free State, 15,824 bushels Oats, Buffalo. Total—36 cargoes Wheat; 1 cargo Oats.

The week's Produce Exports have been to a currency value of $4,427,531. In the list Flour, Wheat, Provisions, Tobacco and Petroleum show handsomely.

Internal Revenue Decisions.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, June 15, 1869.

SIR, Your attention is called to the fact that all spirits manufactured prior to July 20, 1868, now in bonded warehouses, are required to be withdrawn and taxes paid on or before the 30th inst., or be forfeited to the Government. You will call the attention of the owners of such spirits, thus stored in your district, to this fact, and inform them that they must take the necessary steps to enable you to transact all the business incident to such withdrawal by the 30th; that if they shall delay to attend to this, so that you may not have time to transact the business of the withdrawals after their application and by the 30th, such fact will not be received as any legal excuse of the spirits remaining with the taxes unpaid after the 30th.

Very respectfully, JOS. GIVEN,
Deputy Commissioner.

To John S. Nixon, Esq., Collector Sixth District of Kentucky, Covington:

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS, FREE OF UNITED STATES TAX, secured by 1,632,000 acres of choice lands and by the railroad, its rolling stock and franchises, and yielding in currency nearly TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

We recommend these bonds as a safe and profitable investment.

$1,000 5-20s of 1862, yielding $60 per annum, if sold at present price, will buy $1,250 Lake Superior 7s, paying $87 50 per annum—*an increase of 45 per cent. in actual gold income.*

Parties buying now at 96 and accrued interest in currency have the advantage of the Gold Coupon, due July 1, reducing actual cost of the bonds below 95.

JAY COOKE & CO.

☞ THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ROCKFORD, ROCK ISLAND AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY, pay principal and interest—1st February and 1st August—in GOLD COIN, *free of Government Tax.*

We recommend these bonds as one of the best secured and most profitable investments on the market.

Pamphlets with maps, giving full information, sent on application.

HENRY CLEWS & CO., Bankers,
No. 32 Wall-street.

☞ BANKING-HOUSE OF KISSAM & CO., NO. 36 Wall-st.—We offer for sale on favorable terms Brooklyn City Seven per Cent. Bonds "Public Park Loan." These bonds are for $1,000 each, have forty-six years to run, and interest payable 1st January and July.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, June 22.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls.	45	Oil, Lard, bbls.	15
Cotton, bales	286	Oil Cake, pkgs.	240
Eggs, bbls.	1,389	Butter, pkgs.	2,238
Flour, bbls.	13,270	Cheese, bxs.	5,738
Wheat, bushels	108,702	Lard, pkgs.	370
Corn, bushels	40,788	Starch, pkgs.	1,780
Rye, bushels	15,874	Tallow, pkgs.	4
Malt, bushels	12,000	Tobacco, hhds.	435
Hops, bales	237	Copper, bbls.	29
Leather, sides	9,689	Whisky, bbls.	635
Petroleum, ref., bbls.	4,268	Wool, bales	434
Spirits Turp., bbls.	222	Rice, pkgs.	10
Resin, bbls.	919	Beeswax, pkgs.	10

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Cimbria*, for Hamburg—120 cases Guns, 500 bbls. Flour, 73,530 lbs. Tallow, 1,224 bbls. Resin, 150 packages Sarsaparilla, 3 hhds. Tobacco, 17 cases Tobacco, 2,300 boxes Extract, 10 bales Seneca Root, 1,356 lbs. Manufactured Tobacco, 59 cases Sewing Machines, 15 cases Clocks, 23 casks Metal, 36,864 lbs. Grease.

By the bark *Wilhelmine*, for Rotterdam—33,895 feet Oak Plank, 21,705 feet Timber, 22 pieces Timber, 13,400 Staves.

By the bark *N. Thayer*, for London—6,000 bbls. Flour, 7,100 Staves.

By the ship *Great Western*, for Liverpool—7,590 bushels Corn, 6,994 bushels Wheat, 30 hhds. Tobacco, 509,905 lbs. Oil Cake, 284,786 lbs. Tallow.

By the bark *Annie*, for Bristol—15,534 bushels Wheat, 400,044 lbs. Oil Cake, 30 cases Champagne.

By the bark *Helios*, for London—82,598 gallons Refined Petroleum, 185 cases Refined Petroleum.

By the ship *J. C. Monroe*, for London—1,025,070 lbs. Oil Cake, 2,946 bbls. Oil Cake, 3,600 Staves.

ASHES—Have been in very moderate request at $7 37½@$7 62½ for Pots, and, nominally, $9@$9 25 for Pearls, ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been quiet, but steady, at 45c.@48c. for Yellow, ⅌ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Rather less animation has been noted in this line since our last, but with very moderate supplies of seasonable work available. prices have been well supported, including Men's Thick and Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 75; Boys', $1 75@$3; Youths', $1 38@$2 50; Men's Calf Pegged, $3 25@$5 50; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $3@$3 75; Youths', $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 35; Boys' Kip and Split Brogans, 85c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $1 75@$2 50; Boys' C, $1 35@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 48; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 25@$2 25; Ladies' Sewed Goat and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed and Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged, Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 60@$2 20; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@$1 05; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Fancy Children's S. H. and Hee Shoes, 40c.@$1 ⅌ pair.

BRICKS—Have been in fair demand at steady rates, including Common Hard at $7@$11; Croton at $16@$18 50, and Philadelphia Front at $43@$48 ⅌ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been inactive at unchanged figures, including Adamantine at 20c.@23c. for light weights; Plain Sperm at 46c.@48c., and Patent Sperm at 58c. ⅌ lb.

CEMENT—Has been in active request, including Rosendale at $2 ⅌ bbl

COAL—Has been quiet, yet quoted firm.

COFFEE—There has been an improved inquiry for Rio at steady prices. Sales have been reported of 809 bags by the *Wanderer* and 1,100 bags by the steamer *Merrimac*. In other kinds no business of moment has been transacted. Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SON report the week's receipts of Rio at 27,559 bags, including by the *Wanderer*, 4,567 bags; *Speed*, 4,000 bags; *Campanero*, 4,368 bags, and *Merrimac*, 14,624 bags. The week's sales of Rio were 8,474 bags. The stock of Rio in first hands here to-day were 149,291 bags; and in the country 219,191 bags. Cargo prices are quoted thus: Ordinary cargoes, 8¼c.@8¾c.; Fair cargoes, 9¼c.@9¾c.; Good cargoes, 10½c.@11c.; Prime cargoes, 11¼c.@11¾c., gold, in bond, ⅌ lb., 45 and 60 days.

Stock of Rio in the Country.

New-Orleans, bags	17,600
Mobile, bags	4,400
Baltimore, bags	45,400
Boston, bags	2,500
New-York, bags	149,291
Grand total, bags	219,191

COTTON—Has been quoted heavy and rather lower in price, on a very limited business. Sales have been confined to 842 bales, (of which 132 bales were to arrive,) including 547 bales to spinners, 132 bales to shippers and 163 bales to speculators. Also, last evening, 100 bales Low Middling for December delivery at 25c., and 500 bales do., same delivery, at 24¾c. ⅌ lb. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZEREGA are quoting as follows, in their letters for to-morrow's steamer, the

Closing Prices of Cotton:

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary, ⅌ lb.	27	27¼	27⅜	27⅜
Good Ordinary	29¼	29½	29¾	30
Low Middlings	32@32¼	32¼@32½	32½@32¾	32¾@33
Middlings	33@33¼	33¼@33½	33½@33¾	33¾@34

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

Receipts this week	5,090
Receipts last week	7,019
Receipts preceding week	6,104
Receipts since Jan. 1	313,296
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1868	638,512
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1869	677,696
Receipts year ending Sept. 1. 1868	682,314
Export clearances since our last	
Exports since Jan. 1	168,775
Exports since Sept. 1, 1868	352,509
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1869	338,557
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	375,851
Estimated stock on hand here	28,500

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts from Sept. 1, 1868, to latest mail dates	2,251,000
Receipts same time in 1867	2,307,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1. 1868	2,240,282
Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States, from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1867	4,522,988
Exports from all the ports from Sept. 1, 1868, to latest dates	1,365,000
Exports same time last year	1,668,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	1,657,018
Exports preceding Cotton year	1,558,787
Estimated stock at the shipping ports, latest mail dates	116,000
Estimated stock same time last year	120,000
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, Aug. 31. 1868	38,130
Estimated stock same time in 1867	80,298
Crop of 1867-8	2,430,893
Crop of 1866-7	1,951,988

FEATHERS—The demand has been limited, yet prices have not varied essentially.

FISH—Most kinds have been in light request within our previous range.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in quite generally active demand, for shipment, home use, and on speculative account, at a further advance of 10c.@25c. ⅌ bbl., closing, however, less buoyantly. Sales have been reported since our last of 33,850 bbls., in lots, including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $5 25@$5 75, very inferior to good Extra State at $6 35@$6 75, good to choice genuine Spring Wheat Extra State at $6 75@$7, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop Extra Ohio at $6 35@$6 75 ⅌ bbl. Of the sales, 21,000 bbls. Extra brands were for shipment, largely to arrive, this month, and also July and August, including State at $6 50@$6 75, and Extra Western at $6 20@$6 65 ⅌ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$5 25@$5 75
Extra State	6 35@ 7 00
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	6 20@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	6 35@ 6 75
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	6 80@ 9 25
Extra Gennesee	7 10@ 9 25
Common to Fancy to Extra Missouri	6 85@12 00

Southern Flour is in more demand at firmer prices; sales have been reported since our last of 850 bbls. at $6 40@$6 90 for very poor to fair ordinary, and $6 90@$12 75 for fair ordinary to very superior Extra, ⅌ bbl. California Flour is in better request at $6 45@$8 25 for extras; Oregon, $8 25@$9 75 ⅌ 196 lbs.; sales 1,450 bbls. and sacks. Rye Flour is in demand at $3 75@$6 25 for very inferior to very choice, ⅌ bbl.; sales 450 bbls. Cornmeal is moderately active, at $4@4 35 for Western, $4@$4 15 for Jersey, and $4 60@$4 65 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.; sales 550 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in very brisk request chiefly for export and on speculative account, at an advance of 4c.@6c. ⅌ bushel, leaving off, however, rather heavily, with a tendency in favor of buyers, influenced in part by the further rise in rates on ocean freight; sales have been reported since our last of 327,000 bushels, largely to arrive, including White Western, part at $1 70@$1 75; Amber do. at $1 65; No. 1 Spring at $1 53@$1 57½, the latter an extreme price for very Choice; No. 2 Spring at $1 42@$1 53, closing with $1 51 as the best bid; No. 3 Spring at $1 40@$1 48, and White California at $1 65@$1 72, ⅌ bushel. Corn has attracted more attention at an advance of 1c.@2c. ⅌ bushel. Sales have been reported since our last of 86,500 bushels at 60c.@75c. for damaged New Mixed Western, received by canal; 75c.@89c. for heated to very choice New Mixed Western, by canal; 83c.@91c., chiefly at 83c.@87c., for New Mixed Western, received by rail; 81c.@84c. for Kiln-dried; 88c.@93c. for White; 91c.@93c. for Yellow Western, ⅌ bushel. Rye, Barley and Malt have been quiet and quoted nominal in price. Oats have been more sought after and have been quoted firmer. Sales have been reported since our last of 61,000 bushels Western at 77½c.@78c., closing at 78c. afloat, and 76½c. in store, ⅌ bushel. Messrs. EDWARD BILL & CO. notice the fortnight's business in Breadstuffs thus: "The market for Flour since our last circular has been somewhat irregular, but for the last ten days has been quite active for Extra State and Western. The sales have been free and the stock is now light. For July delivery the demand is large, and it has been met to the extent of at least 50,000 barrels, chiefly of Extra State, partly on speculation, but mostly for export. The medium and better grades of Western are dull with moderate sales. California is reducing in stock, but sells slowly. For Wheat there is a large demand. The favorable advices from England stimulating the inquiry, and buyers have not only taken the receipts as fast as they reached the seaboard, but have also purchased largely for future delivery. It will be seen by our tables below that the clearances for the fortnight have been the largest of the season, amounting to 973,737 bushels. The appearance of the new crop of Spring continues favorable, but the Winter has been injured in many places. Rye is firmer. Oats have improved, but closed dull. Indian Corn, with moderate home trade only, is irregular in value, the late arrivals are in better order, and there is a less range of price. The export clearances from this port, for the fortnight past, consisted of: To Great Britain and Ireland, 36,741 bbls. Flour, 952,160 bushels Wheat, 24,665 bushels Corn. To the Continent, 2,004 bbls. Flour, 25 bbls. Cornmeal, 20,577 bushels Wheat, 40,841 bushels Rye. To South America, 7,741 bbls. Flour, 1,000 bushels Wheat, 10,644 bushels Corn. To all other Ports, 28,962 bbls. Flour, 4,390 bbls. Cornmeal, 6,267 bushels Corn, 1,072 bushels Oats, 2,950 bushels Peas—making a total to all Ports of 75,448 bbls. Flour, 4,415 bbls. Cornmeal, 973,737 bushels Wheat 41,576 bushels Corn, 40,841 bushels Rye, 1,072 bushels Oats, 2,950 bushels Peas.

Export of Breadstuffs to Great Britain and Ireland from Sept. 1, 1868.

From	To date.	Flour bbls.	Wheat, bushels.	Corn, bushels.
New-York	June 18, 1869	301,922	7,057,190	2,216,784
New-Orleans	June 14, 1869	17,776	118,808	315,974
Philadelphia	June 14, 1869	2,457	1,947	57,108
Baltimore	June 14, 1869	2,303	5,700	417,073
Boston	June 14, 1869	458	......	......
California	June 14, 1869	9,151	4,298,196	......
Other ports	June 14, 1869	21,811	75,614	75,307
Total		355,938	11,557,455	3,082,246
To about same period, 1868		476,239	12,109,834	7,419,483
To about same period, 1867		125,802	4,958,310	8,232,979

To the Continent.

	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bushels.	Wheat, bushels.	Corn, bushels.
From New-York, to June 18, 1869	18,001	86,306	138,608	28,013
From other ports, to June 18, 1869	7,056	......	......	39,774
Total	15,057	86,306	138,608	67,787
To about same period, 1868	68,522	594,916	336,498	70,079
To about same period, 1867	2,183	151,882	26,188	10,360

The Albany *Argus* says: "The boats which passed Fultonville between noon on Saturday and noon on Monday covered 54 loads of Wheat, 41 loads of Lumber, 17 loads of Coal, 13 loads of Corn, 9 loads of Oats, 7 loads of Staves, 2 loads of Flour, and 1 load each of Ashes, Stone, Oil and Iron Ore."

List of boats which passed Fultonville during the forty-eight hours prior to 1:30 P. M., June 21, 1869:

Wheat—H. M. Barker, Buffalo; Julia Shepard, Buffalo; Geo. H. Webb, Buffalo; John Welch, Buffalo; D. H. Winans, Buffalo; E. D. Nye, Buffalo; W. H. Mead, Buffalo; S. R. Fish, Penn Yan; Addie Gregg, Buffalo; Daniel R. White, Buffalo; Robert Davidson, Buffalo; Isaac Miller, Clyde; Julia, Buffalo; J. E. Austin, Buffalo; A. C. Lamoroux, Buffalo; Ahwaga, Buffalo; S. E. Anthony, Buffalo; Annie, Buffalo; T. W. Skinner, Oswego; Collingwood, Oswego; J. H. Cain, Buffalo; Kearsarge, Buffalo; Maggie, Buffalo; C. R. Davis, Buffalo; C. E. Upton, Buffalo; Em, Buffalo; Mary, Buffalo; Canarsie, Buffalo; Ben. D. French, Buffalo; Medway, Buffalo; A. S. Beverly, Buffalo; James A. Sweet, Buffalo; Libbie, Buffalo; Brahma, Buffalo; A. McMullin, Buffalo; Lois, Buffalo; F. M. Finch, Buffalo; E. J. Price, Oswego; B. F. Wade, Buffalo; A. F. Wolcott, Buffalo; Geo. W. Warner, Buffalo; Dr. M. Billington, Buffalo; Aubra, Buffalo; Thomas Guest, Buffalo; Schuyler, Buffalo; R. W. Lyman, Buffalo; F. F. Scodard, Buffalo; Hattie Eliza, Buffalo; Moscow, Oswego; Wm. L. Bostwick, Buffalo; Rockaway, Buffalo; Arma, Oswego; Fairhaven, Buffalo; Ni Hart, Oswego; P. R. Putnam, Buffalo.

Coal—Idaho, Geneva; Ozzie H. Fisher, Buffalo; John Wait, Buffalo; Isaac L. Peters, Watkins; F. C. Brown, Buffalo; Gaslight, Watkins; J. R. Bently, Watkins; E. O. Daniels, Geneva; Alice Rose, Geneva; W. A. Dorsey, Watkins; Charles Harring, Watkins; Thomas Kerney, Buffalo; General Burnside, Geneva; A. H. Mills, Watkins; Robert, Geneva; Two Brothers, Watkins; James Wilcox, Geneva.

Lumber, &c.—V. B. Read, Corning; John Niles, Rome; Deighton H. Winans, Buffalo; Six Brothers, Buffalo; Merritt & Alice, Tonawanda; John Bell, Tonawanda; Mary A. Saunders, Oswego; T. R. Waight, Oswego; Kate Greene, Oswego; John Bliss, Oswego; Lucy J. Sweeney, Buffalo; Jackson, Buffalo; Ellen M. Cole, Boonville; Irving Weed, Buffalo; Barney Bird, Buffalo; Right of Way, Oswego; Wild Man, Oswego; John Francisco, Olean; J. Boardman, Olean; P. Willie, Buffalo; M. Traffam, Boonville; Ernie, Boonville; John H. Hager, Buffalo; Wm. Geer, Buffalo; E. R. Orman, Oswego; Bill Moore, Buffalo; Job, Oswego; D. J. Mitchell, Oswego; James N. Baker, Oswego; D. Bell, Buffalo; Isaac Wright, Buffalo; Ella Duprey, Oswego; Peck and Church, Buffalo; David Cohan, Salina; Benj. F. Clawson, Oswego; Idaho, Oswego; Henry E. Davis, Oswego; Geo. Morris, Oswego; Isaac Gilbert, Boonville.

Corn—Julia Benjamin, Buffalo; J. F. Thomas, Buffalo; L. D. Cummings, Buffalo; W. H. Groat, Buffalo; A. S. Morgan, Buffalo; William Barker, Buffalo; A. M. Hitchcock, Buffalo; Martha E. Davidson, Buffalo; H. N. Tillotson, Buffalo; W. W. Potter, Buffalo; Jane L. Knapp, Buffalo; S. A. Coville, Jr., Buffalo; A. E. Dunn, Buffalo.

Oats—Anna C. Wickes, Buffalo; S. R. Fish, Penn Yan; Pallas, Buffalo; William F. Deans, Buffalo; F. Shoemaker, Buffalo; Clio, Buffalo; Governor, Buffalo; Three Sisters, Buffalo; Hiram Griffin, Buffalo; G. N. Lewis, Buffalo.

Ashes—M. Cavanaugh, Rochester.

Flour—S. R. Fish, Penn Yan; George, Rochester.

Stone—Charley, Buffalo.

Staves—Setler, Buffalo; Racer, Buffalo; Garlis McKay, Buffalo; S. A. Tanner, Buffalo; A. O. Warner, Buffalo; J. S. Peckham, Buffalo.

Iron—Fayette, Buffalo.

Mixed—Eddie, Rome.

Oil—Major Anderson, Buffalo.

Cement—D. D. Sears, Rome."

HAY—North River Bale Hay has been moderately inquired for at from 55c.@65c. for shipping, and 90c.@$1 20 for Poor to Choice, for local use, ⅌ 100 lbs. Straw is quiet at 65c.@$1 10 for Long and Short, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in fair request at uniform rates, including American at 5c.@10c. for New, and 2c.@5c. for Old ⅌ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, 6c.@10c.; Eastern, 5c.@8c.; Wisconsin, 5c.@8c.; Michigan, 5c.@8c.; Yearlings, all grades, 2c.@3c. ⅌ lb. The receipts were 237 bales; export clearances, none.

HIDES—Have been quiet at previous figures.

HONEY—Has been quite dull at former quotations.

LATHS—The demand has been quite moderate for Eastern at $2 75 ⅌ thousand.

LEATHER—Sole has been actively sought after at buoyant prices: Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and salted Good Middle, 38c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, Light Cropped, Good, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, Middle Cropped, Good, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, Cropped, Good, 23c.@25c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Light, 30½c.@32c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Middle, 30½c.@32c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Heavy, 27c.@29c.; Hemlock, California, Good Light, 30c.@31½c.; Hemlock, California, Good Middle, 30c.@31½c.; Hemlock, California, Good Heavy, 26½c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Light, 29½c.@30½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Middle, 29½c.@30½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Heavy, 25c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, Damaged, all weights, 24c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, Poor, all weights, 20c.@23c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in Rough, 37c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, in Rough, Light, 41c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, in Rough, Middle, 38c.@43c.; Oak Slaughter, in Rough, Heavy, 39c.@45c. cash, ⅌ lb.

LIME—Rockland has been in demand and steady at $1 25 for Common, and $1 50 for Lump, ⅌ bbl.

LUMBER—There has been a fair inquiry for desirable stock at uniform rates.

MOLASSES—There has been more inquiry for refining grades, and some considerable sales have been made, particulars of which have not been made public. Prices have been quoted steady for all descriptions, including Old and New Porto Rico at 40c.@80c., Cuba at 35c.@75c., New-Orleans at 70c.@85c. ⅌ gallon. And in detail thus:

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba Centrifugal and Mixed, ⅌ gallon	35c.@38c.	38c.@42c.
Cuba Clayed, ⅌ gallon	37c.@42c.	50c.@53c.
Cuba Muscovado, refining grades, ⅌ gallon	—@—	51c.@54c.
Cuba Muscovado, grocery grades, ⅌ gallon	—@—	55c.@65c.
Porto Rico, ⅌ gallon	—@—	50c.@78c.
English Islands, ⅌ gallon	—@—	50c.@70c.
New Orleans, ⅌ gallon	—@—	70c.@85c.

METALS—Business has been very dull in all articles, though buyers have had any existing advantages regards prices.

NAVAL STORES—There has been a light trade reported in Spirits Turpentine, which has been depressed and irregular, at from 41c.@42½c. for merchantable and shipping, ⅌ gallon, with receipts of 222 bbls. and no export clearances. Tar and Crude Turpentine have been quite dull and nominal. Resin has been in limited demand and rather heavy; receipts, 919 bbls.; exports, 1,224 bbls., by the *Cimbria* steamship, for Hamburg. We quote: Spirits Turpentine at 41c.@42½c. ⅌ gallon; Crude at $3 87½@$4 06¼; Resin at $2 32½@$10 50 ⅌ 280 lbs., the latter rate for choice White; Tar at $2 50@$3 20; Pitch at $2 75 ⅌ bbl.

OILS—Have been in limited request at about previous prices, including Crude Whale at $1@$1 02½; Bleached Whale at $1 12½@$1 15; Crude Sperm at $1 85@$1 90; Unbleached Sperm at $1 90@$2; Lard Oil at $1 45@$1 50; Red Oil at 90c.@95c.; Linseed Oil at $1 01@$1 04, in casks and barrels; Menhaden, 75c.@80c.; Olive at $1 42½@$1 45 ⅌ gallon; Refined Spermaceti, 40c.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET—Week ending June 21.—The market for both Sperm and Whale Oil continues very quiet, and we have no transactions to report.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States:

	Barrels Sperm.	Barrels Whale.	Pounds Bone.
From Jan. 1 to June 21, 1869	14,360	47,994	478,400
Same time last year	15,872	51,948	716,506
Exports for the week ending June 21, 1869	....	....	8,800
Previously	11,565	57	167,100
From Jan. 1 to date	11,535	57	175,900
Same time last year	8,259	6,688	332,889

—*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—The general market has been very dull, to-day, both here and in Philadelphia. For Crude in bulk, there has been some inquiry on the basis of 15¾c.@16c. ⅌ gallon, and about equal to 1,000 bbls. have been jobbed out at these figures, chiefly at 16c. ⅌ gallon. Barreled Crude has been quiet, but quoted firm at 22c. ⅌ gallon. There were no receipts of Crude acknowledged here; at Philadelphia, 400 bbls. arrived. Refined has been in very moderate demand, buyers having been generally unwilling to pay asking prices; sales were reported here of only 500 bbls. prime White on private terms; 3,500 bbls. standard White, June delivery, at 31c.; 1,500 bbls. do., July delivery, at 31½c.; 500 bbls. do., August delivery, at 32½c., and 500 bbls. do., September delivery, at 33c. ⅌ gallon. Also at Philadelphia, 500 bbls. do., June delivery, at 30½c. ⅌ gallon. The receipts of Refined here were 4,268 bbls.; at Philadelphia, 1,240 bbls. The export clearances were 82,598 gallons and 185 cases by the bark *Helios*, for London. Naptha has been in demand at 9c.@9¼c., but has not been available at less than 10c. ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been rather more freely offered and has been quite moderately sought after at easier prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,450 bbls., in lots, at $32 75@$33, closing weak at about $32 75 for New Mess; $32 37 for Old Mess; $28 37@$28 50 for Prime Mess, and $26@$26 50 for Prime and Extra Prime, ⅌ bbl. Also 250 bbls. New Mess, buyer June, on private terms ⅌ bbl. Cutmeats are in fair demand at buoyant prices. Sales have been reported of 250 packages at 13¼c.@14¼c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Shoulders, and 16½c.@18½c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Hams, ⅌ lb. Bacon has been quiet at uniform rates. Sales 150 boxes ice-cured, various cuts, at 16⅝c.@17c. ⅌ lb. Lard is heavy and drooping. Sales have been reported since our last of 490 tierces and barrels at 17¼c. for No. 1 to choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 18¼c.@18½c. for City, and 19¼c.@19½c. for Prime Steam, ⅌ lb. Beef continues in moderate request at from $11@$16 for Plain Mess, $12@$18 for Extra Mess, and $8@$11 for inferior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales reported, 180 bbls. Tierce Beef rules very quiet and nominal, including New Prime Mess at $20@$26; Indian Mess, at $26@$32 ⅌ tierce. Beef Hams are in some demand, at $20@$31 50 ⅌ bbl.; sales, 175 bbls., in lots. Butter and Cheese are in rather more demand at our quotations:

NEW CROP BUTTER.

State firkins, Full Yellow, ⅌ lb.	34c.@36c.
State firkins, Light Colored, ⅌ lb.	31c.@33c.
Western Reserve Firkins, Full Yellow, ⅌ lb.	30c.@32c.
State half firkin tubs, Good to Extra, ⅌ lb.	34c.@35c.
State Welsh tubs, Good to Prime, ⅌ lb.	31c.@33c.
Orange and Sussex fresh pails, Good to Extra, ⅌ lb.	33c.@35c.
Western, Fair to Good, ⅌ lb.	25c.@29c.
State and Western, Common, ⅌ lb.	20c.@23c.

NEW CROP CHEESE.

Factories, extra, ⅌ lb.	19c.@20c.
Factories, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	16c.@18c.
Factories, common, ⅌ lb.	9c.@15c.
Factories, skimmed, ⅌ lb.	6c.@12c.
Farm Dairies, extra, ⅌ lb.	17c.@18c.
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	14c.@16c.

RICE—Has been quite dull but without change in price. Carolina, $8@$85 7; Rangoon, $7 75@$8, currency; and $2 50@$3 12½, gold, in bond, ⅌ 100 lbs.

SALT—A light business has been noted in most kinds at about previous figures.

SEEDS—No important dealings have been reported since our last; prices have been somewhat nominal.

SKINS—The inquiry for both Deer and Goat has been fair at full quotations, including Deer as follows: Honduras, 40c.@43c.; Nicaragua, 37½c.@40c.; Bolivar, 30c.; Sisal, 40c.@45c.; Vera Cruz, 43c.@45c.; Central American, 44c.@46c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.@36c.; Para, 42c.@44c., gold. ⅌ lb. And Goat as follows: Tampico, 55c.@57½c.; Matamoras, 52½c.@55c.; Vera Cruz, 50c.@52c., gold, ⅌ lb.; Buenos Ayres, 50c.@52½c.; Payta, 50c.@52½c.; Curacoa, 50c.; Cape, 45c.@50c., currency; Madras, 60c.@65c., each.

SOAP—Has been in rather better request at steady rates, including Castile at 13¼c.@13¾c.; Colgate's Pale, 9½c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7½c. ⅌ lb.

SPICES—Have been in limited demand within our former range, including Mace at 95c.@97½c.; No. 1 Nutmeg at 88c.@95c.; Cassia at 43½c.@44c.; Cloves at 26½c.@27c.; Pepper at 23¼c.@23½c.; Pimento at 18¾c.@19c.; Ginger at 11½c.@12c., gold, ⅌ lb.

SUGARS—Have been very quiet to-day, but without notable change in price. Sales have been reported of only 200 hhds. Cuba at 11¼c. ⅌ lb. Fair to good refining grades Cuba have been quoted about steady at 11¼c.@11¾c.; fair to good grocery grades at from 11⅞c.@12¼c.; very good to prime do. at 12¾c.@12¾c. ⅌ lb. Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 12c.@13½c. ⅌ lb. No. 12 Box Sugar, 12⅜c.@12½c. ⅌ lb. We quote Box Sugar in detail thus: Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 7 to 9, at 11¼c.@11¾c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 10 to 12, at 12c.@12½c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 13 to 15, at 12¾c.@13½c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 16 to 18, at 13⅞c.@14⅝c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 19 to 20, at 15c.@15½c.; Boxes Dutch Standard White, at 14½c.@15¾c. ⅌ lb. And Bagged Sugar thus: Brazil, Dutch Standard, Nos. 8 to 12, at 11c.@12c.; Java, Dutch Standard, Nos. 10 to 12, at 12c.@12½c.; Manila, Current Clayed and Superior, at 10¾c.@11½c. ⅌ lb. Refined Sugars continue in demand at from 13½c.@15¾c. ⅌ lb. as extremes. Messrs. R. L. & A. STUART quote their refined Sugars a shade lower, as follows: Best Crushed Sugar, 15¾c.; Granulated, 15¾c.; Ground, 15⅝c.; White A, 14¾c., and Yellow C, 14¼c., cash, ⅌ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales have been reported of 80,000 lbs. Tallow at 11¼c.@11½c.; also 42,000 lbs. Stearine at 18½c.@20½c., and 35,000 lbs. Grease at 11¼c.@14c. ⅌ lb.

TEAS—There has been a moderate call for desirable grades at uniform quotations, including Gunpowder and Imperial from $1@$1 90; Hyson at from 90c.@$1 65; Young Hyson, 82½c.@$1 70; Uncolored Japan at from 80c.@$1 25; Oolong at from 70c.@$1 60; Souchong and Congno at from 70c.@$1 50 ⅌ lb.

TOBACCO—Kentucky has been quite active, 1,200 hhds. having been disposed of, chiefly for export, at 7½c.@15c. ⅌ lb. Seed Leaf has been quiet; 153 cases State were sold for export at 9½c.@14c., and 50 cases Old Connecticut at 18c.@20c., ⅌ lb. Nothing really new in Spanish or Manufactured.

WHALEBONE—The week's business, Messrs. TAFT, LEE & CO. sum up thus: "A sale of 2,500 lbs. Arctic for home consumption, at 95c. gold, comprises the transaction for the past week. At present prices buyers only take what they actually require, trusting to a decline. Holders, on the other hand, are very indifferent about selling, most of them holding for $1, gold. Stock June 14, 382,000 lbs.; received, 3,500 lbs. Total, 385,500 lbs. Sold for home consumption, 2,500 lbs. Stock at date, first hands, 383,000 lbs.; stock in speculators' hands, 25,000 lbs."

WHISKY—The market has been dull and heavy, with sales reported of 180 bbls., in lots, at $1 02½@$1 03 ⅌ gallon.

WOOL—There has been a very moderate inquiry for all grades, and though the offerings have not been remarkably large, the turn of prices has been decidedly favorable to buyers.

FREIGHTS—Have been quoted much firmer, but the engagements have not been notably heavy. For Liverpool, there were reported taken 1,100 bbls. Flour, by sail, at 1s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; 60,000 bushels Wheat, at 8d. by steam, and 7d. by sail; 15,000 bushels Corn, by steam, at 7½d. ⅌ bushel; also, by steam, 320 boxes Bacon, at 27s. 6d.; 30 pkgs. Lard, at 30s., and 100 hhds. Tallow, at 27s. 6d. ⅌ ton. For Bristol, a cargo of 23,000 bushels Wheat at 6½d. ⅌ bushel. For Glasgow, 4,000 bbls. Flour at 2s. 6d., by steam, and 2s. by sail, ⅌ bbl.; and 3,000 quarters Wheat at 5s. ⅌ quarter. For London, 2,000 bbls. Flour at 2s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; and 15,000 bushels Wheat at 7½d. ⅌ bushel, in bags. For a port in the United Kingdom, an Italian bark, with 3,000 quarters Wheat at 5s. ⅌ quarter. For a Baltic port, a North German bark, with 2,400 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 4s. 7½d. ⅌ bbl.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Board of Aldermen—Stated Session.

[OFFICIAL.]

MONDAY, June 21, 1869—2 o'clock P. M.

The Board met in their Chamber, number fifteen City Hall, pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Thomas Coman, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Aldermen Moore, Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

The minutes of meeting held June seventeen were read and approved.

PETITION.

By Alderman Repper—

Petition of Edward P. Broderick to be paid for extra work on the contract for regulating and grading, &c., Thirty-fourth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Norton—

Resolved, That the Corporation Counsel be requested to inform this Board whether the Common Council has authority to initiate proceedings in the Supreme Court for the widening of West-street, and subsequently to direct the appropriate department of the City Government to grade and regulate the same.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That William H. Meeks be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds, in the place and stead of Isaac P. Hubbard, resigned.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That Charles T. Roosevelt be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in the place and stead of John Coman, resigned.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Moore—

Resolved, That Thomas Doyle be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place and stead of John Collohan, who has failed to qualify.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Coulter—

Resolved, That two gas lamps be placed in front of the chapel of the Dutch Reformed Church, situated on the corner of Fifty-fourth-street and Seventh-avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

By the President—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to procure one division headquarters flag and one brigade headquarters flag for each of the five brigades of said First Division National Guard, State of New-York, the expense thereof not to exceed one thousand dollars for the six flags; and be it further

Resolved, That, upon the completion of said flags, the Mayor be and he is hereby requested to present them, on behalf of the corporate authorities of this City, to the Major-General-Commanding; the division flag to be retained by him, and the brigade flags to be by him presented to the five brigades respectively, through their respective brigade commanders.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be and they are hereby authorized and directed to advertise for bids, and contract for paving Fourth-street, from Bowery to Broadway, except where not now paved, with Belgian or wooden pavement, known as the improved pavement, (McGonegal patent,) in accordance with the specifications for said pavement now on file in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council; and that a contract therefor be awarded, provided the expense does not exceed five dollars per square yard.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That the New-York Daily Bulletin newspaper be and it is hereby designated and appointed one of the Corporation newspapers, with authority to publish the proceedings of the Common Council and its advertisements, &c., of Committees, until the further order of the Common Council.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATION.

The President laid before the Board a communication from Emmons Clark, Secretary of the Board of Health, transmitting the estimate of the expense of the Board of Health for the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

Which was received and ordered on file.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

Resolved, That Henry Coulter be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place of John Scallon, who has failed to qualify.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That John J. Taggard be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place of Richard Walters, who has failed to qualify.

Which was concurred in.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Resolved, That Harrison-street, from Hudson-street to West-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Franklin-street, from West Broadway to West-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Reade-street, from Washington-street to West-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to have pier number thirty-nine North River, rebuilt and widened immediately, it being in a very dilapidated and dangerous condition; to be done without contract, and under his direction.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to have the pier at the foot of Twentieth-street, North River, rebuilt without contract.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That pier number thirty-five North River be rebuilt and widened, and the Street Commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to have the work done immediately under his directions, without contract.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

AN ORDINANCE

TO AMEND AN ORDINANCE ENTITLED "AN ORDINANCE TO DIVIDE THE CITY OF NEW-YORK INTO CONVENIENT ELECTION DISTRICTS," PURSUANT TO SECTION EIGHT, ARTICLE THREE, TITLE THREE, OF ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE PASSED APRIL FIVE, ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO, PARTICULARLY AS RELATES TO THE TWELFTH WARD.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the sidewalks on south side of Forty-fourth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, be flagged full width, where not already done.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the sidewalk on north side of Forty-fifth-street, in front of numbers one hundred and twenty-three, one hundred and twenty-five and one hundred and twenty-seven, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, be flagged full width, where not already done.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant in favor of Samuel J. Howard, President of the Board of Trustees of Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church, for the sum of three hundred and ten dollars, as a donation to enable said church to pay an assessment of that amount levied upon the same for the extension of Church-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That on south side of Charles-street, in front of number twenty-six, curb and gutter stones be set and the sidewalks be flagged and reflagged full width, where not already done.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That a gas lamp be placed and lighted in front of number ninety-three Third-avenue.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That a gas lamp be placed in front of number two hundred East Fourteenth-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That two gas lamps be placed in front of number one hundred and fifty-four Fourth-avenue.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the time for the completion of the parks at the junction of Broadway, Thirty-second and Thirty-fifth streets, now under contract to John H. Starin, be extended for a period of five months.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Fifty-first-street, from Eighth-avenue to Hudson River, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That a free hydrant be placed opposite number six hundred and thirty West Fifty-ninth-street, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Miller, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the Belgian pavement in Fifty-ninth-street, between Second and Third avenues, and also between Fifth and Tenth avenues, be repaired where necessary.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Eightieth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Lexington-avenue, from Sixty-fifth-street to Ninety-sixth-street, be regulated and graded, the curb and gutter stones set, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, where not already done.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Ninety-third-street, from Fourth to Fifth-avenue, be regulated and graded, the curb and gutter stones set, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, where not already done.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That on both sides of Fifty-first-street, from Second-avenue to the East River, curb and gutter stones be set, and the sidewalks be flagged and reflagged full width, where not already done.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Fifty-first-street, from Second-avenue to the East River, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the ordinance heretofore passed by the Common Council directing West Broadway to be paved with stone blocks, from Barclay to Canal-street, be and it is hereby amended by adding the words "and College-place" next after the words "West Broadway," and that the ordinance as thus amended be and it is hereby adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of John Bentley, Treasurer of the John-street Methodist Episcopal Church, for the sum of two hundred and twenty-five dollars, as per the annexed bill, and accrued interest, as a donation to be applied in payment of assessments for the work of opening Church-street, charged against the property of said church.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That Hoboken-street, from Washington to West-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

Resolved, That the sidewalk on the east side of Hudson-street, from number one hundred and eighty-two to number two hundred and six, both inclusive, be flagged full width, where not already done.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Moore moved that when the Board adjourns, it do so to meet on Monday next, twenty-eighth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Resolved, That Third-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street to One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, the President, Aldermen Norton, Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Cushman, Connor, Hardy, Coulter, McGrath, McQuade—13.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman White—

Whereas, Together with their fellow-citizens, the Common Council of the City of New-York are called upon to deplore the sudden and untimely end of Henry Jarvis Raymond.

Resolved, That they hold in remembrance and honor the career by which he acquired fame for himself and credit for the State in which he was born, and the City in which he resided and principally labored.

Resolved, That whether as member of the Assembly, Lieutenant-Governor of the State, or Representative of the State in Congress, his public services were marked with dignity and ability, and that the same qualities enabled him to establish and maintain a journal ranking among the foremost of its contemporaries, and a monument to his indefatigable industry as a writer and editor.

Resolved, That the loss the community has thus sustained is difficult to bear, and still more difficult to make good, and that we deeply sympathise with his immediate relatives and friends, as with his countrymen at large.

Resolved, That out of respect to the memory of deceased, the flags on the City Hall be displayed at half-mast during the funeral ceremonies.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolutions, suitably engrossed and framed, be transmitted by the Clerk of the Common Council to the family of the deceased.

Which were adopted.

Alderman Norton moved that, as a further mark of respect to the deceased, the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Monday next, twenty-eighth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

JOSEPH SHANNON, Clerk.

AUCTION SALES.

GREAT SALE OF COINS AND MEDALS.

Clinton Hall Book Salerooms and Art Galleries. LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers. WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, June 23 and 24, commencing at 6½ o'clock each evening. Sale of the CHOICE and UNIQUE COLLECTION of COINS and MEDALS, the property of Mortimer Livingston Mackenzie, Esq. Catalogues—price 50 cents—with photographs of principal coins $1. Coins and medals on exhibition.

SATURDAY EVENING, June 26, at 7 o'clock—Sale of a PRIVATE LIBRARY, comprising a SELECT and CHOICE COLLECTION of BOOKS, consisting of RARE and SCARCE works RELATING to AMERICA, OLD PLAYS, &c., &c. Catalogue ready. Books on exhibition Friday morning.

S. B. JANES, Auctioneer.

SALE OF BLAST FURNACES, IRON MINES, &c.

For sale by auction, on June 15, 1869, at 12 o'clock M. at LILLIE SAFE AND IRON COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 16 Park-place, New-York, about 910 acres of land in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, comprising 2 blast furnaces, making about 250 tons of iron per week; mines supplying the furnaces with magnetic iron ore; large foundry and machine shop driven by water power, and other valuable improvements. Also, supplies of coal, ore, &c.; teams, produce, and other chattels in use for conducting the mining and manufacturing business upon said lands. For particulars inquire of

S. B. JANES, Treasurer and Agent,
No. 16 Park-place, New-York.

Sale adjourned to June 16, at 12 o'clock M.
Sale adjourned to June 29, at 12 M.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—No. 37 Nassau-st.

GREAT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ANTIQUES, ARTICLES OF VERTU, BRONZES, &c., BEING THE ENTIRE STOCK IN THE WAREROOMS AND PRIVATE DWELLING OF S. GRAHAM, ESQ., WHO IS RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE will sell on WEDNESDAY, June 23, at 10½ o'clock, at warerooms of S. Graham, No. 192 3d-av., his entire stock, consisting in part of Pecard & Plimpton patent bedsteads, parlor suites in great variety, bedroom suites, Brussels, ingrain and velvet carpets, pier and mantel mirrors, rosewood pianos, wardrobes, card tables, dressing bureaus, lounges, gas fixtures, clocks, bronzes, articles of vertu, antiques, oil-paintings, safes, &c., &c.

For full description see catalogue.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF BANKRUPT PROPERTY.—Boots, shoes and rubbers, glassware, trunks and traveling bags, office furniture, stocks, notes and book debts, &c.; also, three large safes, one gold watch, cut glass and plated ware, black-lead and one express wagon.

Sale to take place THIS DAY, at No. 369 Fulton-st., opposite the City Hall, Brooklyn, at 10 o'clock A. M.

CHARLES JONES, Assignee.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom, Nos. 95 Chambers-st., and 77 Reade-st.; Art Galleries, Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER—On WEDNESDAY, June 23, at 11 o'clock, at our salesroom No. 95 Chambers-st., choice collection of oil-paintings by well-known American and European artists. The above are now on exhibition, with catalogues.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) June 23, at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 12 East River:

1,360 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
1,468 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
Cargo brig *Fanny Fern*, from Messina.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND DESKS.—THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 108 Liberty-st., a general assortment of parlor and chamber furniture, bedding, glassware, cutlery, plated ware, &c.; also office desks, tables, safes, &c.

WILL BE OFFERED AT PUBLIC sale, on THURSDAY, July 1, 1869, on board the vessel, by order of the Hon. E. C. Banfield, Solicitor of the Treasury,

THE IRON STEAMER "VIRGIN,"

now lying at the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company's wharf, Hoboken; Clyde built, length 216 feet, breadth 24 feet 5 inches, depth of hold 10 feet 9 inches, tonnage 441 84-100, engines double oscillating.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent of the amount bid to be deposited by the successful bidder at the time of sale. The remainder to be paid on confirmation of the sale by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the delivery of the vessel.

For further particulars inquire of

M. H. GRINNELL,
Collector of Customs, New-York.

SUPREME COURT.—ISAAC P. MARTIN against THE DAGUSCAHONDA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.—I, Daniel P. Ingraham, Jr., Referee, pursuant to the judgment in the above-entitled action, will sell at public auction, by D. M. Seaman, auctioneer, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 o'clock M. on SATURDAY, the 10th day of July next, the following Mortgage Bonds of the Daguscahonda Improvement Company: Two hundred and fifteen $500 and $1,000 coupon bonds, bearing date April 1, 1865, redeemable twenty years after date. Interest 7 per cent., payable semi-annually. Bonds secured by a mortgage upon the Company's lands, railroad and franchises.

Dated NEW-YORK, June 18, 1869.

DANIEL P. INGRAHAM, Jr., Referee.
MARTIN & SMITH, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL GOULDING, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Samuel Goulding, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 2d day of July, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 8th day of June, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je9-1aw3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JEROME BRADLEY, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Jerome Bradley, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 1st day of July, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 8th day of June, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je9-1aw3wW*

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL FELDHEIM, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Samuel Feldheim, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.

FRANCIS C. BARLOW, Marshal—Messenger.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN GARDNER, bankrupt.—At a Court in Bankruptcy, held at No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, in and for the Southern District of New-York, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1869, before John Fitch, Register.—Before John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John Gardner, of the village of Clarksville, County of Huntington and State of New-Jersey, carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
je23-1aw3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM D. ADAMS, bankrupt.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1869, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, 8th June, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je9-1aw3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MORTIMER S. BROWN, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Mortimer S. Brown, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 1st day of July, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 8th day of June, 1869.

je9-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 2,143.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EMIL MENDHEIM, bankrupt.—Before Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Emil Mendheim, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated New-York, April 22, 1869. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,

je23-1aw3wW* No. 137 Broadway, New-York.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 17th day of June, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of FRANK FOOTE, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 44 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, before John Fitch, Register, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock M.

FRANCIS C. BARLOW, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
je23-1aw3wW*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALBERT BAMBERGER, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Albert Bamberger, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 16th day of July, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 19th day of June, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

je23-1aw3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES B. COE, ELLSWORTH S. SHENEHON, JACOB H. DEWITT, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before James F. Dwight, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles B. Coe, Ellsworth S. Shenehon and Jacob H. Dewitt, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of one of three creditors by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 8th day of June, A. D. 1869.

ROBERT J. HOGUET, Assignee,
je9-law3wW* No. 112 Duane-st.

NO. 2,124.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES FRANK, Jr., bankrupt.—Before Mr. John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles Frank, Jr., of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated New-York, April 9, 1869. MAGNUS FRANK, Assignee,

je23-1aw3wW* No. 466 Broome-st., New-York.

NO. 2,311.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN C. ANDERSON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John C. Anderson, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated New-York, April 5, 1869.

JOHN H. BEECHER, Assignee,
je23-1aw3wW* No. 4 Walker-st., New-York.

INSTRUCTION.

DREW LADIES' SEMINARY, CARMEL, N. Y.—Offers unsurpassed accommodations, safe and pleasant home, and superior educational advantages in solid branches and the arts. Fall session, 19 weeks; opens Aug. 16. For circulars apply to G. C. SMITH, Principal.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE, 24TH-ST.—Notice to former pupils: The fourteenth annual "Distribution des Prix" will take place on WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys; pupils received at any time. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

THE FOURTEENTH COMMENCEMENT of the L'Espinasse Fort Washington Institute takes place THURSDAY, June 24, at 1 o'clock. Parents and guardians are invited to attend.

A HOME AND SCHOOL FOR 10 BOYS Ages 5 to 12. Mrs. G. A. RUSS, Tarrytown, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—TO GO WEST, A LADY AS GOVerness in a private family; one qualified to teach French and music; a French lady (Protestant) who speaks English preferred. Apply on THURSDAY at 10 o'clock, at No. 20 West 24th-st.

TEACHERS WANTING POSITIONS THRO' Amer. School Inst. should apply now. Demand for Autumn is good. J. W. SCHERMERHORN, 14 Bond.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CAST-off clothing to dispose of, can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KIRKPATRICK, No. 466 Pearl st., near Chatham.

HARDWARE.

THE PROVIDENCE TOOL CO.,

No. 205 Broadway, New-York, offer at first hands their heavy hardware and ship chandlery; also,

PEABODY BREECH-LOADING FIRE-ARMS

for infantry, cavalry and sportsmen. They are unequaled for strength, rapidity and accuracy of fire and elegant appearance. Descriptive pamphlets and price lists furnished by H. B. NEWHALL, Agent.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE aged woman a situation as nurse and seamstress; can cut and make children's clothes, alter ladies' dresses; no objection to the country. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 29 London-terrace, West 23d-st.

WANTED—BY AN INDUSTRIOUS WOMAN, a situation in a private family as an excellent cook and good baker; will assist in washing; has good City reference; would go a short distance into the country. Call for two days at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as first-class cook; thoroughly understands her business; meats, game, soups, pastry, creams, jellies, &c.; good baker; City or country; has good reference. At No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-av., (new No. 335,) situations, in City and country, for a large number of cooks, laundresses, waitresses, chambermaids, ladies' maids, nurses, houseworkers, &c.; also, young girls and those lately landed.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent girl as first-class waitress or chambermaid in a private family; 13 years' City reference; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 524 6th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman a situation as seamstress; can emboider, cut and fit children's dresses; or chamberwork and serving maid; best of City references. Call for two days at 392 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts., Room 10.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as laundress; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; has good City references. Call at No. 320 West 21st-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTant woman a situation as an experienced cook; understands meats and pastries; is a good bread and biscuit baker; City or country; good references. Call at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A CAPABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook in a private family; understands the care of milk and butter. Call at No. 226 7th-av., near 23d-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as cook in a small private family; no objection to assist in washing; good reference given. Call for two days at No. 244 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class laundress; has five years' City reference, and is a Protestant. Can be seen for two days at No. 211 West 35th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation to wait on a lady; understands hairdressing and all kinds of family sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 537 6th-av., near 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as chambermaid and laundress; has the best City reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 288 3d-av., third floor.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, A situation as a lady's maid; is a first-class dressmaker and hairdresser. Can be seen at her present situation, 20 West 20th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant girl as child's nurse, to go in the country with a private family; City reference. Call for two days at No. 163 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERIcan woman as lady's maid; has good reference; or would take the situation of infant's nurse. Apply at No. 22 Spring-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as first-class cook in a private family; has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 215 East 25th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN WITH A fresh breast of milk, a situation as wet nurse; can give good testimonials. Can be seen at No. 152 East 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as laundress; good references given. Call at No. 130 West 20th-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO FIND situations for her cook and waitress. Apply between the hours of 10 and 3, at No. 17 West 9th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Call at No. 188 Suffolk-st., between Stanton and East Houston.

WASHING—WANTED BY A RESPECTable woman, a few ladies' or gentlemen's washing; can produce the best of references; terms moderate; fluting done by machine. Inquire for Mrs. MOORE, No. 311 West 44th-st., near 8th-av., front building, top floor.

AT BEDELL'S, NOS. 340 AND 342 4th-av. and 25th-st., excellent situations open for first-class cooks, laundresses, seamstresses, ladies' maids, nurses, waitresses, chambermaids and for general housework.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF PROCURING a situation for a competent girl as chambermaid and laundress; willing to go to the country. She can be seen at her present employer's, No. 64 West 36th-st., on Wednesday and Thursday.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CApable and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 1 First-st., corner Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A STEADY CAPABLE young woman, a situation as seamstress; would assist in chamberwork; understands all kinds of family sewing; can cut and fit children's clothes; operates on Wheeler and Wilson machine; can dress ladies' hair; the best City reference given. Call at No. 312 East 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant woman, a situation as cook in a private family; excellent baker; bread, biscuit, pastry; can take the full charge; the best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 392 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts., Room No. 10.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and waitress in a private family, or would take care of children and do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 16 East 38th-st. Call from 9 until 12 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as dressmaker; understands all kinds of family sewing on Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover & Baker's sewing-machines; is willing to go out by the day, week or month. Call for two days at No. 613 (new number) near 40th-st., 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable English young woman as experienced seamstress and dressmaker; cut, fit, &c.; understands trimming, &c.; or would take nurse and servant; good testimonials; City or country. At BOOKHAM'S No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGlish woman as first-class cook in a hotel or first-class boarding-house, or private house; thoroughly understands her business; best of reference can be given, either City or country. Can be seen at the Intelligence Office corner of 9th-st. and Stuyvesant-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS by an American Protestant woman; a good, plain family seamstress; would prefer a situation by the month, to go in the country; can give the best of reference. Apply at Plimpton's Building, corner 9th-st. and Stuyvesant-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as professed cook; is a good baker; will assist with the coarse washing if required; no objection to the country for the Summer; good City reference. Call at No. 222 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as good cook; is willing to assist with the washing if required; has the best of reference. Can be seen at No. 218 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman in a small private family, as good plain cook, washer and ironer; is a good baker of bread; good City reference. Apply at No. 221 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman; is an excellent cook and baker; is willing to assist with washing; best of reference; no objections to country. Apply for two days at No. 509 East 11th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A CAPABLE nurse; will take charge of one or more children or full charge of an infant from the monthly nurse; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 259 6th-av., near 16th-st., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A private family; best of City reference; understands her business thoroughly; country preferred. Apply at No. 145 East 22d-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERIcan Protestant woman, as child's nurse, or to wait on an invalid lady and do plain sewing; no objection to the country; good City reference. Call at No. 62 West 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY TO do all kinds of fine sewing and to make herself useful, or to take charge of growing children; would go to Europe or to the country. Address for two days H. J., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as cook in a small private family; understands all kinds of cooking; will assist with the washing if required. Call for two days at No. 112 West 20th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a small private family as good cook and to assist in the washing; can give the best of City references. Call for two days at No. 149 East 38th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation in a private family to do upstairs work and plain sewing, or to wait on growing children; good City reference. Call at No. 461 West 27th-st., one door from 10th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECtable young woman as first-class cook; understands her business perfectly; no objection to country; best of references as to ability, sobriety, &c. Apply at No. 340 4th-av., corner 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; understands her business; has no objection to the country; has the very best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 471 6th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as first-class cook, will assist with washing and ironing; no objection to the country for the Summer; has good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 222 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH woman as first-class cook; understands it in all its branches; would like to go in the country for the Summer; best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 367 1st-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD ENGlish nurse to go to Europe with a family. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 157 West 13th-st., near 7th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL lately landed, a situation in a private family; would take care of children or make herself generally useful. Call at No. 8 East 29th-st., for two days.

WANTED.—A LADY IS DESIROUS OF OBtaining a situation for her laundress. Apply for two days at No. 377 5th-av.

MALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND wife, Germans; the man as coachman and gardener; understands the care and management of horses, milking, farming, &c.; is willing to be generally useful; the wife understands the care of milk and butter, seeing to poultry, &c.; are valuable and trusty servants, highly recommended from their last employer. Apply at No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS USEFUL man around a gentleman's place, by a very efficient and respectable young man of Protestant principles; has been used to horses, driving, farming, plain gardening, milking, &c., all his life; willing to do anything that has to be done; never smokes or drinks liquor; is a careful and valuable man. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman; thoroughly understands the care of horses and careful driver; has the best of City references from his last employer; no objection to go to the country. Call or address B, saddler's store, No. 1,325 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single Scotchman of long experience; understands the care of horses and carriages; thoroughly good, careful driver; sober and obliging; best City references. Address C., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, gardener and to be generally useful, by a competent, industrious and reliable young man; is respectful, trusty and not afraid to work, and is highly recommended. Apply to T. H. HENDRICKSON, No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN in a private family by a highly respectable English married man; fifteen years in this City, and will be highly recommended. Address THOMAS H. W., Box No. 212 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A situation as waiter in a private family; he understands his business, and can be well recommended. Call or address WAITER, No. 900 Broadway, corner 20th-st., in grocery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by an experienced Protestant man, who perfectly understands his business. Address R. R., No. 364 East 21st-st., Mr. Bryan's upholstery.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a single man of long experience; understands his business thoroughly; willing to be generally useful on a gentleman's place; best of City references. Address M. E., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; City or country; has had long experience with road horses; best references. Address T., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waiterman in a private family by a single man; the best of City references. Call on J. W., at Barrett's stables, No. 141 East 23d-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant man as coachman and gardener; understands the care of horses thoroughly. Address J. G. M., Box No. 210 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a young single man; best City reference from his last employer. Call or address No. 122 West 25th-st., private stable.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a German; would be willing to make himself useful at a gentleman's place; City or country; he is sober and honest. Inquire at 123 Amity-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by an Englishman; good City reference. Address T. T., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

A RAPID SHORTHAND WRITER desires employment to fill up his leisure hours. Address W. H. P., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE GROcery business, by a young man who has had three years' experience; can furnish references if required. Address J. J. F., box No. 124 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—FOR EXCELLENT SITUATIONS all experienced and respectable girls and women of all work and nations; excellent cooks, ladies' maids, nurses, waitresses, laundresses, seamstresses, houseworkers, &c., BOOKHAM'S, 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, a Protestant woman, who can give thoroughly satisfactory references as to character and capacity. Send address for three days to M. H., Post Office Box No. 3,919.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, a good cook, washer and ironer, to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 338 Broome-st., from 9 to 12.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS nurse in a small institution. Apply at No. 128 2d-av., before 10 A. M.

A FAMILY OF THREE, NEAR THE City, want a Protestant cook, to help washing, and a Protestant nurse. Apply at 128 6th-av., above 10th-st.

A MAN AND WIFE WANTED—$30; WIFE to cook, wash and iron; husband to wait at table. Apply at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1869.

Amusements this Evening.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
ENOCH ARDEN. Leading characters by Mr. Edwin Adams and Miss Blanche De Bar.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
EAST LYNNE. Principal character by Miss Lucille Western.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st. and 5th-av.
DORA. Principal characters by Mr. Robinson, Mr. Vandenhoff, Miss Price and others.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
SINBAD THE SAILOR. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson and Mr. Beckett.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HICCORY DICCORY DOCK. Leading characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy and Mlle. Laurent.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
MOTHER HUBBARD. Leading characters by Miss Rose Massey, Mr. G. Becket and the Laurla.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
THE FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD. Leading character by Miss Fanny Herring.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND THEATRE.
Broadway, corner of 30th-st.
GYMNASTICS, MINSTRELSY, and a large collection of Curiosities.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN,
7th-av., between 58th and 59th-sts.
THEO. THOMAS' POPULAR GARDEN CONCERT.

BRYANTS' MINSTREL HALL.
14th-st., near 3d-av.
VOCALISTS, HUMORISTS, &c. Burlesque—THE PEACE JUBILEE.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening.

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TIMES Office, New-York.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The Zollverein Parliament and the Reichstag closed yesterday and King WILLIAM made the customary closing speeches. He regretted that the debates in the former, on tariff reforms, had failed to produce a definite result, and that the latter had failed to complete the financial arrangements to meet the deficiencies of the Budget.

Last week five thousand emigrants left Liverpool for this and other ports in this country.

ISMAIL PASHA reached London yesterday. He is the guest of the Queen at Buckingham Palace. The Prince of WALES and others met him at the railway station on his arrival, and a large military procession escorted him to the Palace. Extensive preparations have been made for his entertainment.

The London *Star* praises our Government for the measures it has taken to prevent the departure of fillibusters for Cuba.

GENERAL.

The young girl who was found in her room at the St. James Hotel at Pittsburg, Penn., on Saturday noon, insensible from the effects of breathing gas, she having blown out the flame when she retired and neglected to turn the gas off, has since died, notwithstanding every effort was made to save her. She was registered in the office book as "Miss EMMA LITHE, Julien, Penn.," but telegrams to the station at Julien have failed, as yet, to reach her friends, or discover who she is.

FRANK DRAKEMILLER, foreman in the *Democrat* Office at Fort Wayne, Ind., shot and seriously wounded HARVEY WELLS, a few days ago. WELLS had been foreman of the office, but had lost his position for conduct unsatisfactory to the proprietors of the paper. Continuing this conduct after he had been placed at the case, he was discharged. Declaring that DRAKEMILLER had caused his discharge, he assaulted him, and was shot, DRAKEMILLER claims, in self-defence.

All the Pennsylvania Coal Company's miners did not strike on Monday, and those who did have now returned to work.

JEREMIAH CURRAN, JOHN OWENS and EDWARD KEATING, members of the Pennsylvania Miners' Union, have been found guilty in the Schuylkill County Quarter Sessions of conspiracy to stop the colliery of RUSSEL, EVANS & Co., and to defraud and cheat them thereby, and have been sentenced to pay the costs, a fine of $100 each and thirty days' imprisonment, and to give security in $500 for their good behavior for one year.

A presentment has been served on Rev. CHARLES E. CHENEY, of Chicago, by the Council appointed by Bishop WHITEHOUSE, of that city, to examine into his case. He is cited for trial on the 21st of July in the Bishop's Cathedral. The special charge against him is that he omits the words "Regenerate" and "Regeneration" in the Baptismal service, and makes other variations from the prayer book.

Dr. JOSIAH ATKINSON, a well-known physician of Newburyport, Mass., committed suicide on Monday by hanging himself. Cause, temporary insanity.

Mrs. NANCY LYMAN has been indicted by the Grand Jury of Herkimer County, N. Y., for the murder of her husband, EPHRAIM GARDNER, by poison, in March last.

Hon. JOHN T. DEWEESE, charged with criminal abuse of the franking privilege, has been honorable acquitted by the United States Court in Raleigh.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has decided that the Code of Georgia, adopted by the new Constitution, forever prohibits marriages between whites and blacks, and declares all such marriages null and void.

The exercises at Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, yesterday, the second day of Commencement week, included calisthenic and class-day ceremonies, a musical *matinée* in the morning and the planting of an elm tree by the class of "'69." Miss BLATCHLEY, of New-Haven, Conn., delivered an address before the Philalethia Society in the evening.

Colonel BENTON, Commandant at the United States Armory, at Springfield, Mass., is sending away 100,000 muskets, which our Government has sold to the Turkish Government.

Twelve men engaged in lumbering on Fish River Lakes, in the northern part of Maine, were recently poisoned to death by drinking tea in which a lizard had been boiled.

The Attorney-General of Tennessee, dissatisfied with an article in the new Stokes organ in Nashville, directed at himself, attempted to assassinate the editor yesterday. The latter knocked the pistol out of the hands of the former, and then beat him severely.

The Dominion Parliament was prorogued yesterday.

The Executive Committee of the Peace Jubilee Association at Boston, decided last evening to repeat the popular programme of the 17th of June, with the artillery and the anvils, for the personal benefit of the projector, Mr. P. S. GILMORE, at the Coliseum on Tuesday next. The full orchestra and chorus, ADELAIDE PHILLIPS, PAREPA-ROSA, OLE BULL, &c., will be present.

Mr. MATHEW ARMSTRONG, of Greenville, N. J., the son of a well-known resident of that place, accidentally shot himself yesterday, from the effect of which he died almost instantaneously, the ball penetrating the brain. The deceased, who was well known and highly respected, was 21 years of age.

The arrest of several of the Cuban leaders has considerably delayed the departure of the projected expedition. The recruits are very impatient to embark; and the Junta will probably endeavor to gratify them on Thursday next. In case the present officers cannot get off, through the interference of the authorities, others will be substituted in their places.

The Woman's Suffrage Association held its weekly meeting yesterday at the Woman's Bureau, No. 49 East Twenty-third-street. Mrs. PHELPS, Miss ANTHONY, Miss PHEBE COZZENS, Mrs. Dr. JONES, Mrs. BLAKE and Mrs. WILBOUR addressed the Association on subjects connected with the movement.

The alleged Cuban fillibusters, RYAN, ALFARO, ACKERMAN, PETERS, VON STOMBERG, SNIDORF and TAUSSIG, who were arrested on Monday night, were arraigned before United States Commissioner OSBORN yesterday, and admitted to bail pending the examination, which is to commence to-day. In the case of RYAN bail was refused, as he had been previously arrested, and is now under indictment for a similar offence.

The drivers on the Eighth-avenue Railroad line have petitioned for an increase of their daily wages from $2 25 to $2 50. No reply has yet been received from the directors.

W. H. F. RANDALL, of Dallas, Ala., was yesterday nominated by the Democrats of the First District for Congress.

A man giving his name as JOHN WILLIAMS broke into the house of Rev. Dr. WELLS, Pastor of the South Third-street Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, yesterday about 2 o'clock. Mrs. WELLS saw him in her room, and was able to identify him when subsequently arrested. He made his escape from Dr. WELLS' house, but Officers CHICHESTER and FORBES, after climbing a number of fences, caught him. He was taken before Justice VOORHIS yesterday, when he pleaded guilty of an attempt at burglary, and was committed to await the action of the Grand Jury.

British Opinion of the Alabama Question.

To speak of "the American" or "the British" view of the *Alabama* question is a method of expression more convenient than accurate. No statement ever yet made of the question on this side of the water deserves being called "*the* American view," since we have here all grades and shades of opinion from Senator SUMNER'S to Senator GRIMES; and so, we fancy, it is in England, where there is a wide diversity between the positions, for example, of Lord STANLEY and the London *Star*. However, one cardinal variance between American popular demands and British official offers, as they now stand, is that the former rest on a preliminary "acknowledgment of responsibility" for the *Alabama's* ravages, while the latter make this very responsibility matter for arbitration.

So long as this substantial difference remains, so long the quarrel is open. It precludes the possibility of peaceful settlement; its only outlook is a *compulsory* settlement at some future day, when one party may have the other at disadvantage, as, for example, while engaged in war with a third Power.

Is there any hope that one or the other may yield? We frankly confess there is nothing *here* that looks like it. Here in America, as has been said, we have many different views of the grounds of British responsibility for the *Alabama's* ravages. Some deduce it from a general "premature recognition of Confederate belligerency," others more specifically from the issue of the Queen's Proclamation, still others from British "national and official sympathy" with the insurgents, and others yet hold, as we ourselves have insisted from the start, that the *real* injury is based on the fact that the *Alabama* was simply a British vessel, directed against American commerce,—a hostile naval expedition proceeding from Liverpool as its naval base, and afterward protected and provisioned in British colonial ports. But the main point is that we *all* hold, without a dissenting voice, that the British Government is *somehow*, and on *some* ground, responsible for the *Alabama's* ravages. That being so, it is idle to hope for American consent to make the decision upon that responsibility doubtful by referring it to an umpire. If the present British Government is not satisfied of the existence of that responsibility, let it take time to make up its mind regarding it. We, meanwhile, do not intend to run any risk of a decision against us on this point.

How is it on the other side of the water? Do Englishmen cling to the key-point of the discussion with a tenacity equally certain and equally universal? If they do, then, as we have said, good-bye to pacific settlement. But they do *not* so cling to it. On the contrary, a large body of Englishmen admit a national responsibility for the *Alabama's* career. For example, we see evidences of such consentaneousness in the British Press. There is, it is true, a difference of opinion amongst British journals in this matter, just as there is amongst our own—and, indeed, it is amusing to note how patronizingly the former speak of *our* inconsistencies, when they themselves are quite as much at variance—so easy is it to see the mote in a brother's eye, and so hard to note the beam in one's own. Nevertheless, *as a whole*, the British Press agree on this particular point,—and an essential one it is—that the specific damages caused by the *Alabama* should be paid by their Government.

We admit that this is an utterance of the unofficial sentiment of the British people, as against the official sentiment promulgated through the Government. We admit, too, that the latter is directly opposed to the former, and has thus far never conceded responsibility for specific *Alabama* damages. Indeed, there never was a livelier illustration than at this moment of the wide difference between unofficial national force, as represented in the British Press, and official national force, as embodied in the British Government—the former is but the monstrous force of a bound giant, till it actually seizes on and controls the latter. Nevertheless, the attitude of the British Press is encouraging, though it is *national* sentiment in Great Britain that must settle this great problem, sooner or later; and the only question is, which is likelier to be the mouthpiece of public opinion, the true organ of national purpose—the Press or any special Cabinet? We believe the former represents the real potential British opinion.

Now, the London Press has for months been urging—or, rather, hinting—a course which would satisfy America without compromising English national honor. This course is to *pay* the specific Alabama claims. We could cite indications of willingness to settle the matter in this way from half a dozen leading English journals—and yet it is something which has never occurred to the British Government to officially propose. The latter will discuss and "arbitrate" till the crack of doom; but at the mention of the simple word *pay* official dignity revolts—"base is the slave that pays." On the other hand, what we in America desire to get at is, not arbitration—save for settling accounts after admitting original responsibilities—but payment.

What we have demanded of the British Government is, in a word, simply to follow the suggestions of distinguished public men among its own people. When once it makes up its mind (and nobody here urges haste in its deliberation) that the *Alabama* was essentially a British ship, and not a Confederate, having never entered a Confederate port, it will be prepared to assume the proper responsibility for its specific outrages. All after that is of easy settlement; for ten lines in a diplomatic dispatch, or ten words in the preamble of a protocol, would sufficiently settle that difficulty without derogation from the dignity of either party.

The Political Outlook.

If the Cincinnati *Commercial* truly represents the position of affairs in Ohio, the coming campaign promises to be spiritless and uninteresting. A feeling of languor and indifference is uppermost in both parties:

> "There is a condition of almost absolute public indifference as to the coming Conventions. Neither the Republicans nor the Democrats manifest the slightest interest in the state of the country. Such a thing as a spark of enthusiasm is not visible nor distinguishable by any of the senses. The Republicans are not eager for the great battle on the Constitutional Amendment to square off just principles and enter upon the new era. The Democrats do not feel so terribly about the taxes as to acquire an energetic disposition, and solicitude for the multiplication of greenbacks is not as intense as it was. Local newspapers refuse to be concerned about the great State issues. Forty Republican county papers, last week, did not mention the Convention of this week editorially. They omitted the usual exclamation points and appeals to the dear people to "awake, arise, or be forever fallen!" The local politicians report from all quarters that the infatuated agricultural people will not abandon their harvest-fields to save the State."

Our contemporary's statement of the case seems to need correction in one particular. While the Ohio Republicans evince a repugnance to the Fifteenth Amendment and negro suffrage as a specific issue, the Democrats are evidently preparing to concentrate upon it a good deal of effort, and to force it for decision upon the voters of the State. The Republicans will err if they attempt to evade it. There is no necessity for making it paramount in the canvass, but there is a decided impropriety in an attempt to evade responsibility for a measure to which in its national aspects the Republican Party is committed. The Democrats make this measure the chief object of attack, and the choice of the Republicans, therefore, lies between a defence conducted in a spirit which invites defeat, and a manly vindication of a policy logically consequent upon emancipation, and forming the chief cornerstone of reconstruction. There may be local difficulties in the way of the latter procedure, but they are not of a nature that can justify the party in failing to avow a cordial approval of the Congressional course of action.

This view of the duty devolving upon the party does not materially affect the moral of the fact emphasized by the *Commercial*. All the signs betoken great popular indifference. Not only is there no visible enthusiasm,—there is scarcely an average degree of interest manifested in regard to political matters. The approach of an important contest is not heralded, as usual, by exciting discussion or a parade of the grounds of partisan contention.

It were a mistake, however, to suppose that this condition of things is peculiar to Ohio. The "almost absolute public indifference" which challenges remark in Ohio is equally apparent in other parts of the country. Political feeling is almost everywhere down to zero. The season in some degree explains the circumstance. The farming population have urgent practical work to occupy their attention. The crops are to them and to the country a theme of more vital interest than anything political to which journalist or orator can invite their attention. And there will be no change until the fortunes of the harvest shall have been determined, and the condition of the country in some manner settled for another year. Apart from temporary causes of quiet, some allowance must be made for the reaction naturally consequent upon the protracted period of excitement through which the country has passed. Events have for some years made politics a prominent feature in the life of every citizen. A continuous strain has been kept up, first, to preserve the nation from the attacks of its enemies,—next, to consolidate and secure the results of victory. The danger passed, it is not surprising that the mass of the people become comparatively indifferent to political issues. They have grown weary of agitation and strife. They would fain consider the guarantees of national safety so far assured as to render unnecessary a renewal of irritating controversies, at least for the present.

We speak generally of the North and West. Some irritation there must be in Ohio on the negro suffrage question; and the Democrats will do their best to import the same question into every local campaign. In Tennessee, again, political excitement will reach fever heat before the rival claims of SENTER and STOKES are disposed of. There, issues deriving their complexion from the rebellion seem likely to stir partisan passion to its depths. And in the States yet to be reconstructed, earnest, bitter struggles are inevitable. The work there to be finished is the crowning work of national restoration, and its consummation will make them, in conjunction with Tennessee, the theatre of an exceptional political activity. It will not be possible, for some time to come, to write of them in the terms applied to Ohio by the Cincinnati journalist.

Poisoning the Croton River—Startling Revelations.

The inquiry of the Board of Health into the recent statements that the purity of the Croton River and its tributaries was endangered, has resulted in the discovery of facts which, as set forth in another column, will astonish those who are accustomed to use Croton water as a steady beverage. It appears from the account of our reporter, who accompanied the Board of Health in their investigations at Lake Mahopac, that there exists on a single small tributary of the Croton River at least one large gas manufactory, numerous slaughter-houses and innumerable other smaller establishments, giving forth filth, infection and disease, and that these empty their refuse into the swift waters of the river, to be swept down into the reservoirs and the pipes of the Croton Aqueduct. Our account is in regard only to a single stream; there are dozens of others which it is believed are defiled in the same manner.

The Board of Health of this City is active in inquiries in regard to this method of poisoning our water, and we shall doubtless soon know, from the chemist who is giving the subject scientific examination and analysis, the full extent of the trouble. The Board will also, we do not doubt, be active in efforts to abate the nuisance; but the question at once comes up, how is it to do it? Under the common law, any person who is open to the charge of befouling a river on which so many thousands of persons are dependent for a supply of water, is plainly liable to punishment. But this procedure necessitates instituting a suit against each individual thus liable, and entails an enormous expense on the people. The Board of Health has no jurisdiction in the matter, and can merely prosecute, not judge and execute, as it might do if the nuisance existed in any part of the Metropolitan District. To be effective, therefore, since the Board of Health has no jurisdiction, the action must be taken by the Legislature. What is needed is an express statute passed with especial reference to the prevention of the evil, which may grow into gigantic proportions, and a lodgment of the powers of such statute in hands that are capable of using them. There is no question of equity involved in the matter. The streams flowing into the Croton are not the sole property of the farmers whose lands lie contiguous to them. New-York City has a vested interest in the proprietorship of these streams, so far at least as preserving the purity of the waters is necessary to the health of its people; and since the evil may, in time, come to be one of gigantic proportions, prompt and positive action ought to be insisted upon.

Our Immigration from Europe.

The indications of the early Spring, that the emigration from Europe to this country during the present Summer would exceed in numbers that of any preceding year, are now all but certain to be verified. From Ireland, North and South Germany, England, Scotland, and Sweden and Norway, the rush westward is greater than ever. During seven days, at the commencement of the current month, no less than seven thousand eight hundred men, women and children left Liverpool alone for the United States and Canada. All the steamers of the German lines, both of which are now running extra boats nearly every week, bring their full complement of emigrants. We even hear that one or two of the English lines have had to close their books for steerage passengers for some weeks, so great is the demand for cheap transit for intending citizens. It is seldom that a month elapses without some new steamer being added to the fleets of the emigrant-carrying steamship companies, and yet they never experienced so great difficulty in satisfying the demands made upon them. According to all appearances, the influx to our shores this year will be absolutely unprecedented.

In investigating the causes of this remarkable increase of immigration, the first thing that strikes one is the evident impossibility of accounting for it according to the old theories of the influences which were supposed to control the tide of emigration from the Old World. There is no widespread, acute or special distress now existing in Great Britain, which might tend to drive large classes from their native land in search of livelihood, in addition to the chronic pauperism and misery in which so large a proportion of the working population has long been plunged. There is every indication of a wish on the part of England to relieve Ireland from the pressure of injustice and misgovernment, and Ireland has already been largely depleted. The prospect of European war, and the consequent fear of the conscription in North Germany, are far smaller than they were a year or two years ago. There is greater popular freedom, and less danger of arbitrary oppression throughout Europe than was ever the case before. And yet from England, Ireland and Germany, the number of those who are deliberately casting off the ties of nationality and home, in order to become citizens of America, is now greater than in years when there was more ostensible reason for them to do so than there is now.

There are, however, many agencies at work which, on a little consideration, suffice to account for the new impulse to the westward exodus, more especially from Great Britain, and, at the same time, serve to hold out a prospect of its permanence. First among them, we fancy, is the spread of enlightenment, and the consequent ability to appreciate the *hopelessness* of their present condition among the laboring classes of Europe. Even if they are not actually starving, they are now enabled to contrast their brightest prospects on the other side of the Atlantic with the ordinary chances of an able-bodied, industrious emigrant, and are becoming heartsick at the idea of living any longer on what is, at best, but the verge of pauperism. And not only are there now greater facilities for emigrating, but the means for obtaining information, for organizing emigrant parties on a large scale, for raising and economizing resources, are daily becoming more thoroughly systematized. The fact that Great Britain suffers from a plethora of population, the only remedy for which is emigration, is now acknowledged by large classes who but a few years ago looked upon such doctrines as little short of rank political heresy. The ease, too, with which information as to the conditions of life in America, social and material, are now acquired, tends to break the spell of that all but animal instinct which has hitherto bound the Englishman, and even, in a certain degree, the German, to a particular spot. And taking into consideration the assurance at last pervading Europe, that we are now about to enter upon an era of renewed peace and increased prosperity, we see no reason to wonder at the vast increase in the numbers of those who are seeking our shores, or to doubt an even still greater development of a movement that is at once relieving the Old World, adding to the resources of the New, and placing present comfort, and the prospect of independence in the future, within the reach of hundreds of thousands, who now neither enjoy the former nor can hope to attain the latter.

The Treasury and the Sinking Fund.

We believe that it may be taken for granted that the Secretary of the Treasury means to execute, strictly and conscientiously, *as from the 4th of March last*, the Sinking Fund act of 1862, which his predecessors singularly neglected for seven years, and which his immediate predecessor had no other reason or apology for neglecting for four years of the seven, after the close of the war and the maximum of the public debt had been attained, than that he preferred some other mode of reducing the debt, out of his general means. Acting upon the pledge of the new Administration to execute all the laws of Congress, as long as they remain in the statute books, and also upon the opinion of the President that if any law be deemed unwise, or even positively bad, the best way to get rid of it or to demonstrate its impolicy is to execute it strictly, Mr. BOUTWELL has determined to carry out the Sinking Fund act of Feb. 25, 1862, in letter and in spirit. Not that he deems it of questionable policy—for on the contrary he has expressed his confidence in its most favorable working, but because he believes it to be his duty, reaffirmed as the act was by a subsequent joint resolution of Congress two years after its passage.

But, as Congress will meet again in five or six months, the Secretary does not feel himself called upon to go back of his own term of office, and to condone the neglect of his predecessor, by bringing up any part of the arrearages due to the Sinking Fund up to the 4th March last. In taking this view of his own duty in the premises, he is far from denying that the whole of the surplus Gold, now in the Treasury, derived from the Customs, over and above the accumulated Gold Interest on the Public Debt, which he is careful to exhibit in his monthly schedules, rightly belongs to the Sinking Fund, or that much of the Gold or its proceeds heretofore disposed of under the joint resolution of March 17, 1864, should also have been applied to this Fund. The whole amount specifically appropriated to the Sinking of the Public Debt, to the 30th June, 1869, inst., should be $156,000,000. The amount which will have been invested is only $8,620,000; but this is all that properly fell within the first four months of the new Administration. It remains for Congress, in December next, to act upon the question of bringing up the arrearages, in whole or in part, amounting to about $147,380,000. Should the available surplus in the Treasury continue large, as at present, we presume that the Secretary, on his conviction of the wisdom and practical good effect of the law, as he will then have tested both to the extent of nearly twenty million of dollars, will ask for authority to increase his purchases for the Sinking Fund, as for the previous fiscal periods.

We refer to the subject to-day because of the announcement that after the 1st of July, upon entering a new fiscal year, the Secretary will divide his purchases of $26,000,000 for this new year, by $1,000,000 of United States 5-20s every two weeks. The equality of this division is exact, though the convenience to the public and to the means in the Treasury may not always be the same. The announcement itself is right as a clear declaration of the purpose of the Administration to steadily carry out the law. It is treated by some of our contemporaries as a "change of policy." It is nothing of the kind. The "policy," if an act of duty may be so termed, is the same as from the first day the Secretary put the Sinking Fund in operation. These purchases are to be kept up after the new fiscal period begins as they have been kept up as for the four months of the year now closing. The further notice that he will sell $1,000,000 Gold on the alternate weeks does not change the matter; nor does it necessarily confine the sales of Gold to the specified amount, except until further notice, although at the moment it seems every way desirable that the two operations should go on in equal proportions at least until the July Gold Interest on the Public Debt.

MINOR TOPICS.

Accounts from Delaware, and also from the Middle States generally, show that the harvest of the fruits and vegetables is remarkably plentiful, and this is what would naturally be expected from the heavy rains of this Spring and Summer, in these States. The plenty is a matter of general congratulation; but it is surprising, at the same time, that those fruits and vegetables—especially the latter—are not a little cheaper in our markets. They are "very firm," as the dealers call it, and we can only hope that a fortnight or so of this vegetating weather will enable us to benefit in a greater degree by all our railway facilities.

The *Great Eastern* steamer has favorably begun once more the task of laying down a line of ocean telegraph; and, considering the former experience of those employed in the business, and the methodic genius of the French, there is reason to suppose the undertaking will be a successful one, should no great storm disturb the Atlantic. The *Great Eastern* was once a very unlucky and blundering concern, and people wondered what she was fit for. She now seems to be fit for laying ocean-telegraph cables, on account of her great stowage and superior steadiness on the water. We shall, no doubt, have from day to day the Brest account of her westward progress.

The Egyptian Viceroy, ISMAIL PASHA, has gone to London from Paris, where he was a guest at the palace, accompanied the Emperor and Empress to the opera, and did everything that a Christian prince may, of right, do, under the circumstances. He was educated in France, and is very French in his ideas. He has an English side also—having, during our troubles, grown large cotton crops on the Delta for Leeds and Manchester, and he expects English help to build his railway from Cairo to Thebes, and the First Cataract which, in the end, will tap Ethiopia. He is also thinking of a more direct railway from Alexandria to Suez through Cairo—being a sort of NAPOLEON III. in his own way.

It is easier to understand the exalted view which the Bostonians take of the Peace Jubilee, in the light of the circumstance that two of the leading divines of that city made it the text of their sermons on Sunday. To Rev. Dr. NEALE Mr. GILMORE furnished a bright example of the strength that lies in simple faith; GILMORE had faith in himself, and carried the enterprise through to success on the strength of that faith. "All praise to him! All praise to him!" ejaculates the good doctor. The efficiency of the Committees of Arrangements showed how much could be accomplished in the Church if it could only effect a like skillful organization of labor, and the red-shirted firemen playing the "Anvil Chorus" were dwelt on as illustrating how God can draw use and beauty from the most unlooked-for sources. Rev. Dr. MINER declared that the idea of the Festival and its execution had never been exceeded in grandeur and beauty. After this warning from the Boston pulpit, our critics should understand that any gibing of the Jubilee will be held as flat irreverence.

The recent debates in the English House of Lords on the bill providing for the creation of Life-Peerages were of an exceedingly interesting nature. Among the ablest speakers were the Marquis of SALISBURY, the Duke of ARGYLE, the Earl of MALMESBURY, Lord HOUGHTON, Earl GRANVILLE, Earl RUSSELL and Lord STRATFORD DE REDCLIFFE. The speech of the Earl of MALMESBURY was very caustic. He argued that under the bill titular honors would lose their value by becoming common—that next they would become worthless, and finally, discreditable,—so that, at last, when a man was made a Peer, people would say, "Served him right." For Englishmen such a prospect is appalling,—not only for the possessors of titles, but for the great body of the people, who worship them even more than their possessors.

The Societies for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals have been making an effective campaign among the Legislatures this year. Maine, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Iowa have each enacted a statute for the prevention of cruelty to animals. New-York and New-Jersey had their laws two years ago, and neither of the recently enacted statutes of other States is so comprehensive and efficient as our own. The Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals publish a weekly journal. Its last issue contains the stirring announcement: "Red Veal Triumphant!" which means that the Society, having persuaded the community that white veal is less nutricious and less healthful than that which has its natural color, the leading butchers in the State have ceased the bleeding of calves, and purchasers demand red veal. We observe that a Prevention of Cruelty Society has just been incorporated in Canada.

In two respects St. Louis railroad cars are in advance of New-York. The platform has movable side gates. These are closed on the front end and left open in the rear. This prevents all jumping on or off of the front part of the car. The other is in the universal use of tickets. Each conductor sells tickets in a strip, five for twenty-five cents. These tickets pass on all routes. The conductor pierces each ticket openly as he receives it. They are issued from a central office in any amount required, and are in common use. The fare without tickets is seven cents. It is a very sure guard on conductors, as he has to handle but very little money except for tickets. He loses but little time in making change.

The British Paliament have been inquiring for the reason why the cost of the Abyssinian expedition has so greatly exceeded the estimates. At the time of the war, the Government estimated its expenses to be under $30,000,000, but it is now found that they were nearly double the sum. The debates on the subject have been very vigorous, but they have not thrown much light upon it. We should say, however, that if the British Government can always get estimates as near the fact as this, they will do very well. In this country, we generally find that the cost of anything undertaken by the Government is three or four times greater than the estimates that had been made.

On the renewal of the reciprocity or convention question with Canada, the Ministers of the Dominion will have the management of matters a good deal in their own hands, according to the expressed policy of the Home Government. The Commissioners expected in Washington will coöperate with Mr. THORNTON, and their action will, no doubt, tend to show how much they appreciate a good understanding with our people. They must feel that their best interests are bound up with ours, and that exclusions and restrictions should not exist between those brought so closely and inevitably together by nature herself, to say nothing of language and other obvious influences.

The Sultan of Turkey has conferred the title of Pasha upon Sir SAMUEL BAKER in recognition of his humane gallantry in assuming the guidance of the expedition to exterminate the slave traffic on the White Nile, dispatched by the Viceroy of Egypt at the instance of the Prince of WALES. "BAKER PASHA" is a title that sounds strange in Anglo-Saxon ears, but the mode in which it has been earned is stranger still. What may we not expect when an Egyptian potentate accepts philanthropic counsel from a Christian Prince, and the successor of MOHAMMED himself bestows high honor on a plain English gentleman for forwarding the work of civilization at the sources of the Nile! And what would SALADIN or GODFREY DE BOUILLON think of the affair!

THE CROPS.—The present harvest will prove by far the richest gathered in this valley for many years. The growth of all kinds of grain, with the exception of corn, is remarkable, and gives every evidence of quality and quantity that the most unreasonable could wish. Corn is doing well enough; but a great deal was planted late, and, of course, does not make as good a showing as other grains.—*Dayton (Ohio) Ledger, June 19.*

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE WESTPHALIA AND CHINA.

The steamship *Westphalia*, which left Hamburg June 9, and Havre on June 12, and the steamship *China*, from Liverpool June 12, and Queenstown June 13, arrived at this port yesterday. The news thus received is later by two days than was already at hand. Captain SCHWENSEN, of the *Westphalia*, will accept our thanks for late German and French papers.

AFFAIRS IN FRANCE.

The Riots in Paris and the Provinces—The Opposition Gains in the Chamber—Jules Favre's Penitence.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Friday, June 11, 1869.

The *Journal Officiel* publishes an Imperial decree invoking the Corps Legislatif for the 18th of the present month. If we are to believe the *Peuple*, which is supposed to derive its information direct from M. ROUHER, the session is to be confined merely to the verification of the credentials of the new deputies, and will not be opened by any speech from the throne. The fatal influence of the Minister of State would seem to have prevailed in this as in many other dangerous crises of the Imperial *régime*. Instead of at once giving satisfaction to the popular demands, expressed through the medium of the suffrage in a manner not to be mistaken, it appears that M. ROUHER has hastened the convocation of the Chamber merely to work upon the fears of those who have been hitherto acting with the Government by the old bugbear of the *Spectre Rouge*, and to prevent the formation of that Tiers Parti, which is more formidable to him than the radical opposition. With this view his agents have been secretly provoking the disturbances of which Paris and others of the principal cities of France are being made the theatre, and which would be utterly inexplicable but for the course which is said to have been decided upon by the Government. In reference to the questions which have provoked results so hostile to the existing system, we shall have neither promises nor performances. The short session which is about to open will be strictly confined to what is called the *verification des pouvoirs*, and in the meanwhile the nation will be left in suspense and anxiety regarding the intentions of the Emperor, to whom all now look for a frank solution of the questions to which the recent elections have given such pressing importance. Then, instead of satisfying the hopes deferred by Ministerial perverseness, it is proposed, in the session which is to commence in November next, to divert the attention of the Chamber from questions of political reform by bringing up for consideration others which, though important in an economical and educational point of view, are not those upon which the nation demands an immediate and candid assurance. The *Constitutionnel*, a journal whose devotion to the dynasty cannot be called in question, condemns unequivocally this policy of the *statu quo*.

THE COMING STORM.

Since my letter of Wednesday the disturbances which followed the elections in Paris, Bordeaux, Nantes and other cities, have assumed quite an alarming character. In the provinces where the Government has been resorting to all sorts of manœuvres to falsify the suffrage, these occurrences are not to be wondered at; but in Paris, where the popular victory has been complete, people are asking themselves how it happens that the capital should be the theatre of such disquieting scenes as have been nightly repeated here since the last election. The assertion that they have been occasioned by disappointment at the non-election of ROCHEFORT is simply ridiculous. The influence of his name among the working classes is very limited, and although he is unquestionably a favorite with the students it is certain that others beside the latter had a share in getting up these disturbances. Who those others were is best known to the Police authorities, for to the working classes of the capital most of the ringleaders were strangers. It is certain moreover that but for the irritating character of the demonstrations made by the Police there would have been but little or no rioting. The formation of military cordons in the Boulevards and on some of the streets leading into them, to the great annoyance of foot and carriage passengers, the forced evacuation of the *cafés* and restaurants at an early hour in the evening, to the great injury and loss of their proprietors, and the insolent language of the Police agents in dealing with the crowd, were all circumstances sufficiently aggravating in themselves to produce the disorders which have caused such alarm. Having passed some time in the disturbed quarters of the city, both last night and the night before, I can bear testimony to the fact that all the outrages that were committed were the work of a few knots of individuals who had evidently been organized for the purpose, and obeyed *a mot d'ordre*.

The worst and most disquieting feature of these manifestations is that from small beginnings they are nightly swelling in numbers and gravity, and are extending all over the city. Last evening, besides the disorders on the Boulevard Montmartre, which were pushed even to the breaking of the iron seats, the destruction of the kiosks and some say even to an attempt to form barricades, similar disturbances occurred on the Rue Saint Maur, the Faubourg du Temple, the Boulevard de Belleville and the Rues Ramponneau and Trois Couronnes. About 10 o'clock, half way between Belleville and Menilmontant, a band of men composed of the worst elements of the population of that retired quarter made its appearance in the public thoroughfares armed with iron bars, and commenced breaking and wrecking everything that stood in their way. One of the kiosks was burned, the shutters of the shops were torn down and the gas lamps destroyed. A detachment of the *Garde de Paris*, composed of a squadron and two companies of infantry was dispatched to the spot, and by a system of progressive occupation of the different points, the troops and Police not only drove the rioters before them, but prevented them assembling again in the places from which they had been expelled. It was by a similar system of tactics that the Boulevard Montmartre, and the streets leading into it, were cleared toward 2 o'clock this morning without any collision between the troops and the people. It is said that during the three nights that these disturbances have lasted, a great number of persons have been wounded, and that some even are dead. I am inclined to think that this latter portion of the statement has no foundation; for, if it were true, the Radical journals would be sure to publish the names and residences of the defunct.

If this state of things continues a few nights longer, the consequences will be disastrous. It is thus that revolutions usually commence in France; and, though a few isolated disturbances might suit the purpose of the Government, in order to enable it to work on the fears of the majority, those which are now occurring in the capital may be carried to such an extent as to render sanguinary measures of repression necessary for the vindication of its authority. Besides nothing is more dangerous than this familiarization of the populace with the operations and tactics of a military force. They end by despising them and feeling greater confidence in their own resources. Thus last night it was observable that the disposition to resistance had become more general, and that although the crowd fell back under pressure they did so without any tendency to panic and returned again to confront the military at other points. While in Paris we are passing from bad to worse, and are anticipating nightly a desperate collision between the troops and the malcontent elements of the capital, in the Provinces it is said that tranquillity has been everywhere restored. From what has already occurred there, however, it is evident that Paris has but to give the signal to cause a general rising throughout France.

THE OPPOSITION AND THE ELECTIONS.

The Opposition journals are counting up the gains which they have effected in the late electoral struggles. You may remember that previous to the contest I estimated the total of the

Opposition in the new Chamber at about 100. The following, which I take from the *Liberté*, will show that I was pretty nearly correct.

The ballots of the 23d and 24th of May gave the following results: Official Deputies, 174; Opposition Deputies, 55. Total, 229.

The ballots of the 6th and 7th of June returned 23 Official and 36 Opposition Deputies.

The definite result is therefore as follows: Official Deputies, 190; Opposition Deputies, 91.

It should be stated that among the 91 Deputies of the Opposition, four Paris Deputies have had double elections in the Provinces. On the other hand there have to be added to the official ranks the two Deputies from Corsica.

A LESSON OF ADVERSITY.

JULES FAVRE never entitled himself to more of the public respect and admiration than by the letter which he has just addressed to M. PEYRAT, of the *Avenir National*. After thanking the latter for the support which he and his *confrères* of the Press and of the seventh circumscription had given to his candidature, he says:

"I felt in maintaining it that I might wound susceptibilities that I should have been happy to spare, and that in the eyes of many I might appear to resist an energetic protestation. I did not the less persevere, however, convinced that the movement exceeded the object. I believed right to be more powerful than anger. The majority of the electors proved to me that I was not mistaken; but in welcoming its vote as a power and as a hope, I accept as a salutary lesson the sentiment of the minority that I combatted. It imposes upon me a duty which I shall endeavor to fulfill—that of being, according to the measure of my strength, the interpreter of the aspirations which it develops. Happy at having contributed to remove from the situation the fears to which it might have given rise, I shall apply myself to prepare the necessary conclusion commended by the votes of the 24th of May and 7th of June. They demonstrate to the most prejudiced that universal suffrage, capable of moderating itself, is to-day the only legitimate power; the only one which insures a pacific triumph to right; the only one which engenders authority in all its forms by the resolute practice of complete liberty. The safety of modern society is to be found in the development of this principle, and I can bind myself to assert it with all the more firmness from the fact that in presence of my electors I have held to the purpose of abstaining from all promises on this point, and that in doing so I was only consistent with myself, and was following the route that was opened to me by my intelligent friends of the Press and the Chamber."

Next to being right, the readiness to acknowledge one's errors is one of the greatest qualities in a public man, and certainly no one could do this in a more graceful and honorable manner than M. FAVRE has done.

Detailed Account of the Latest Disturbances in the French Metropolis.

Paris (June 10) Correspondence Morning Herald.

My telegrams of last night and this morning will have informed you that order had once more been disturbed in Paris, on the Boulevard Montmartre—the centre of the city, close to the Bourse and the Rue Vivienne—at Belleville, and on the Place de la Bastille. What took place on the Boulevard Montmartre between 9 o'clock last night and 1 o'clock this morning I witnessed myself. I will, therefore, begin by relating what I saw. A little before 9 o'clock I started from the Madeleine and strolled toward the Faubourg Montmartre by the boulevards. The Boulevard de la Madeleine, the Boulevard des Capucines, and the Boulevard des Italiens, presented their usual aspect; people lounging, looking into shop windows, and sitting in front of the *cafés* consuming beer and grog. On the part of the Boulevard Montmartre between Rue Richelieu and Rue Vivienne there were rather more people than usual, but everything was dead quiet; between the Rue Vivienne and the Rue Montmartre there was a very great crowd, consisting exclusively of well-dressed people, and the absence of any excitement was as remarkable as the utter absence of sergents de ville. On the north side of the boulevard the crowd between the Passage Jouffroy and the Rue du Faubourg Montmartre (those who don't remember Paris may be reminded that the Passage is opposite Rue Vivienne and that Faubourg Montmartre is opposite Rue Montmartre) was larger than on the southern side. The great topic of conversation was the absence of the Police, and most people expressed an opinion that if the Police did not show the evening would pass off quietly, and some were even congratulating the Government on its wisdom in trying the experiment of keeping the Police away, when, just as I reached the Faubourg Montmartre, a band of a couple of hundred ragamuffins, coming from the Rue Montmartre, marched across the boulevard down the faubourg, singing the "Marseillaise." These fellows looked like regular Yahoos, and there was some hissing as they passed. Judging from the length of time that their voices were heard before they appeared, they must have formed a very long way down the Rue Montmartre, where they could have been very easily intercepted; allowing them to come up to the boulevards certainly looked as if it was meant to give that part of the town a lesson. The traditions of the late M. CARLIER, when he was head of the Secret Police under LOUIS PHILIPPE, are perhaps not wholly forgotten. On the occasion of one of the many *emeutes* which his reign was conspicuous for, the National Guard refused to turn out, and the King was greatly perplexed what to do, as he had—and all sovereigns in France should have—an utter abhorrence of using the regular troops to fight in the streets. M. CARLIER called on His Majesty, and told him he had a ready means of making these national guardsmen do their duty and obey their summons to arms. He proposed to rig out a couple of hundred of the brawny ruffians of the "Central Police Brigade" in blouses more or less ragged, and send them out with an order to plunder half a dozen shops in the Palais Royal and the Rue de la Paix. The old King, so far from assenting to this clever manipulation of the spectre rouge, threatened to kick the Sieur CALIER down stairs; but *tempora mutantur*, and all sovereigns are not as scrupulous as LOUIS PHILIPPE. However, to resume my narrative. These ragamuffins marched down the Faubourg Montmartre, round by Rue Grange Bateliere and Rue Drouot, and then up the boulevard. During their transit their number had increased. The Police had behaved with such brutality during the nights of Monday and Tuesday toward quiet lookers-on—people of the quarter smoking their pipes outside their doors and looking on—that there is a decidedly ugly spirit abroad in the quarter. The Police have been very injudiciously armed with that formidable weapon for close quarters called a knuckle-duster, and have used it with an indiscriminating liberality that will not soon be forgotten. However, whether the cause were revenge, a love of fun and mischief, beer, or what not, certain it is that when the ragamuffins reappeared on the Bouleuard after performing the circuit described above, their numbers had more than trebled, and the "Marseillaise" and the "Mourir pour la Patrie" were sung with immense effect by about six hundred voices, and with such effect, indeed, that the people in the *cafés* loudly applauded. Well, they marched up this self-same Boulevard Montmartre, and somehow broke up. It was then close on 10:30. Suddenly, noiselessly, a body of about four hundred policemen mustered at the corner of the Rue Montmartre and the boulevard. A crowd naturally collected to look at them, and I crossed over to see what was likely to go on. The crowd at this point was not very large, was most respectably dressed, and was as quiet as possible. To its intense astonishment, a brawny policeman on the left of the detachment steps out, shakes his fist at this crowd, and ejaculates, "*Ah, tas de canaille! Vous voulez des coups de poing? Soyez tranquilles! on va vous en servir!*" This provocation was received with loud hooting, and not being anxious to take part in the pugilistic contest evidently impending, I rushed into a *café* opposite. The *café* was in the act of being closed and cleared; the Passage des Panoramas was shut, so was the Passage Jouffroy and the Theatre des Variétés, and of course there were great crowds in the boulevards. The Police meanwhile had kept very quiet, but the "Marseillaise" was once more heard, and with loud applause. There was all of a sudden a stampede which carried me down the Rue Vivienne, and which I took advantage of to send you off my first telegram. On returning to the boulevard I saw the crowd being driven down, with great forbearance, by a couple of battalions of infantry and a squadron of cavalry of the Garde de Paris. They were followed by crowds of Police, who drew up a line to prohibit circulation across the Rue Montmartre, Rue Vivienne and Rue Richelieu, and circulation on the boulevards was interdicted between Rue Rougement and Rue Laffitte. I heard a great uproar and rolls of the drum, and, by dint of dodging through back streets, found that the Police were making raids down the Faubourg Montmartre, hitting people right and left with their knuckle-dusters, while further on the legal summons to disperse, accompanied by roll of drum, was being issued by a Commissary of Police. So I presume there must have been a crowd there. The noise gradually subsided, and I sent you my second telegram, at 12:35 A. M. On trying to get home by the shortest cut I found the Rue Vivienne still occupied, but got away by the Rue Richelieu to the boulevard. There was loud uproar in the Rue Grange Bateliere. I went to see what was the matter. People standing in their doorways were complaining of the Police and their knuckle-dusters. One man, I am told, had his arm fractured. While I was getting these particulars the noise which had all the while been perfectly audible in the Faubourg Montmartre, became louder; there was a rush and a stampede, and as it was 1:30 I elected to go home.

The *Gazette des Tribunaux* gives an account of this disturbance, and also of the far more serious outbreaks which appear to have taken place at Belleville and at the Place de la Bastille. I subjoin it *quantum valeat*:

"Some tumultuous manifestations were again made on Tuesday evening and last night. On the first of these occasions at about 10:45 o'clock, a band of men in white blouses made their appearance on the Boulevard Montmartre, near the entrance of the Passage Jouffroy, shouting '*Vive* ROCHEFORT,' '*Vive La Lanterne.*' A body of sergens de ville soon arrived and forced a passage through the crowd, inviting people to disperse, but the groups reformed themselves as soon as the Police agents had passed, and the clamors became more violent. Information was then sent to the Prefect of Police, who ordered the mounted Guard de Paris to proceed to the disturbed quarter. The appearance of the troops sufficed to hasten the dispersion of the rioters, and by 2 in the morning it was again quiet. While this scene was taken place on the Boulevard Montmartre, a numerous band of men coming down the hill of Belleville were breaking lamps and windows. It is affirmed that they attacked a prisoners' van that happened to be passing, and wounded the guard and coachman, but the latter escaped their hands by flogging on his horses. The column then took the direction of the Place de la Bastille, but was dispersed by the sergens de ville before it could reach that quarter. Thirteen persons were arrested. Last night similar scenes of disorder were repeated. A large number of persons assembled on the Boulevard Montmartre, attracted by curiosity, when about 10 o'clock a band of fifty workmen in blouses, generally apprentices, marched past singing the 'Marseillaise.' Half an hour later the disorder increased, and a large body of sergens de ville took possession of the thoroughfare at the angle of the faubourg. At 11 o'clock all the *cafés* and shops were closed on that point. The Police drove back the people into the Rue Montmartre and then barred the entrance to that street. A company of infantry of the Garde de Paris occupied the foot pavement on one side of the Boulevard Poisonnère, and a mounted detachment of the same arm were massed across the road. The omnibuses and other vehicles were compelled to pass along the Rue Bergère and other side streets, so as to leave the great thoroughfare open. Up to 11 o'clock the crowd was still very dense, but consisted more of idlers than of ill-disposed individuals. At midnight the infantry cleared the whole of the Boulevard, from the Rue Rougemont to the Rue Lafitte, and, having closed all access from the lateral streets, prevented any circulation between those points. The centre of the district where the assemblages had collected having been thus evacuated, the crowd gradually dispersed, and at 1 o'clock but few spectators remained in the streets. At Belleville the disorders were more serious. As early as 8 in the evening a strong body of the Garde de Paris, both infantry and cavalry, had to be called out; all the gas lamps on the Boulevard Belleville and in the Faubourg du Temple were broken; the *kiosk* of a newspaper seller was set on fire and exploded from an escape of gas, and the *Café de l'Indépendence* was sacked. Order was not reëstablished until 11:30; the Police, however, still occupying the chief thoroughfares. Numerous arrests were made. Some disturbances, but less serious, also occurred on the Place de la Bastille."

The *Reveil* was seized yesterday, and to-day we are told that three of its editors have been arrested in its very office, on a charge of "conspiring against the safety of the State," a vague phrase, which may mean either high treason or a petty misdemeanor.

That is about all the news I have to give you. If I may presume to offer my opinion on it, it is only because I have seen every revolution and insurrection here since 1848. I am convinced that there would have been no row at all if the Police (and their knuckle-dusters) had not been brought into requisition last Monday evening; there would have been no disturbance whatever either on Tuesday or last night. The people of Paris are a very odd people. There are times when they will stand anything; there are others when they are extremely sensitive, and when far less than being called "*tas de canaille*" by the Central Police Brigade, and then being chased and knocked down with these murderous weapons, has raised their temper to a very dangerous pitch. It is all very well to talk of wide boulevards, masses of troops, and so forth. Let it be borne in mind—and I say this advisedly—that the Empire could not possibly survive a repetition of the Deux Decembre. A few hundred ragamuffins singing "Marseillaise" do no harm; they did no harm last night; it is only the savage system of repression exhibited that creates a row, and of the effect it produces you may judge by this day's Bourse. These demonstrations are certain to be renewed; if there be a repetition of last night's scenes on the part of the Police you may be sure there will be a serious row.

I had written thus far when I got a proclamation of the Prefect of Police, calling on all "good citizens" to keep at home, and telling us that railings have been snatched from a market (at Menilmontant) and used to plunder private property. What took place there I don't know, but, if the Police pounce down on peaceful people with knuckle-dusters, I am afraid they must look for reprisals. A very stormy night is expected. If anything particular occur I will telegraph before you can get this.

The Late Henry J. Raymond—Interment of His Remains in Green-Wood.

The remains of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND were yesterday afternoon laid away in their last resting-place, in Green-Wood. As the family of the deceased wished to have the burial entirely private, none were present beside them, and the only service was a prayer over the grave.

An Incident in Mr. Raymond's Political Life.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

In 1852, in his capacity of substitute for General B. F. BRUCE, a regular delegate from New-York to the Whig National Convention at Baltimore, he addressed that body at length, in spite of strong opposition from extreme Southern men, in exposition of the Whig side of Northern sentiment.—*World.*

The foregoing paragraph refers to an incident which did more than any preceding event in Mr. RAYMOND's life to give him a national reputation. The antagonism between the Northern and Southern wings of the Whig Party, which had been gradually growing more and more irreconcilable, was threateningly intense when the Whig Convention met in Baltimore in '52. It was known that an effort would be made by the Southern delegates, in combination with their weak-kneed associates from the North, to secure the organization of the Convention, so as to insure an extreme pro-slavery platform. To overawe—as had been so often done—the delegates from the free States, large numbers of Southern sympathizers were favored with conspicuous positions in the lobbies of the hall, to check, in their own way, any manifestation of the "free-soil" sentiment of the Convention. Quietly, but with an order and system which indicated a resolute purpose, good places in the hall were also secured for some fifty or sixty resolute Northerners, who, with the mass of the party, had become restive under the crack of the Southern whip, and who were quite resolved to have fair play, if they had to fight for it. The spirit and determination exhibited on that occasion initiated the revolution in public sentiment which followed, and was the beginning of the grand movement which demonstrated to the South and to the world that there was a North which, when aroused, had the moral courage to shake off, if necessary, an alliance which dwarfed their aspirations for universal freedom, and made them the unwilling allies of the slave power.

SIMEON DRAPER, with watch in hand, called the Convention to order promptly at 12 o'clock—to the great disappointment of the Southern delegates, who had arranged to secure the organization. It was charged that the hour had been anticipated; but a reference to the Observatory time showed that the gentleman selected to make the motion by the Southern delegates was too slow, not that Mr. DRAPER's time was too fast. This first victory was hailed with intense enthusiasm, and greatly irritated the pro-slavery delegates.

During the progress of the Convention—which was divided up into SCOTT, FILLMORE and WEBSTER factions—the SCOTT men found themselves without a ready debater, able to cope with the trained experts from the South, who, as usual, were provokingly insolent and overbearing. To meet this deficiency, it was arranged that Mr. RAYMOND should take the seat occupied by General BRUCE. This proposition met with opposition, and the excitement was intensified when, subsequently, it was seriously proposed to expel him from the body. On this impudent proposition, and others of kindred spirit, Mr. RAYMOND bore himself with becoming calmness and dignity. But his real power and fearlessness was most conspicuously developed at a later stage of the proceedings, when he was personally arraigned for a statement embodied in a telegram which he had sent to the TIMES. Mr. CABELL, a ready debater from the State of Florida, was his chief assailant. His manner was of the highest type of Southern insolence. Mr. RAYMOND responded with a dignity and firmness which excited the admiration of his friends, and greatly provoked the pro-slavery delegates. His calm demeanor was met by bluster and threats; but he held his ground unmoved, meeting every argument with irresistible and overwhelming logic, and every threat with a calm defiance, wholly new to the "chivalry," but which foreshadowed the inflexible resolution, courage and purpose, which found full and triumphant development in after years. His bearing seemed to those who witnessed it, and who were in sympathy with him, not merely grand, but sublime. It excited the intensest enthusiasm; and when the excitement was at its highest, if any Southern bravado had so much as lifted his finger in violence, the physical strength as well as the moral courage of the representatives of the North would have been made fearfully manifest.

Fortunately, whatever may have been their original purpose, the Southern delegates and their boisterous claquers confined their demonstrations to words and hisses; and, after a protracted and stormy discussion, Mr. RAYMOND achieved the victory and the "chivalry" met with their first serious defeat in a National Whig Convention.

The following extract from the *Journal* of that day, will show what was thought of this intellectual combat at the time:

> The editor of the NEW-YORK TIMES bore himself gallantly through the onslaught made upon him in the National Convention. The attempt to intimidate him wholly failed; and Mr. CABELL's repulse, when he essayed so bully him down, was one of the most successful, effective and telling hits we ever heard. The following passage—not more from the matter than the manner in which it was uttered—"brought down the house:"
>
> "When the gentleman says that he will *not* submit to remarks of this sort, I beg leave to tell him that when he charges me with what is untrue, *he will submit* to whatever I may think it necessary to say."
>
> As it was well understood that the game was to browbeat Mr. RAYMOND, and to silence him through fear of consequences, all his friends were gratified to find him so firm and fearless.

It is only by the light of all that has since transpired that we can appreciate the significance of what was said and done upon that occasion. From that hour the Whig Party assumed a new character, and its representatives (with a few disgraceful exceptions) a bolder attitude in the Press, on the stump and in the halls of legislation. Mr. RAYMOND's clarion voice, upon that memorable occasion, sounded the opening notes in the death-knell of slavery, and definitely initiated the movement which has ultimated in the complete triumph of the principles for which he then so fearlessly and so eloquently contended.

We revive this incident, not merely to do honor to the memory of the lamented dead, but to remind the living that courage was as necessary to throw off the influence of the slave power in our political national councils, as it was to overcome its physical prowess upon the battle-field. And to further remind those who are all too willing to forget, that equal honors are due to the heroic men who began the struggle against slavery, while it was in the full vigor of lusty life, as to those who had the fortune and the honor to strike the blow which effected its overthrow anddeath.

COMMENCEMENTS.

RUTGER'S COLLEGE.

Ninety-ninth Anniversary and Commencement—Baccalaureate Sermon by Rev. Dr. Campbell—The Literary Societies.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J., Tuesday, June 22, 1869.

The exercises connected with the ninety-ninth anniversary of this venerable seat of learning are being held during the present week. The usual Baccalaureate sermon was delivered to the graduating class on Sunday last, in the First Reformed Church, by Rev. Dr. CAMPBELL, President of the College. The occasion attracted a large congregation, who listened with extreme interest to the discourse of the eminent clergyman. He exhorted his pupils to let their light shine by the force of a good example, by the influence of a noble character, and by persistent and efficient efforts in the cause of education.

The Alumni of the college gathered to-day to make arrangements for the celebration of the centennial of the college next year. These literary reunions enable classmates and college friends to renew old friendships, and revive the pleasant scenes of student life. The Alumni Association was addressed at 3 o'clock this afternoon by Rev. DAVID COLE, of Yonkers, in the College Chapel.

The anniversary of the two literary societies, the Peitholophian and the Philoclean, were held at 11 o'clock in their respective halls in the Van Nest Building. The members crowded these small rooms to repletion. The former Society was addressed by JONATHAN DIXON, Esq., of Jersey City. The latter was addressed by Rev. GEO. TALMADGE, of Rhinebeck, N. Y.

The usual Junior exhibition was held this evening in the First Reformed Church. The large building was densely filled, and the adjacent sidewalks occupied by an interested audience. Rev. Professor THEODORE S. DOOLITTLE presided, supported by the Faculty and some of the Trustees. The orations were pleasantly received by the audience.

VASSAR COLLEGE.

Continuation of the Commencement Exercises—Musical and Calisthenic Exhibitions of the Students—The Philalethean Society.

From Our Own Correspondent.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Tuesday, June 22, 1869.

This being the second day of the Commencement at Vassar College the attendance of visitors is much larger than it has yet been, and more are coming hourly. In the morning the young ladies gave a *matinée musicale*, under the direction of Professor RITTER. The programme exhibited many fine selections from Stradella, Beethoven, Haydn, Mozart, Schubert, Mendelssohn, &c.

The Board of Trustees met in the College Library at 10 o'clock this morning, Hon. WILLIAM KELLY in the chair, and CYRUS SWAN, Esq., Secretary. The proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. BABCOCK. President RAYMOND read a very interesting report of the number of pupils, the nature of their studies, the progress and success of the various departments, and the future needs of the College in regard to space for the different departments, and so on. He also reported very favorably in relation to the general health of the students, which he attributed to their well-arranged physical exercises.

The exercises in the Calisthenium, this morning, were generally attended by the visitors, all of whom seemed to be highly entertained. Over three hundred ladies of the College appeared in the drab uniform and crimson scarfs used in the exercises, and went through many different evolutions to the music of a piano.

At 3 o'clock the class-day exercises took place in the chapel. Fine instrumental music opened the exercises. Visitors were present from all parts of the United States. A Greek salutatory, by Miss C. LADD, was the first piece given, followed by a very humorous reading, entitled "History," by Miss K. A. SILL. Various other readings and musical performances were also given, and the audience appeared to be much pleased with the proceedings.

The address before the Philalethean Society to-night will be delivered by Miss BLATCHFORD, of New-Haven, Conn., who pronounced the valedictory last year.

Order of Exercises at Various Institutions.

We give below the programmes for the exercises during commencement week at several American colleges, in which the collegiate year ends during the present month:

WABASH COLLEGE, Ohio.—June 23, Commencement exercises.

WILLIAMS COLLEGE, Massachusetts.—June 23, Alumni day; prize rhetorical exhibition by sophomores and juniors in the evening. June 24, Commencement exercises.

DICKINSON COLLEGE, Pennsylvania.—June 23, annual meeting of the General Belles Lettres and General Union Philosophical Societies; evening, oration before the Alumni by Rev. O. H. TIFFANY, D. D.; June 24, Commencement exercises.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, Virginia.—June 23, address before the Alumni by Rev. CHARLES BAKER DAVIDSON, D. D., of Indiana; evening, address before the Young Men's Christian Association by Captain GIVENS B. STICKLER, of Lynchburg, Va.; June 24, Commencement exercises.

GAMBIER COLLEGE, Ohio.—June 28, sermon before the Alumni of the Theological Seminary, and laying of the corner-stone of the church for the institutions. Annual meetings of the Alumni of the College and of the Theological Seminary; address by Prof. G. T. CHAPMAN. Evening, address before the literary societies of the College by Rev. H. N. POWERS, D. D. June 24, Commencement exercises.

LEHIGH UNIVERSITY, Pennsylvania.—June 24, University Day.

FRANKLIN AND MARSHALL COLLEGE, Pennsylvania.—June 29, annual meeting of the Trustees; address before the literary societies by Rev. C. Z. WEISER on "His Excellency and his Accidency." June 30, annual meetings of the Society of the Alumni and of the literary societies, and address before the Alumni by Rev. J. M. TITZEL. July 1, Commencement exercises.

GETTYSBURG COLLEGE, Pennsylvania.—June 27, baccalaureate address by President VALENTINE, and address to Young Men's Christian Association of the College by Rev. J. T. DURYEA, D. D., of Brooklyn. June 28, HOLMAN lecture on the Augsburg Confession (art. 4) by Rev. Dr. VALENTINE. June 29, Junior exhibition; address before the Phrenakosmian Society by Rev. J. P. THOMPSON, D. D., of New-York. June 30, Commencement exercises. July 1, ceremonies connected with the completion of the Soldier's monument; oration by Senator MORTON, of Indiana; poem by BAYARD TAYLOR, and prayer by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.—June 26, address by GEORGE PERKINS, of Virginia, at the dedication of the new hall of the Washington Society. June 27, address before the Young Men's Christian Association, by Rev. Dr. W. E. MUNSEY, of Baltimore. June 28, final celebration of the Washington Society; address by WILL. MARSHALL, of Mississippi. June 29, final celebration of the Jefferson Society; address by THOMAS T. SINGLETON, of Mississippi. June 30, meeting of the Society of the Alumni; address before the literary societies, by Ex-Governor E. LOUIS LOWE, of Maryland. July 1, closing exercises of the session; address before the Society of the Alumni, by W. C. RIVES, of Boston, and poem by JOHN R. THOMPSON, of New-York.

UNION COLLEGE, New-York.—June 27, address before the Theological Society, by Rev. DAVID MCALLISTER, of Walton, N. Y. June 28, oration before the literary societies, by HENRY COPPEE, LL. D., President of the Lehigh University, Pennsylvania. June 29, Alumni day, and annual meeting of the Phi Beta Kappa Society; evening, prize speaking by the Junior and Sophomore Classes. June 30, Commencement exercises.

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN.—June 27, Baccalaureate sermon by President E. O. HAVEN, and sermon before the Christian Association by Rev. ARTHUR T. PIERSON, of Detroit. June 28, address before the literary societies by Rev. T. C. PITKIN, D. D., of Detroit. June 29, meeting of the Board of Regents and of the Alumni. Evening, address before the Alumni by Rev. J. C. WORTLEY, of Manchester, Mich., and poem by JOSEPH C. HART, of Adrian. June 30, Commencement exercises.

MARIETTA COLLEGE, Ohio.—June 27, address before the Society of Inquiry by Rev. H. A. EDSON, of Indianapolis. June 28, exhibition of the literary societies. June 29, address before the Alumni by United States Senator WILLARD WARNER, of Alabama. June 30, Commencement exercises and address before the Phi Beta Kappa Society by President ANDREWS.

WESTERN RESERVE COLLEGE, Ohio.—June 27, Baccalaureate Sermon by the President of the College, and Missionary Sermon by Rev. F. A. NOBLE, of Pittsburg, Penn. June 29, oration before the Alumni by Rev. L. B. WILSON, and oration before the Phi Beta Kappa Society by President TUTTLE, of Wabash College. June 30, Commencement exercises, and oration before the literary societies by Dr. NELSON, of Lane Seminary.

BATES COLLEGE, Maine.—June 27, Baccalaureate Sermon by President CHENEY. June 28, prize declamations by the juniors. June 29, annual meeting of the trustees and overseers. June 30, Commencement exercises and address before the literary societies by Rev. Dr. FULLER, of Boston. July 1, Class Day.

WILLIAMS COLLEGE, Massachusetts.—June 23, Alumni Day; address by Judge WELLS, of Chicopee, Mass., and poem by CHARLES H. EVEREST, of Brooklyn. Evening, prize rhetorical exhibition. June 24, Commencement exercises.

Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn.

The twenty-fourth Commencement of the Packer Collegiate Institute was held in the chapel of the Institute, Joralemon-street, last evening. The exercises were conducted by Professor CRITTENDEN, President. There was a large and enthusiastic audience. After the exercises, diplomas were presented to the following graduating class:

Sara F. Bergen, Brooklyn; Hulda H. Bergen, Brooklyn; Josephine E. Blydenburgh, Brooklyn; Mary H. Burrell, Brooklyn; Emma J. Butterfield, Brooklyn; Frances J. Clark, Brooklyn; Frances Cornelia Culbertson, Brooklyn; Emily F. Dennis, Brooklyn; Marie I. Hamm, Brooklyn; Margaret B. Hartt, Brooklyn; Mary A. Harvey, Rome, N. Y.; Harriet Jameson, Culpepper, Va.; Mary E. Jennings, Brooklyn; Louise L. Johnson, Brooklyn; Emma J. Ketcham, Brooklyn; Annie C. Lafon, Newark, N. J.; Charlotte Leech, Brooklyn; Marie Gordon Pryor, Brooklyn; Genevra Russell, Brooklyn; Annie Sprague, Brooklyn; Mary Louise Sprott, Brooklyn; Harriette K. Williams, Brooklyn.

PERSONAL.

The House Committee on Ways and Means spent last Sunday at Salt Lake City, and reached "Promontory Point" Monday, on their way to San Francisco.

Hon. JOSHUA V. H. CLARK, the historian of Onondaga County, died at his house in the village of Manlius, on Friday last. A biographical sketch of his life is in course of preparation.

Mr. GEORGE PEABODY writes to an intimate friend that his health is not as good as on his arrival, and says: "Wishing to remain quiet here, until it is better, I cannot see my way clear to be able to go South before August—and then it will depend on the advice of my physicians whether or not the sea air of Long Branch will be suitable to my case or not." Further on, writing of a notice of himself, he corrects two errors: "One is my age, which will be seventy-five in February next, and the other is the value of the site given by the City of London for my statue. Its estimated value is £10,000."

Senator FENTON has been spending some time in the West. He was at Cincinnati on Monday of last week, and received there, as well as in other localities, considerable attention. He was in this City on Monday, and left for Washington on the evening train.

Hon. George S. Boutwell, Secretary of the Treasury; Hon. Hiram Walbridge, of Washington; Ex-Mayor W. G. Fargo, of Buffalo; Commodore Clark, of the United States Navy; Hon. George F. Wilson, of Providence; Hon. N. G. Ordway, of Washington, and L. Brainard, of Connecticut, are at the Astor House. Lord Parker, of England, and Captain Ward, of the British Legation, are at the Clarendon Hotel. Hon. Carlos Pierce, of Boston; Hon. F. S. Fahnestock, of Chicago, and J. P. Moore, Esq., of San Francisco, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Ex-Governor W. H. Wallace, of Idaho, is at the St. Charles Hotel. Hon. John H. Claghorn, of Philadelphia; General James McQuade, of Utica, and Hon. Thos. M. Pomeroy, of Auburn, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. General Tyler, of the United States Army, is at the Coleman House. Rev. W. H. Moore, of Hempstead, is at the Westmoreland Hotel.

The Late Captain Henry A. Wise.

From the Boston Advertiser, June 22.

The impressive funeral solemnities, yesterday, at the burial of Captain HENRY A. WISE, recall again to this community the distinguished services which that officer, though still a young man, has rendered to the country. Fortunate the country that in the hour of extreme trial it found some such men in the places of trust in its service, whose whole skill and experience were given, with the same freedom with which they were ready to give their lives, for her defence and her preservation.

Captain WISE's name alone suggests his connection by blood with the family of that Governor of Virginia who had gained preëminence before the rebellion began. But Captain WISE knew his duty to the country too well to be misled by any of the accidents of family connection. When it was determined to abandon Norfolk, he fired with his own hand one of the vessels of the navy he so loved, that she should not fall into the hands of rebels, though in the act, as he said himself, he cut off perhaps his connection with every blood relation he had living in the world, beyond his immediate family.

Few persons who met in society this genial, courteous gentleman, understood how grave were the responsibilities which he was carrying so lightly. What his friends thought a pleasure trip to Japan, after the ports were open, was really an expedition resolved on in the hope that he could obtain for our Government some concessions from the rulers of Japan, which might give us the supply of nitre needed in war, without our being longer tributary to England for that essential article. The negotiation did not succeed. But Captain WISE, as Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, never lost sight of the necessity. When war was inevitable, an agent of our Government, acting under his orders, immediately purchased all the nitre available in England, before the English merchants well knew what was pending. The agent then proceeded to the Continent for similar purchases. While these were in progress, the 'proclamation of neutrality' was issued, and the American agents were informed that their nitre in England could not be shipped to this country. The gentleman who had charge of this essential purchase is said,—and we believe truly,—to have immediately offered the refusal of his whole stock to the French Government at such a price that they accepted it. It is said, and we believe truly, that the English Government was then informed that they might choose whether the nitre should come here or go to France. They chose wisely, and the nitre came to America. It was a happy fortune of the country that the most essential supply of our ordnance should have been at that crisis intrusted to such competent hands.

Serious thinkers are apt to speak of the timely arrival of the *Monitor* in Hampton Roads as providential, and it was. It was the act of that Providence which works by true and unselfish men. Captain WISE knew every day every rivet that was driven in the *Merrimac's* armor, and from day to day knew just how fast she was driven forward. Day by day he and the gentlemen associated with him were hurrying forward the *Monitor*. They sent her to sea, in that provident care for their country, which put her in the right place at the right time. On the eventful Saturday, they left their places of duty at Washington and went down the Potomac to witness the inevitable encounter. In a little tug, loaded with shells and shot, Captain WISE boarded the *Monitor* after the *Merrimac* had first sheered off from her. He found the brave Captain WORDEN lying bleeding on the sofa. He spoke to his old friend. "Have I beat her off?" said WORDEN. "JACK! you 'have saved your country." Nothing was ever more pathetic than Captain WISE's narrative of the interview betwen President LINCOLN, who knew him and loved him, and Captain WORDEN, when he had been brought to Washington. "You do me great honor, Mr. President," said the blinded sailor. "It is you, Sir," said Mr. LINCOLN, "who do honor to me, and to us all."

It was in that visit to Norfolk, *Merrimac* and *Monitor* both in sight, that Captain WISE and Captain FOX saw the unused fifteen-inch gun lying, as if worthless, and at once perceived that this was the weapon which was to meet the ironclads of future warfare. Once more it was, as has often been said, providential that those men should have seen that gun. It pleased a good God that the naval armament of the country should be in the hands of men who had studied the systems of old warfare with such precision that they knew how to appreciate and act upon every right suggestion for the new. On their suggestion this gun came into the warfare of the world.

Though worn down by chronic disease, Captain WISE never left his post while the necessities of the war demanded his presence. He was too valuable an officer at Washington to be spared for the service which gives wide fame or fast promotion. But his fellow-officers know, and his country ought to know, that the services he was in a place to render were as essential as the most brilliant victories upon the sea.

A. H. STEPHENS.

Another Letter in Regard to the Political Situation.

LIBERTY HALL,
CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ga., June 13.

MY DEAR SIR: Your very kind and highly appreciated favor of the 6th inst. was received yesterday. Allow me to return my thanks for it. I am improving slowly, very slowly, however, from my hurt some four months or more ago. I can now sit up part of the day, but can neither stand or walk yet without aid of some sort. I have notwithstanding this affliction, resumed work on the second volume of the *Constitutional View of the Late War Between the States*. I agree with you in styling it the worst and most culpable that ever took place on earth. I greatly fear too, that it will, in its ultimate consequences, prove to be the most disastrous one that ever occurred to the principles of constitutional liberty.

Our Constitution, as made by the fathers, was one of the most wonderful political achievements ever attained by genius and patriotism. Had its principles been adhered to, this late terrible war never would have occurred, and the only hope now for the present and the future of the country is to bring back the Federal Administration to the true principles of the Constitution. This can only be done by a virtuous, intelligent and patriotic people. When bad men conspire to impose their usurpations "outside" the Constitution, good men everywhere must combine to keep all such men out of power. This can only be done by the publication of truths and by awaking in the minds of the people the sense of the dangers which threaten them, and arousing them to future action before it is too late. The only proper remedy for all existing evils and the greater ones which appear in the future is at the ballot box.

The great object with me in the remnant of my days is to do all in my power toward the inculcation of such truths and principles as are essential for the maintenance of our institutions as handed down from the fathers. To this course the future of my life is devoted. And notwithstanding all that is said and has been said about the rebellion and the disloyalty of the rebels, &c., I know of but one test of true loyalty in this country, and that is loyalty to the principles of the Constitution of the United States. In this, and in unswerving devotion to them, I yield to no man that ever breathed the vital air of heaven.

I can say no more now, but repeat my thanks for your letter, and send you my kindest regard and best wishes. Yours truly,

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

Bishop McQuaid on "Our Established Church."

To the Editor of the Rochester Democrat:

In your paper of June 16 appears an article with the caption, "Our Established Church." The article is based on one with the same title in *Putnam's Magazine* for July. I do not wish to review the article in *Putnam*, but claim the privilege of correcting some of its misstatements.

I am one of the "five ecclesiastics" in the State of New-York holding property worth millions. Yet, strange to say, there is not to my knowledge one foot of land in the wide world in my name. All the Church societies in the diocese of Rochester not organized as corporate bodies under the laws of the State of New-York, previous to my appointment as Bishop of Rochester, have organized or are completing their organization under those laws. So soon as these societies comply with the law of the State, Bishop LOUGHLIN, of Brooklyn, will transfer to them by quit-claim deeds whatever property of theirs he inherited from the late Bishop TIMON. Had I had ever so little desire to hold property in my own name, I might have held in fee simple the lots on which I am building the Bishop's house; but I have placed the title in the name of "St. Patrick's Church Society."

The other "ecclesiastics" in the State of New-York, who have not already transferred the property which they held in fee simple, are engaged in making such transfer of the "fifty millions" said to be held by them.

The chief trouble, it seems to me, is in the fact that the Catholic Church is allowed to hold property in any shape or form. But the Catholic Church does hold property, and she will continue to hold it to the end of the chapter, and "What do you propose to do about it?"

"The (Catholic) Nursery and Hospital on Fifty-first-street and Lexington-avenue," is a Protestant institution.

The new St. Patrick's Cathedral stands on ground purchased by Catholics about sixty years ago, and ever since in their possession. This fact spoils PARTON's compliment to the Archbishop HUGHES' foresight, and a nice bit of irony in *Putnam's Magazine*.

The Catholics in New-York City in 1817 opened an Orphan Asylum, which they maintained without assistance from the City or State until some time after the year 1840, when they received on a perpetual lease the block of ground between Fourth and Fifth avenues, and Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, at that time of very little value. On these lots they have erected two vast and magnificent buildings in which they support over a thousand children, at an annual cost to them, and not to the City or State, of from $70,000 to $90,000.

I make these corrections to show that the writer of the article in *Putnam* is far astray in his facts. There are many other objectionable statements in the article, but a magazine contribution without a little spice in it would be tame and unreadable. Thus the allusion to the church trouble in Auburn, and the pretty play on the name of the church, would lose their point if the history of that affair were properly understood.

Catholics do not claim to have rights above any one else, but they know they have equal rights with others. They have no notion of their church ever becoming the "Established Church," and they are just as certain that no other church shall ever assume to be the "Established Church" in the United States.

B. J. MCQUAID,
Bishop of Rochester.

The Assassination of James L. Laird in Illinois—Trial of Chauncey Bailey.

From the Chicago Tribune, June 21.

The case now on trial before Judge WILCOX, at Wheaton, is but the repetition of an old story, though in a modified form. It is the case of a homicide by a husband under the impression or knowledge of his wife's infidelity. BAILEY, the husband, killed LAIRD, the lover of his wife, and attempted to kill the wife also. To the credit of the defence let it be said, the coward plea of insanity is not made, but the killing is claimed by Judge CODY, of the prisoner's counsel, to be "just and lawful, and a violation of no law of human or divine authority." The facts to which both parties agree are that BAILEY and his wife were not living together, having separated; that LAIRD and his wife were old acquaintances; that on the night of the killing LAIRD was in the house alone with Mrs. BAILEY; and that when the husband rushed in they were both in her bedroom. He and LAIRD seized each other, and LAIRD was shot two or three times, dying immediately. The defence is the alleged adultery of the wife. The old English law provided that when a husband discovered a man in the act of adultery with his wife, he had the right to assume that the wife was being coerced, and, therefore, it was lawful to kill the real or supposed ravisher. That, we suppose, is good law in this country; but it does not appear to be relied upon by the defence, who repudiate all idea of any force being used by LAIRD, and insist that the criminal relations of the parties were of long standing and notorious. How far the defence can find law to justify the killing of a man by a husband upon the pretence, real or imaginary, of adultery, remains to be seen.

The Cagger Memorial Hospital in Albany.

From the Albany Argus, June 22.

On Sunday morning last, at his cathedral, Rt. Rev. J. J. CONROY, Bishop of Albany, after a brief but eloquent discourse on Charity, said that he had selected this subject, as he wished to announce a charity about to be introduced among us—that of a hospital to be founded in memory of PETER CAGGER by his widow, and daughter, Miss MARY CAGGER, Mrs. CAGGER giving $10,000 and Miss MARY CAGGER $5,000. The Bishop said the project was one very dear to his heart, and he only hoped that he might live to see it attain all its forms of usefulness. Here the poor sick and infirm will find relief under the tender care of the Sisters of Charity. In conclusion he added: "I am happy to be able to present to my people an institution without feeling that it is, at once, a fresh tax upon their charity." The Bishop announced that the sum thus bestowed was sufficient to secure and properly fit up the required buildings. He spoke of Mr. CAGGER and the frequent charities which marked his life, and this one, which was thus associated with his memory, with eloquence and manifest emotion.

Letter from Ex-Minister Johnson.

The Boston *Post* publishes the following letter from Hon. REVERDY JOHNSON:

BALTIMORE, June 19, 1869.

MY DEAR SIR: I have your note of the 16th, and thank you for it. I think I shall write upon the Claims Convention, but if I do, I shall certainly not offend diplomatic propriety. Mr. SUMNER's unjust and unkind insinuations in his speech as to the motives of Mr. SEWARD and myself, in hastening the negotiation, I cannot suffer to be unanswered. Nor can I fail to let the public know what his opinion upon the subject was when I was appointed. If I write anything, I will send you a copy. I am gratified to know that my course in England has your approval, and remain, with sincere regard, your obedient servant,

REVERDY JOHNSON.

GEO. W. SEARLE, Esq., Boston.

Twelve Men Poisoned—A Strange Story.

The following is given on the authority of the Frederickton (N. B.) *Farmer*:

News of a sad and almost unparalleled tragedy reaches us from Fish River Lakes, in the northern part of the State of Maine. On one of these lakes was a lumber camp, in which were thirteen men. One Saturday night, almost three weeks ago, the "boss" of the camp left for the settlements, leaving behind him provisions to last the men for several days, but giving them instructions to come out on the following Monday. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday passed with no tidings from the camp, when a party set out to see if anything was the matter. Arriving at the camp, they found all quiet and apparently deserted; but on entering the bodies of the twelve men were seen lying on the floor, cold in death. Being somewhat exhausted by their journey, the relief party were about to warm some tea that was already made in the kettle, but on examination they found a large lizard in the kettle, which had been boiled with the tea. It is supposed that the drinking of this tea was the cause of the death of the twelve unfortunate men.

Beautiful Women.

If you would be beautiful, use HAGAN'S Magnolia Balm.

It gives a pure, blooming complexion, and restores youthful beauty.

Its effects are gradual, natural and perfect.

It removes redness, blotches and pimples, cures tan, sunburn and freckles, and makes a lady of thirty appear but twenty.

The Magnolia Balm makes the skin smooth and pearly, the eye bright and clear, the cheek glow with the bloom of youth, and imparts a fresh, plump appearance to the countenance. No lady need complain of her complexion when 75 cents will purchase this delightful article. Sold at No. 21 Park-row, New-York. Dress your hair with LYON'S Kathairon.—*Advertisement.*

The Infant's Friend.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the best and surest remedy in the world for all diseases of children, such as teething, wind colic, &c. It corrects acidity of the stomach, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Saratoga "A" Spring Water.

Tonic, cathartic and refrigerant.

Best remedy for headache, constipation, indigestion, and an antidote against the bad effects of heat.

Wholesale and retail at JOHN F. HENRY'S Family Medicine Depot, No. 8 COLLEGE-PLACE, New-York.

Gorham Manufacturing Company,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.,
STERLING SILVER WARE
AND
FINE ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

This Company, having the most extensive and complete Silverware factory in the world, and employing the best talent in designing, modeling and finishing, are, with the aid of ingenious and labor-saving machinery, enabled to produce in large quantities, and at the lowest prices, goods beautiful in design and unsurpassed in finish, the fineness of which they guarantee to be of sterling purity United States Mint assay. A certificate is issued with all articles in silver for the purpose of protecting purchasers from imitations of their designs.

They also continue to manufacture their well-known and unrivaled Nickel-Silver Electro-plated Ware, which will last twenty-five years with fair, everyday usage.

Orders received from the trade only, but these goods may be obtained from responsible dealers everywhere.

Trade Mark for Silver. STERLING.
Trade Mark for Electro-Plate. GORHAM MFG CO

A Very Extensive and Complete Assortment, embracing all of the newest and most desirable patterns of the Gorham Ware, in sterling silver and electro-plate, at STARR & MARCUS', No. 22 John-st., UP-STAIRS.

Before Going to the Country,

We advise those of our readers who are afflicted with any cutaneous complaint of the head or other parts of the body, to consult Dr. B. C. PERY, the well-known and skillful dermatologist of No. 49 Bond-st., New-York, who treats with special prescriptions falling, loss and prematurely gray hair, dandruff, itching, eczema, ringworm, scald heads, and all diseases of the scalp which destroy the hair. The doctor permanently cures (by personal attention) moles and wens without cutting, pain or scars. Also comedones, (black worms or grubs,) moth patches, freckles, unnatural red noses, pimply faces and all cutaneous eruptions and scaly disquamations upon the face or other parts of the body. No charge for consultation. Send for interrogatory circular.

Go to the sale of Orange Mountain property, THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) June 23, 1869. Trains leave by Morris and Essex Railroad, foot of Barclay-st., at 11¾ A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M. Conveyances to the ground will be in waiting for the 1 o'clock train at Orange Station. The sale will take place at 2½ o'clock P. M., with lot No. 1, Northfield road.

Maps at the office of auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

In case the day named above should prove a rainy one at 11 o'clock, the sale will be postponed, without further notice, to the following WEDNESDAY, the 30th inst., at same hour and place.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

Patent Watch-Protector.—Every person carrying a watch should have one. Neat, simple, safe, &c. The light-fingered gentry outdone.

GEORGE E. RANOUS,
No. 35 Maiden-lane, only agent.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st., N. Y.

"Let Us Have Peace," by using our Portable Mosquito Nets, for children; and Bed Canopies, for adults. TERHUNE & BRETT, No. 29 Barclay-st.

The Earth-Closet Company, Hartford, Conn.; with WINDLE & CO., salesroom in New-York, No. 597 Broadway.

Use Sapolio for Cleaning and Polishing. Wholesale Depot, No. 211 Washington-st.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS.

A. Morton, 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.

MORTON'S GOLD PENS.

MARRIED.

ARMSTRONG—WOOD.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, May 31, 1869, by Rev. Dr. Burgess, of St. John's Church, MATTHEW ARMSTRONG, Jr., to FANNY, daughter of Chief Engineer Wm. W. W. Wood, U. S. N.

BARGER—LE FAVOR.—At Medway, Mass., on Tuesday, June 22, by Rev. David Sanford, SAMUEL F. BARGER, of New-York City, to EDNA JEANIE LE FAVOR, of Medway.

CONNOLLY—HARRISON.—On Tuesday, June 22, at St. John's Chapel, by Rev. Dr. S. H. Weston, EDWARD J. CONNOLLY to ALICE MARY, daughter of Valentine P. Harrison.

CONKEY—TUCKER.—At Rahway, on Tuesday, June 22, 1869, by Rev. S. S. Sheddean, at the First Presbyterian Church, I. CHARLES CONKEY to Miss ADDIE, eldest daughter of M. A. Tucker, Esq. No cards.

DECKER—SEGUINE.—On Thursday, June 17, at the residence of the bride's father, South Side, S. I., by Rev. Kingston Goddard, D. D., HIRAM W. DECKER to ANNA GUYON, eldest daughter of Joseph G. Seguine, Esq.

TURNBULL—DAVIS.—On Tuesday, June 17, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. A. W. Mayben, Rector of St. Paul's Church, Brooklyn, E. D., STEVENSON H. TURNBULL to JOSEPHINE, youngest daughter of Dr. John Davis, all of New-York City.

DIED.

ARMSTRONG.—In Greenville, N. J., on Tuesday morning, June 22, MATTHEW ARMSTRONG, Jr., in the 21st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, June 24, at 1½ o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents. Train for Greenville by Central Railroad of New-Jersey leaves foot of Liberty-st., at 1 o'clock.

COCHRAN.—At Washington Heights, on Tuesday morning, June 22, ALICE WELLINGTON, eldest daughter of Robert and Emma Cochran, aged 2 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, on Thursday, June 24, at 1 o'clock. Trains leave Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st., at 11:50 A. M.

FORBES.—At Chicago, on Monday, June 21, MARIA FORBES, daughter of the late John Forbes, of New-York.

GREENLEAF.—Suddenly, on Monday evening, June 21, Rev. P. H. GREENLEAF, D. D., Rector of Emmanuel Church.

The funeral will take place at the Church corner of President and Smith sts., South Brooklyn, on Thursday next, June 24, at 3 P. M. The clergy (at the request of the Bishop) will meet at the Vestry-room at 2½ P. M.

HICKS.—Of consumption, at St. Paul, Minn., on Friday, April 30, HENRY, son of the late Samuel C. Hicks, aged 30 years and 8 months, formerly of this City.

☞ Middletown, Orange County, papers please copy.

HOLMES.—On Monday, June 21, SARAH ANN HOLMES, youngest daughter of the late Jas. Holmes.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 58 Spring-st., on Thursday, June 24, at 2 o'clock. The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

JOHNSON.—In Brooklyn, on Monday morning, after a long and painful illness, MARGARET H., wife of Louis E. Johnson, and daughter-in-law of Hon. Reverdy Johnson, in the 32d year of her age.

Her funeral will take place from the house of her uncle, Jos. H. Hamilton, No. 990 Pacific-st., near Franklin-av., on Wednesday, June 23, at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ Baltimore, Washington and Charleston, S. C., papers please copy.

KELLERS.—On Tuesday morning, June 22, JOHN FREDERIC KELLERS, aged 54 years and 8 months.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

PARSONS.—On Tuesday, June 22, 1869, VIRGINIA WHITWELL, wife of Samuel M. Parsons, Esq., in the 45th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from Dr. Van Dyke's Church, corner of Clinton and Remsen sts., Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 24, at 4 P. M.

PARSONS.—On Sunday evening, June 20, 1869, at No. 505 5th-av., ANN BARCLAY, wife of William B. Parsons, and daughter of the late Colonel Thomas Barclay, in the 81st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at St. Mark's Church, corner of 2d-av. and 10th-st., on Wednesday afternoon, June 23, at 4 o'clock.

RIVERA.—At Guayama, Porto Rico, on Friday, June 11, JOSEPHINE TEXIDOR, wife of Joseph de Rivera, of this City.

SMITH.—At sea, on board French steamer St. Laurent, on Monday, June 7, ISABEL ERNST, infant daughter of Walter M. and Elizabeth L. Smith.

VAN RIPER.—In Passaic, N. J., on Monday, June 21, JOHN G. VAN RIPER, in the 82d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the Reform Church in Passaic, on Wednesday next, at 3 o'clock. Train leaves foot Chamber-st. at 1:45 P. M.

WELLS.—On Sunday, May 23, EDWARD WELLS, of Johnstown, N. Y., aged 56 years.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SLEEPY HOLLOW CEMETERY,
TARRYTOWN, N. Y.
THE BURIAL PLACE OF WASHINGTON IRVING.

It is *superior* in *natural advantages* over *all other* Cemeteries, *unequaled* in the *preserving* qualities of the soil, and is *constantly embellished* and *kept in order* from its receipts. Its mounds and hills, with their grand surroundings, the *Hudson* and *Pocantico Rivers* on either side, with costly country seats inclosing it. Its *mountain*, *vale* and *water views* make these grounds, *over all others*, the *most suitable* for *sepulture*. The price of lots is *one-third* those of Green-Wood; *funeral* transportation *twenty-five per cent. less*; *easier of access* and nearer in point of *time*. Parties desiring plots will be accompanied to the grounds. On and after *July 1* the prices will be *advanced*. *Monuments of every description* on hand and made to order. *Funerals furnished* and *conducted* by THOS. DUGAN, GENERAL AGENT AND FURNISHING UNDERTAKER. *Principal* Office, No. 29 *East 14th-st.*, north side, one door west of *Union-square*. *Branch* Office, *Main-st., Tarrytown.*

REDUCED PRICES.

CHICKERING & SONS,
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO-FORTES.

Rosewood 7-Octave Square Pianos, Agraffe Bridge, Carved Legs, and all modern improvements, at prices from $475 to $600.

Rosewood 7¼-Octave Grand Pianos, from our latest and best scales, from $1,050 to $1,200.

EVERY PIANO FULLY WARRANTED, AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO THE PURCHASER.

Price-Lists sent by mail, postage paid, on application to CHICKERING & SONS,
No. 11 East 14th-st., New-York;
No. 246 Washington-st., Boston.

WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, JUNE 21,
40 PACKAGES OF
REAL BRONZE STATUARY, CLOCKS AND CANDELABRAS; COMPOSITION BRONZE FIGURES, GROUPS AND CLOCKS, GILT MANTEL SETS, &c., &c.
FINE GILT AND WOOD-MOUNTED JARDINIERES, FLOWER VASES AND PARIAN FANCY GOODS.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st.

UPHAMS' HAIR GLOSS
AND CURLING FLUID
Contains nothing injurious to the hair or skin and imparts a BEAUTIFUL GLOSS; prevents the falling of the hair and keeps it in curl.

Wholesale and retail at JOHN F. HENRY'S Great Family Medicine and Fancy Goods Warehouse, No. 8 COLLEGE-PLACE, New-York.

BRONZE POWDER FOR SALE.—TO Ornamental Iron Manufacturers and Others.—A quantity of bronze powder suitable for rough castings, &c., for sale. Price $1 50 per single pound. For sample address J. O. H., Box No. 1,873 New-York Post Office.

PATENT OFFICES.

MUNN & CO., Editors *Scientific American*, No. 37 Park-row, New-York, have had nearly twenty-five years' experience in obtaining
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PATENTS.
Opinions no charge. A pamphlet 108 pages of law and information free. Address as above.

TOOTH'S LIEBEG'S EXTRACT OF Meat (genuine) from cattle of English breed; all analyzed by Dr. Miller, F. R. S., King's College, London; supplied to the English Government; unaffected by time or climate, unequaled for nutritive and digestive qualities. General agents, JOHN F. HENRY, No. 8 College-place; J. MILHAU & SON, No. 183 Broadway; HEGEMAN & CO., No. 203 Broadway; CASWELL & HAZARD, under Fifth-av. Hotel.

GOTHAMITES JOYFUL AT THE REduction of the price of hair-cutting by the inimitable, enabling all to enjoy the beautiful effect of his skill and superior work. Studio, No. 266 Broadway. Shaving; shampooing.

THE ANATOMICAL EYE-GLASS—Adjusts itself to any form of nose with less pressure than any other. JAMES PRENTICE, Optician, No. 164 Broadway.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY.

1. WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR.

A BIOGRAPHY. With Portrait and Illustrations. By JOHN FORSTER. 1 vol. Crown 8vo. Nearly 700 pages. Cloth, $3 50; half calf, $6.

Mr. Forster, the author of the well-known biography of Goldsmith, has had the most ample material for the composition of this work placed at his disposal, and has produced a narrative of rare literary interest and importance. As a poet and prose writer Landor's great merits have not been fully appreciated either in this country or in England, though his influence on the literary mind of his time has been marked. Yet the range of contemporary English poetry does not embrace anything finer than many of his lyrics and meditative poems. His prose is more widely known, especially the "Imaginary Conversations."

It is to be hoped that Mr. Forster's biography will be instrumental in making American readers more familiar with the numerous productions of Landor, of whom Mr. Emerson says: "Year after year the scholar must still go back to Landor for a multitude of elegant sentences, for wisdom, wit and indignation unforgetable."

The life of Landor includes the history of three generations of striking literary activity—the period which gave to English letters Byron, Keats, Shelley, Coleridge, Wordsworth, Lamb, Hazlitt.

2. THACKERAY'S NOVELS.
Household Edition.
THE VIRGINIANS.
1 vol. 16mo. $1 25.

"It is with peculiar gratification that we announce that Messrs. Fields, Osgood & Co. have begun a popular edition of Thackeray's works uniform with their recent issue of Charles Reade's novels. They have already given us 'Vanity Fair,' 'Pendennis,' and 'The Newcomes,' which are as neat, compact and handy as one could ask. This is the 'Household edition'—a title well and felicitously chosen, for it will go into thousands of families, and carry lengthened pleasure to all."—*Boston Commonwealth.*

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In consequence of the great popular favor accorded to the Household Edition of Thackeray's Novels, and in response to an urgent popular demand, Messrs. FIELDS, OSGOOD & CO. will immediately issue THACKERAY'S MISCELLANEOUS WRITINGS, uniform with the Novels, reprinting from the latest London edition.

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EVERYTHING COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME, And bound in fine morocco cloth, is published this day by T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS, PHILADELPHIA.

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HANS BREITMANN'S BALLADS. Complete in one volume. By CHARLES G. LELAND. This volume contains the "First and Second Series of the Breitmann Ballads," and in fact everything written by Hans Brietmann, with a Glossary to the whole, and is printed on the finest tinted paper, bound in one large volume, in wine and green morocco cloth, with beveled boards, gilt top, gilt side stamp and back. It is one of the handsomest volumes ever issued in this country.

Price of the book bound in above style	$2
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T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

NOW READY.
BEECHER'S
MEMORABLE SERMON
AT WEST POINT.
SUBJECT: "THE PERFECT MANHOOD."
PLYMOUTH PULPIT, NO. 14.

Price 10 cents. Sold by all newsdealers. Yearly subscription beginning with any number, $3.

J. B. FORD & CO., Publishers,
No. 39 Park-row, New-York.

ROSCOE'S SPECTRUM ANALYSIS.

Six Lectures delivered in 1868, before the Society of Apothecaries of London, by Henry E. Roscoe, with appendices, colored plates and illustrations. London, 1869; 1 vol. Royal 8vo, $10 50.

D. VAN NOSTRAND, Publisher,
Nos. 23 Murray-st. and 27 Nassau-st.

Copies of our new Catalogue of American and Foreign Scientific Books, 56 pages, 8vo, sent to any address on receipt of 6 cents in postage stamps.

HALL'S
SUMMER TOURIST'S
GUIDE.
PRICE ONE DOLLAR,
AT ALL BOOKSTORES.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

That venerable old heathen, Jupiter Pluvius, seems lately to have had a special grudge against the auctioneers; half a dozen of their best sales have been spoiled by his liberal outpourings, and his waterfalls, less popular than the imported article, have caused the postponement of a dozen or two more. Yesterday he was in a generous humor and the rain fell in torrents all day long; but one firm had the courage to brave the storm, and the results, though not very satisfactory were yet quite fair. Messrs. A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., took perhaps one hundred persons to their sale at Cranford, N. J. A nice lunch was served under some fine old apple trees, after which the sale commenced. In a little time the storm became so severe that the crowd were obliged to adjourn to the house, where the sale was finished. The people were of course unable to examine the property, and saw it under very unfavorable circumstances. The prices obtained were consequently rather low.

The sale of the Oloff Park property is adjourned until the 20th of July next, on the premises.

The sales for to-day are as follows:

The Hamilton Park, S. I., sale, postponed yesterday, on account of the rain, will be held to-day, if the weather is fine. Tickets issued for yesterday are good for to-day. The boat will leave the foot of Dey-street at 10:30 A. M.; a band of music has been engaged. DELMONICO will serve the lunch in his best style. No expense has been spared, and the sale promises to be one of the most pleasant, as it is one of the most important, of the season.

At Islip, L. I., Messrs. JOHNSON & MILLER have a large sale, and promise a grand time to all who attend. They publish a card in our advertising columns which gives full particulars as to when and where the trains start, &c.

On Orange Mountain, Messrs. E. H. LUDLOW & Co. have an interesting sale, and at Dunellen, N. J., the Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company offer a number of lots. Particulars will be found elsewhere.

To-morrow Messrs. A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co., have a sale of 576 city lots at Elizabeth, N. J. This property is only about twelve miles from the City Hall, New-York, and can be reached in less time than Thirtieth-street, by more than sixty daily trains, or upon an average of every fifteen minutes, at a reasonable commutation. It is one of the most thriving towns around New-York; its population has increased from 12,000 to more than 25,000 within fifteen years. It contains twenty-three churches of various denominations, seven manufactories, one street railroad (two more contemplated,) two hotels, a court-house and jail, a large town hall, a market-house with offices, several steam fire engines, and Temperance, Masonic and Odd Fellows' Lodges. The schools are numerous, including several select institutions, and they are said to be equal to any in the State or country. All of the principal streets within a radius of two miles from the centre of the city have been paved with Belgian pavement, and the others are rapidly being completed in the same manner. The city is finely laid out, with the most of the streets crossing each other at right angles. In the suburbs all of the houses are required to be built of a certain size, in order to prevent the erection of tenement-houses. Elizabeth contains a large number of costly houses, built and finished after the most modern styles of architecture. On the New-Jersey Railroad a station has been opened north of the main depot, called North Elizabeth. The sale is positive and unconditional, and will be made rain or shine. If the weather is stormy, it will be made in a large room in a house on the premises, a few rods distant from the cars. Free tickets, maps and full particulars may be had at the auctioneers' office, No. 77 Cedar-st.

On Saturday Messrs. MULLER, WILKINS & Co. have a large sale in Westchester County, consisting of lots and villa sites in Rye Park, Kingsland-place, Glendale and West Rye. Surrounded by richly cultivated farms, numerous ornate villas, elegant churches, commodious and superior schools and academies for male and female, and traversed by the finest roads and romantic drives in the country, the neighborhood of this property is one of the very best, while the conveniences of post office, stores, shops, express and telegraph, together with its accessibility, render it particularly desirable to the retired merchant, gentleman of leisure, salaried man, or well-to-do artisan who desire a healthy home for their families, or to exchange for themselves the wearing din and turmoil of a feverish City activity for peaceful sleep, pure water and air, healthy surroundings, independent life, quiet, and consequent longevity of a real rural home. Pamphlets containing a full description of Rye and the property to be sold may be obtained by application to ANDREW WILSON, Jr., at Rye; the City office, No. 9 Broad-street, Room No. 13; Dr. SILSBEE, No. 18 Ann-street; BAKER & GODWIN, *Tribune* Buildings; or MULLER, WILKINS & Co., auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-street, New-York. A special extra train will leave the depot of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-seventh-street, at 10 o'clock A. M. on the day of sale. A lunch will be served on the arrival of the train.

Auction Sales Yesterday.

NEW-YORK.

By Wm. Kennelly.

4-story house and lot No. 27 West Houston-st., near Broadway, lot 25x100, Jas. Alcock	$32,000

By E. F. Raymond.

House and lot No. 396 Madison-st., lot 25x100, J. W. Mason	$9,305
Buildings and lot s. s. of 2d-st., 250 ft. w. of 1st-av., 25 ft. front, 25.1½ ft. rear, 67.4 ft. deep on one side, and 70.6 ft. on the other, G. Grisler	9,000

CRANFORD, N. J.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Bros.

Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 9, 50x200	$300
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 11, 50x200	270
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 13, 50x200	250
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 15, 50x200	200
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 17, 50x200	210
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 19, 50x200	225
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 21, 50x200	195
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 23, 50x200	220
Oak-st., block No. 6, plot No. 25, 50x200	200
Oak-st., block No. 5, plot No. 1, 50x150	110
Oak-st., block No. 5, plot No. 2, 50x150	110
Oak-st., block No. 5, plot No. 3, 50x150	130
Oak-st., block No. 5, plot No. 4, 50x150	120
Oak-st., block No. 5, plot No. 5, 50x150	115
Oak-st., block No. 5, plot No. 6, 50x150	110
Linden-av., block No. 4, plot No. 17, 50x145	150
Linden-av., block No. 4, plot No. 11, 50x145	150
Linden-av., block No. 4, plot No. 9, 50x145	150
Linden-av., block No. 18, plot No. 18, 50x145	140
Woodside-av., block No. 4, plot No. 16, 50x145	140
Woodside-av., block No. 4, plot No. 14, 50x145	125
Woodside-av., block No. 4, plot No. 12, 50x145	138
Woodside-av., block No. 4, plot No. 10, 50x145	140
Woodside-av., block No. 4, plot No. 8, 50x144	140
Westfield road, block No. 4, lot No. 2, 50x165	325
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 15, 50x205	330
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 14, 50x205	300
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 13, 50x205	260
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 12, 50x205	230
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 11, 50x205	215
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 7, 50x205	205
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 5, 50x205	210
Holywood-av., block No. 2, plot No. 6, 50x205	210
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 12, 50x205	250
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 11, 50x205	290
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 10, 50x205	230
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 9, 50x205	240
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 8, 50x205	205
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 7, 50x205	205
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 6, 50x205	200
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 5, 50x205	200
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 4, 50x205	205
Holywood-av., block No. 3, plot No. 3, 50x205	197
South-av., block No. 1, plot No. 11, 50x200	225
South-av., block No. 1, plot No. 10, 50x200	225
South-av., block No. 1, plot No. 12, 50x200	215
South-av., block No. 1, plot No. 9, 50x200	205
South-av., block No. 1, plot No. 8, 50x200	205

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Nassau-st., n. e. corner of Pine-st., 76.11x71.7x81.3x70.5	$470,000
13th-st., s. s., 162.2 ft. e. of 4th-av., 24x103.3	nom.
20th-st., s. s., 190.6 ft. e. of Avenue A, 95x92x71.3x92x23.9x184	nom.
23d-st., s. s., 344 ft. e. of 1st-av., 75x98.9	15,000
87th-st., s. s., 19 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 18.9x34.1	nom.
52d-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of 9th-av., 20x100.5	5,000
57th-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of 9th-av., 25x91.4½	nom.
79th-st., s. s., 85 ft. e. of 3d-av., 220x102.2	6,000

Leases Recorded

Henry-st., No. 86, 10 years, per year	$775
Henry-st., No. 88, 9 years, per year	575
Hudson River and 12th-av., between 130th and 131st sts., 9 years, per year	2,800
90th-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of 5th-av., dimensions not stated, 5 years, per year	1,200
1st-av., w. s., 48.1 ft. s. of 4th-st., 24.½x100, 21 years, per year	710
1st-av., w. s., 72.1½ ft. s. of 4th-st., 24.½x100, 21 years, per year	710
5th-av., No. 165, 3 years, per year	600

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Adelphi-st., e. s., 79.6 ft. n. of DeKalb-av., 36.6x5.1x40x5.1x52x48.3x126.8x30	$15,000
Bergen-st., s. s., 446.7 ft. w. of Franklin-av., 20x51.3x47	300
Butler-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of Ralph-av., 150x126.1	3,000
Conover-st., and India Wharf, n. e. corner, 130.4x8.7x120x59	13,800
Carroll-st., w. s., 342.9 ft. n. of 3d-av., 40x100	6,000
Clymer-st., n. s., 216.5 ft. w. of Division-av., 25x107.4x25x96.4	2,800
Dean-st., n. s., 125.6 ft. w. of Smith-st., 100x100.5	6,150
Dean-st., s. s., 275 ft. e. of Pearsall-st., 30x120	2,800
Dean-st., s. s., 275 ft. e. of Pearsall-st., q. c.	nom.
Debevoise-st., w. s., 60 ft. s. of Lafayette-st., 20x80	5,500
Degraw-st., n. s., 310 ft. e. of Smith-st., 20x100	9,000
Degraw-st. and Tiffany-place, n. e. cor., 19.4x75	9,500
Huntington-st., s. s., 276 ft. w. of Court-st., 16.8x100	1,300
Jackson-st. and Kingsland-av., n. w. cor., 50x190	1,000
Meserole-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of Waterbury-st., 25x100	800
Middle-st., s. w. s., 468.9 ft. s. e. of 5th-av., 15.7x100.2	2,400
Middle-st., s. w. s., 453.1 ft. s. e. of 5th-av., 15.7x100.2	2,400
Oakland and Freeman sts., s. e. cor., [illegible]	[illegible]
Pearsall and Bergen sts., n. e. corner, 24x100	[illegible]
Penn-st., s. s., 245 ft. w. of Lee-av., 25.4x100	1,400
Rush-st., n. s., 90 ft. w. of Wythe-av., [illegible]	3,300
Sugden-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of Central-av., [illegible]x100	350
Union-st., s. s., 92.6 ft. e. of 6th-av., [illegible]	10,000
Van Siclen-av., w. s., 275 ft. s. of Division-av., 25x100	2,500
Warren-st., s. s., 225 ft. e. of Rochester-av., 25x47.1x28.2x55.10	80
Washington-st., w. s., 75 ft. n. of G-st., 50x100, q. c.	10
Withers-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of Lorrimer-st., 25x100	1,000
Wyckoff-st., s. s., 60 ft. e. of Carleton-av., 20x81	13,000
1st and South 8th sts., s. e. corner, 108.8x115.2x85.4x132.8	nom.
2d-st., s. s., 120 ft. w. of Bond-st., 20x100	5,400
South 2d-st., s. s., 135.10 ft. e. of 1st-st., 22x95	6,750
3d-place, s. s., 75 ft. w. of Smith-st., 75x133.5	8,000
3d-st. and North 9th-st., westerly corner, 75x100	4,800
7th-st., e. s., 50 ft. s. of North 7th-st., 50x100	2,500
North 7th and 4th sts., n. w. corner, 20x60	4,500
23d-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 4th-av., 25x100	900
Clermont-av., w. s., 270.5 ft. s. of Fulton-av., 25x100	2,500
Eldert-av., w. s., 225 ft. n. of Liberty-av., 50x100.8	700
Fulton-av., w. s., 340 ft. w. of Albany-av., 20x100	2,400
Lafayette-av. and Warren-st., s. e. corner, 50x125	250
Rochester-av., w. s., 71 ft. n. of Dean-st., 38.9x131.5x161.1x100	500
Rochester-av., w. s., 50 ft. n. of Dean-st., 21x100	500
7th-av. and Degraw-st., s. e. corner, 161.2x209.3x171x209	4,250
Lots Nos. 32 to 38 and Nos. 44 to 49, J. A. Willink's map	5,300
Lots Nos. 144, 145, 152, 153, 185, 186, J. A. Willink's map	20,000
Lot No. 92, map, Hoyt's, Prospect Hill	7,000
Lots No. 96 to No. 102, W. Devoe's map	2,870
Lots Nos. 137, 139 to 143, W. Devoe's map	2,425
Lots Nos. 119, 120, 121, 122, J. Jackson's map	40
Lot No. 129, A. Boerum's map	900
Lots Nos. 783, 784, 785, 754, H. Story's map	900

QUEENS COUNTY.

Astoria.

Bradford-st., n. w. s., Fleming's property, 50x100	$450
Franklin-st., s. s., adjoining Gellis, 46x116	500

New-Astoria.

4th-av., s. e. s., 275 ft. s. w. of Pierce-av., 25x100	$350

Clarenceville.

Grove-st., w. s., 350 ft. s. of Lexington-st., 25x100	$512

Jamaica.

Garden-st., s. s., lots Nos. 75, 76 and 77, Van Wyck's, 75x100	$390
New-York-av., e. s., adjoining L. I. R. R., 8 lots	2,100

Newtown.

Fresh Pond-road, e. s., adjoining Debevoise's, 81.6x100.2	$224
Plots Nos. 1 and 2, Pike estate, Bowery Bay, 14½ acres and houses	116,000

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.

Belmont-av., w. s., 363 ft. n. of Avon-st., 25x109	$3,300
Church-st., w. s., indefinite plot, 25x87	3,300
Court-st. and Morris-av., s. w. corner, 25x100	500
Court-st., s. s. 25 ft. w. of Morris-av., 25x100	475
Court-st., s. s. 122 ft. w. of South 9th-st., 25x100	900
Ferry-st., corner of Jefferson-st., 100 ft. front	2,900
Ferry-st., n. w. s., 96 ft. n. e. of Waydell-st., 25x100	250
Foundry-st., w. s., 206 ft. n. of Ferry-st., 25x100	250
Halstead-av. and Miller-st., s. w. cor., 125 ft. front Halstead-av. and Miller-st., n. w. cor., 150 ft. front	6,080
High-st., w. s., 25 ft. s. of Badwin-st., 41 ft. front	7,000
Halstead-av. and Miller-st., s w. corner, 125 ft. front	2,000
Kossuth-st., n. s., 465 ft. e. of Hamburg-place, 50x100	600
Magazine-st., e. s., 174 ft. s. of George-st., 25x100	500
Magazine-st., w. s., 500 ft. n. of Kossuth-st., 24x102	450
Montgomery and West sts., n. w. corner, 46x100	1,750
Montgomery-st., n. s., 46 ft. w. of West-st., 44x100	1,500
New-st., s. s., 215 ft. w. of Norfolk-st., 25x100	500
Norfolk-st., w. s., 704 ft. s. of Bank-st., 25x100	700
New-Jersey Railroad-av., 375 ft. from indefinite corner, 75x80	800
New-Jersey Railroad-av., e. s., indefinite, 79x150	60,000
New-Jersey Railroad-av., 125 ft. from east side, Dock property, 30 ft. front	140,000
Tichernor-st., n. s., 510 ft. e. of New-Jersey Railroad-av., 90x100	1,800

Jersey City.

Monmouth-st., e. s., 50 ft. s. of South 2d-st., 25x81.8	$2,200
North 10th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Grove-st., 25x100	1,750

Hudson City.

Germania-av., w. s., lot No. 2, block No. 11, Tonnelle's estate, 20x101	$1,025
Hillside road and Thorne-st., n. e. corner, 50x5— Terrace-av. and Thorne-st., corner of, 50x100	600
Spruce-st., lot No. 5, map of 16 lots, Wetmore's property, 21x100	525
Lot No. 13, block E, adjoining Reservoir, 25x100	465
Lot No. 13, block No. 3, Hespe & Weber's map, 25x100	500

CITY REAL ESTATE.

AN EXCELLENT INVESTMENT MAY be made by purchasing the property, Nos. 127, 128, 129 West-st., near Washington Market. The owner is determined to sell, even at a great sacrifice. For particulars inquire of CHENEY & DIXON, No. 195 Broadway, or of HENRY FINCK, No. 129 West-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A THREE-STORY brick house, with modern improvements, near 52d-st. and 11th-av., opposite Mr. Striker's garden; price $9,000; terms easy. JAMES T. MOULTON & CO., Broadway, corner 52d-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

HOUSE BY INSTALLMENTS.—$500 only required down for one of the prettiest, cheapest and best built cottages in Brooklyn; convenient to cars, and value of lots rapidly rising; upper part of Lafayette-av. J. ANDREW, Rear first floor, No. 202 Broadway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

AT RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J., choice building plots close to the depot for sale by the Mount Rutherford Company, at private sale only. Apply at the office on the premises, or to BLAUVELT & OGILBY, No. 157 Broadway.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE AT a great bargain, near Princeton, N. J.; 130 acres, all first-class land; two acres white oak timber; buildings all good and abundant; good fences, and well watered; a thrifty apple orchard; two peach orchards, with a good show for 2,000 baskets of peaches the present season; also, an abundance of other fruits; healthy location, good society, and near churches, schools, railroads, canal, &c. The stock, crops, farming utensils, &c., will be sold with the farm, if desired. This is a rare chance, and worthy the attention of any one wishing a choice farm; immediate possession, if required. For particulars, address VOORHEES, No. 218 Fulton-st., New-York, or A. HOLCOMB, No. 4,019 Ludlow-st., West Philadelphia, and C. W. KIRKPATRICK, Scranton, Penn.

FOR SALE AT MORRISANIA, WEST-chester County, a double cottage, 11 rooms, and three lots of ground, on Spring-place, near the Boston road; plenty of fruit; good well of water. Inquire on the premises, Spring-place, between 4th and 5th sts., first house from the Boston road.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

$12,000 FOR A VERY FINE country residence and farm of 63 acres; fine large buildings, plenty fruit, near Oyster Bay. Call for the owner at Oberlander's Hotel, Syosset, L. I.

SOUTHERN LANDS FOR SALE—1,000 acres West Virginia timber land, at 75 cents per acre. Also, farms, plantations and mineral lands in all parts of the South. T. SKELTON JONES & CO., No. 178 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A SPACIOUS AND COMPLETE seaside residence, in perfect order, near New-Bedford, Mass., at a great bargain. Apply to E. W. DEAN, No. 84 Chambers-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—ONE OF THE FINEST building lots on Orange Mountain, near Llewellyn Park, for sale low to close an estate. Apply to DAVID E. GREEN, No. 132 Pearl-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THE FIRST-CLASS residence and grounds on the Boulevard, (11th-av.,) extending from 140th to 141st-st., and 125 feet deep; the house is beautifully fitted up with all improvements, in perfect repair, and the grounds are handsomely laid out with fruits, shrubbery, &c.; stabling can be had in the vicinity if desired; will be let to a responsible tenant only to May 1, at the rate of $2,000 a year. Inquire of GEORGE W. WINGATE, No. 17 Wall-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET FOR THE SUMmer, a furnished cottage house, eight rooms, small garden; location pleasant and within three minutes' walk of Brick Church Station. For terms, apply to T. R. JAMES, Manhattan Life Insurance Company, No. 156 Broadway.

TO LET—NEAR COZZENS', WEST POINT, a large furnished house and country place, with horses and carriages, if desired; large vegetable and fruit garden; everything ready for immediate possession. Apply to ALFRED PELL, Jr., No. 45 William-st.

TO LET FURNISHED—A BRICK HOUSE in 11th-st., between University-place and 5th-av.; will be rented to a careful tenant, without children preferred, for three months from July 1; no board; best of reference required. Apply to J. COFFIN, No. 41 South William-st.

TO LET—A COTTAGE IN 51ST-ST., NEAR Broadway, for $650; a cottage, near 52d-st. and 10th-av., $360; a frame house, on 52d-st. and 8th-av., $480; also, apartments, furnished or unfurnished. JAMES T. MOULTON & CO., Broadway, corner 52d-st.

FURNISHED COTTAGE AND STABLE to let at Long Branch, on the sea, south of Stetson's; all in perfect order and immediate possession. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.—TO LET, ON the beach, two well furnished cottages, of 12 rooms each, with or without board; stabling and coach-houses. Inquire at No. 99 William-st.

TO LET—AT BERGEN POINT, N. J., TWO new cottages, near the Bay shore, five minutes' from depot; rent very low. Apply to J. R. SCHUYLER, No. 19 Maiden-lane, New-York.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO LET—IN THE TIMES BUILDING, NO. 39 Park-row, a spacious, well-lighted room, in good condition, on the fourth floor. Inquire of

JOHN IRELAND, Cashier, *Times* Office.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—NO. 5 BEEKman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

THROUGH MR. WOODRUFF, OF ELIZABETH,

Positive and Unconditional Sale by Order of Trustees,

AT

ELIZABETH, N. J., ON THE PREMISES, THURSDAY, June 24,

144 PLOTS,

FOUR LOTS IN EACH PLOT.

STRAWBERRY LUNCH.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, to the highest bidders, by order of trustees, on the premises, at 12 o'clock, on THURSDAY, June 24, 400 LOTS OF GROUND, laid out in plots of four lots each, in the City of Elizabeth, N. J., nearly opposite the new depot now being erected at West Elizabeth—as per map described. The sale will be absolute and unreserved, rain or shine. There is a house on the premises, a few rods from the cars, affording shelter in case of inclement weather. A special train from the foot of Liberty-st. will leave at 10 A. M., affording time for inspection of the ground and for refreshments, which will be in readiness. Tickets will be furnished, free of expense, on application at the auction-room, No. 77 Cedar-st. This property is only about twelve miles from the City Hall, New-York, and can be reached in less time than 30th-st., by more than sixty daily trains, or upon an average of every fifteen minutes, at a reasonable commutation.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT COUNTRY SEAT ON THE HUDSON, BETWEEN IRVINGTON AND TARRYTOWN.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, the 23d June, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, two elegant country seats on the Hudson, situated about midway between the Irvington and Tarrytown Depots, and ten minutes' drive from either.

THE GROUNDS.

The place comprises over seven acres of land, with a frontage of about 500 feet on Broadway. The grounds are laid out in the most approved manner, with well-made road, graded lawns, fine vegetable garden, abundance and great variety of young growing fruit trees and vines, thoroughly-built stone walls and handsome cut-marble entrances—all well kept up.

THE HOUSE.

The dwelling is a new brick villa, with brown-stone trimmings, 44x72, with wide verandahs on the north and south fronts; erected for the owner; built by days' work in the most substantial manner, regardless of cost, and finished in black walnut in the most perfect style; Italian marble mantels throughout; hot and cold water all through the house, with permanent washstands and marble basins; bath-room and water closets on second floor; gas in every room, with elegant fixtures; heated perfectly by one of Boynton's large furnaces; range in the kitchen, with stove and stationary tubs in laundry; convenient and roomy cellar; the whole house fitted up with every convenience and elegance.

OUTBUILDINGS.

Barn of ample size, with stable accommodation for five horses; cow stable, wood-shed, ice-house, (filled,) &c., all new and in perfect order.

THE LOCATION.

One of the choicest on the river, being in first-class neighborhood, and surrounded by some of the finest places in the country.

THE VIEW

is unsurpassed, commanding a wide and uninterrupted range up and down the river, and far over the surrounding country, the hills of Rockland County and the Palisades. The whole property is free and clear from any incumbrances, and as it will be sold on easy terms, offers a rare opportunity for the acquisition of an elegant home in the purchase of such a property, as will bear inspection and invite investigation either as an investment or as a speculation.

ALSO, ADJOINING THE ABOVE:

A frame house, well built, conveniently arranged and in good order; good and convenient outbuildings, stables, hennery, &c. Grounds well laid out, beautifully shaded and ornamented; garden of great extent, all planted and in good order; great abundance of small fruits in garden, and a fruit orchard, stocked with pear, quince, apple and peach trees, and in full bearing. Fifty grapevines, all the best varieties. The place is watered by a large spring, which supplies a fish-pond, and is bounded on one side by a running brook. This property comprises about eight acres of well-located land, with a fine view of the river; in an excellent neighborhood, with a large frontage on the public road, and the land not needed with the house could be sold off to great advantage. Terms very easy. The sale of these pieces of property in this way affords opportunities seldom offered for the purchase of property on this part of the Hudson, and the offer is worthy the attention of capitalists. Maps, plans, photographs, and all particulars, at the office of the auctioneers, where permits can be obtained to see the premises. Half the purchase money can remain on mortgage. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

HOMES ON STATEN ISLAND, 30 minutes from New-York.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction a portion of the estate known as

HAMILTON PARK,
AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND,
on the premises, at 12½ P. M.;
SEVERAL FINE MODERN BRICK HOUSES,
WITH LOTS ADJOINING,
will also be offered for sale.

The above sale, which was to have come off yesterday, has been postponed on account of the inclemency of the weather, and will take place

TO-DAY, (WEDNESDAY,) JUNE 23,

at the same hour, if the weather is fine. Should the weather, however, not prove propitious, the sale will

OCCUR, (WEATHER PERMITTING,)
ON FRIDAY, JUNE 25,

on the premises, at the time advertised.

For pamphlets containing plans and descriptions, apply at the office of the auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st.

The above property is offered in villa plots, 50x200 feet, and is unsurpassed in desirability of location and convenience to the business centres by any yet presented to the public.

AARON QUINBY, Auctioneer, N. J.

AUCTION SALE OF EIGHT VILLA SITES

ON ORANGE MOUNTAIN, N. J.,

BELONGING TO A. P. PILLOT, ESQ.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, June 23, 1869, at 2½ o'clock P. M., on the premises, Orange, N. J., eight elegant building sites of 5 acres each, beautifully located on the Turnpike, Northfield-road, Gregory and Mountain avenues, located between the residences of A. P. Pillot, Mrs. Charles A. Heckscher, and those of General Marcey, Dr. Marcey, Mr. Robinson, Mr. Hecker and others. These plots are unexcelled in convenience of location, beauty of prospect and salubrity of climate by any property the same distance from the City, viz., twelve miles.

The property is beautifully wooded with splendid forest trees, well watered with living spring, and commands fine views of the surrounding country; adjoins the village of Orange, with all its advantages; hourly communication to the City of New-York.

Maps and terms at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE
PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 393 CANAL-ST.
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

At the annual election for Directors of the People's Fire Insurance Company, held on the 15th day of June, the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

MATTHIAS CLARK,
WILLIAM MOIR,
SIMON SHINDLER,
JOHN W. LEWIS,
THOMAS WILLIAMS,
CHRIS. GWYER,
ABRAHAM LEGGETT,
ALFRED BARMORE,
CORN'S STEPHENS,
MAT. BLOODGOOD,
JAMES S. LEWIS,
CHAS. F. HUNTER,
HENRY DAVID,
WILLIAM HERTZEL,
WM. B. AITKEN,
ELIPHALT BOOTMAN
JOHN O. MOORE,
JAMES E. HEDGES,
JOSEPH B. MILLER,
ALBERT MANN,
THOMAS J. BLANCK,
PETER J. SHULTZ,
CROWELL ADAMS,
JOHN F. VAN RIPER,
SAMUEL RAYNOR,
JOSEPH H. WOOD,
HENRY BRUNER,
W. ALFRED GEDNEY,
WM. C. MILLER,
JOHN ADAMS.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board, held THIS DAY, MATTHIAS CLARK, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President.

FRED. V. PRICE, Secretary.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE TENTH NATIONAL BANK, in New-York, in the State of New-York, at the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,700,829 03
Commercial paper	$391,024 79	
Demand loans	1,181,821 03	
Other overdue and suspended paper	50,326 64	
Indebtedness of Directors	77,656 57	
Furniture and fixtures		5,197 92
Premium on Government bonds		169,000 00
Cash items, including revenue stamps		22,355 43
Current expenses		20,053 08
Taxes paid		10,019 26
Over-drafts		69,160 85
Rent		8,212 50
Exchanges for Clearing-house		8,640,258 13
Due from national banks		106,246 82
United States bonds deposited with United States Treasurer to secure circulating notes		1,036,000 00
Specie		69,060 38
Fractional currency		10,323 38
Legal-tender notes		135,855 00
Three per cent. certificates		445,000 00
Bills of other national banks		28,633 00
Total		$12,477,204 78
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Circulating notes		912,794 00
Individual deposits, including uncollected checks		9,810,056 67
Due to national banks		442,747 72
Due to other banks and bankers		17,196 79
Dividends unpaid		653 00
Profit and loss		293,756 60
Total		$12,477,204 78

I, J. H. STOUT, Cashier of the Tenth National Bank, New-York, in the State of New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 21st day of June, 1869. C. M. HYDE, Notary Public for New-York State and County.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, COLUMBIA, S. C.
June 16, 1869.

THE INTEREST DUE ON THE Bonds of the State of South Carolina, since July 1, 1867, will be paid on and after July 1, 1869, at the banking-house of H. H. Kimpton, No. 9 Nassau-st., New-York, and at the Treasury Office in Columbia.

The interest due on the Registered Stock of the State since July 1, 1867, will be paid at the Treasury Department in Columbia only.

NILES G. PARKER,
Treasurer of the State of South Carolina.

OFFICE OF THE RUTGERS FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
JUNCTION OF CHATHAM-SQUARE, WORTH AND MOTT STS., NEW-YORK, June 10, 1869.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR A Board of Directors of this Company will be held at this office on MONDAY, July 5, 1869. Polls open from 10 to 11 A. M. JOSEPH W. DUGLISS, Secretary.

COUNTRY HOMES IN RYE:

The GARDEN SPOT of Westchester County.

WILSON'S SUBDIVISION
OF FOUR BEAUTIFUL ESTATES,
AT AUCTION, JUNE 26, at 12 M., on the grounds.

Largest sale of this class of fine property held this season. Rare opportunity to secure

HEALTHY, ACCESSIBLE, BEAUTIFUL AND CHEAP

COUNTRY HOMES

IN ELEGANT VILLA SITES, DESIRABLE TOWN LOTS, AND SPLENDIDLY IMPROVED PROPERTY.

RYE PARK, KINGSLAND PLACE,
GLEN DALE and WEST RYE.
$200,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.
OVER 100 VILLA PLOTS AND TOWN LOTS.
ONLY ONE HOUR FROM NEW-YORK.

A SPECIAL EXTRA TRAIN will leave the depot of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, corner 4th-av. and 27th-st., at 10 A. M., on day of sale.

TICKETS FURNISHED AT DEPOT.
TRANSPORTATION TO AND FROM RYE, AND COLLATION ON THE GROUNDS FREE.
SALE POSITIVE. TERMS EASY.

For pamphlets and further information apply to ANDREW WILSON, Jr., at Rye, or
MULLER, WILKINS & CO., Auctioneers,
No. 7 Pine-st.

L. E. WOOD, Auctioneer.

SALE OF PROPERTY AT DUNELLEN, N. J.

On the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, 1¼ hours from New-York.

To be sold at auction by THE CENTRAL NEW-JERSEY LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1869,
at 1 P. M.,
TWO HUNDRED PLOTS,
Each 50x150 feet, equal to three city lots. Also,
TWO NEW DWELLINGS,
Thoroughly built by owner. Only two minutes from station.

This will be a most desirable and important sale of suburban property, and will bear the most thorough investigation.

Special train from foot of Liberty-st., at 11 A. M. on day of sale. Refreshments on arrival of train.

For railroad passes, maps, and full particulars, apply at the office of the Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company, No. 119 Liberty-st., New-York.

A. D. HOPE, General Agent.

A CARD.

In consequence of the urgent and pressing demand for tickets for our great Islip Sale, further extensive advertising is unnecessary. In brief, we state that the sale will take place, rain or shine, on the premises, WEDNESDAY, June 23. Every possible arrangement has been made for the comfort of the excursionists. Special Train will leave foot of South 8th-st., Williamsburg, by South Side Railroad, at 9:45 A. M. Detective Officers will pass through the cars before starting to eject all boys and suspicious characters. Further particulars at our office, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York. JOHNSON & MILLER.

SUPREME COURT.—FERDINAND SUYDAM, JOHN DORE, PHILLIPS PHŒNIX and GEORGE HENRY WARREN, surviving executors under the last will and testament of Stephen Whitney, deceased, plaintiffs, against OLIVER R. INGERSOLL and ADALINE M., his wife, and others, defendants.—In pursuance of a judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, made in the above-entitled action, I, the subscriber, the referee named in said judgment, will expose to sale at public auction, on MONDAY, the 17th day of May next, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by Joseph McGuire, Auctioneer, the following described premises, viz.: All those lots or parcels of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the said City of New-York, lying on Water and South sts., between Pike and Rutgers slips, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly line of Water-st., distant fifty-two feet and eleven inches easterly from the southeasterly corner of Water-st. and Pike-slip, running thence southerly and parallel with Pike-slip one hundred and sixty feet one and a half inches to the northerly line of South-st., thence easterly along said northerly line of South-st. forty-one feet four and one-half inches, thence northerly and parallel with Pike-slip one hundred and sixty feet one and one-half inches to the southerly side of Water-st., thence westerly along said southerly line of Water st. forty-one feet four and one-half inches to the place of beginning.—Dated New-York, April 21, 1869.

GRATZ NATHAN, Referee.
IRVING PARIS, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The above sale is adjourned till the 7th day of June, 1869, at the same hour and place.—Dated New-York, May 17, 1869. GRATZ NATHAN, Referee.
IRVING PARIS, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The above sale is adjourned till the 10th day of June, 1869, at the same hour and place.—Dated New-York, June 7, 1869. GRATZ NATHAN, Referee.
IRVING PARIS, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The above sale is further adjourned till the 21st day of June, 1869, at the same hour and place.—Dated New-York, June 11, 1869.
GRATZ NATHAN, Referee.
IRVING PARIS, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The above sale is adjourned till the 30th day of June, 1869, at the same hour and place.—Dated New-York, June 21, 1869. GRATZ NATHAN, Referee.
IRVING PARIS, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

FINANCIAL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF the MARKET NATIONAL BANK, in New-York, in the State of New-York, at the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,410,007 27
Overdrafts		3,671 15
United States bonds to secure circulation		672,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages		2,700 00
Due from other national banks		239,514 02
Due from other banks and bankers		27,220 82
Banking-house		35,000 00
Current expenses		21,135 84
Taxes paid		9,891 80
Cash items, (including stamps, as per schedule)		47,946 78
Exchanges for Clearing-house		303,085 68
Bills of other national banks		20,000 00
Bills of State banks		450 00
Specie		91,698 61
Legal-tender notes		231,350 00
Three per cent. certificates		300,000 00
Total		$4,415,671 97
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		311,197 56
Discount	$49,308 70	
Exchanges	1,306 24	
Interest	37,817 09	
Profit and loss	937 99	—89,370 02
Circulating notes received from Comptroller	$594,800 00	
Less amount on hand	16,152 00	
Amount outstanding		578,648 00
State bank circulation outstanding		8,000 00
Individual deposits		1,888,263 05
Certified checks		102,803 61
Due to national banks, (as per schedule)		110,231 13
Due to other banks and bankers, (as per schedule)		23,048 60
Dividends unpaid		1,110 00
Uncollected checks		303,000 00
Total		$4,415,671 97

I, A. GILBERT, Cashier of the Market National Bank of New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. GILBERT, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
R. BAYLY,
J. M. BRUCE, Jr.,
GEO. B. WHITFIELD. } Directors.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 22d day of June, 1869.
THOS. HINWOOD, Notary Public,
In and for the County of New-York.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, in liquidation, in the City of New-York, in the State of New-York, at the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$108,700
United States bonds to secure circulation	150,000
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	14,000
Banking-house	100,000
Three per cent. certificates	200,000
Total	$572,700
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$422,700
Surplus fund	15,025
Circulating notes received from Comptroller	134,975
Total	$572,700

I, JACOB CAMPBELL, President of the Pacific National Bank, in liquidation, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. CAMPBELL, President.

Correct—Attest:
ELISHA BROOKS,
C. L. TIFFANY,
JESSE A. MARSHALL, } Directors.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn to and subscribed before me this 22d day of June, 1869.
ROBERT H. ELLIS, Notary Public.

OFFICE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
BOSTON, June 11, 1869.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, due July 1, 1869, will be paid in United States gold coin, free of Government tax, at the office of the Company, No. 114 State-st., Boston, on FRIDAY, June 25; and at the banking-house of Blake Bros. & Co., No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, on THURSDAY, July 1.

JOHN M. S. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAY COOKE & CO.

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND WASHINGTON.

NO. 20 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy, sell and exchange, at most liberal rates, all issues of

GOVERNMENT BONDS

and bonds of Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company, and execute orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

WE NEGOTIATE RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL LOANS, receive deposits, subject to check, allowing interest, and transact a general banking business.

JAY COOKE & CO.

COLLECTIONS.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(The same as an Incorporated Bank,)

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Have unusual facilities for making Collections on any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very lowest Current Rates.

4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

$1,000,000 GOLD

Seven Per Cent. Bonds,

SECURED BY FIRST MORTGAGE ON THE

MISSOURI VALLEY R. R.

INTEREST PAYABLE AT THE CITY OF NEW-YORK IN FEBRUARY AND AUGUST.
PRICE 92½, AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.

This road commences at Kansas City, in the State of Missouri, traverses the fertile and populous valley of the Missouri River *via* Atchison, Leavenworth and St. Joseph, and thence passes through the Valley of the One Hundred and Two River to the Iowa State line. Its whole length is 180 miles, 90 of which are already completed and in active operation, and the balance under contract. It has valuable railroad connections, is already doing a prosperous business, with prospects of an early and large increase.

We recommend these bonds as a cheap and safe investment.

More detailed information will be given on application at our office.

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
Bankers,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS, &c.

Buy and Sell all issues of

U. S. BONDS

at MARKET RATES.
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS

Of Grundy and Mercer Counties, Missouri.
INTEREST PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY IN NEW-YORK,

AT THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

These bonds are issued to the CHILLICOTHE AND DES MOINES CITY RAILROAD COMPANY, now in course of construction through said counties, and constitute their

ENTIRE INDEBTEDNESS.
FOR SALE AT 78
WHICH INCLUDES ACCRUED INTEREST FROM THE 1ST OF JANUARY.

JOHNSON & DAY, BANKERS,

NO. 80 BROADWAY.

BLAKE, BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
AND NO. 28 STATE-ST., BOSTON.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,
AND STERLING CREDITS.
DEALERS IN COMMERCIAL PAPER.
BUY AND SELL
MASSACHUSETTS AND NEW-YORK STATE STOCKS,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD STRICTLY ON COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

NEW-YORK, June 21, 1869.

SEVENTH PURCHASE OF GOVERNMENT BONDS.—Proposals will be received at this office until noon of WEDNESDAY, June 23, for the sale to the Government of one million six hundred and twenty thousand ($1,620,000) dollars of Six Per Cent. Five-twenty Bonds for the Sinking Fund; at which time the bids will be opened and the awards declared. Proposals will state the specific character of the bonds offered, whether registered or coupon, and of which issue; and may be for any amount not less than five thousand dollars.

The prices named in the proposals must be for the principal of the bonds, in lawful money, without regard to the accrued interest, which will be paid in coin, upon the bonds accepted, from the date of the last payment of interest to the date of purchase.

Each proposal must inclose a certified check for five per cent. of the amount offered. The checks accompanying proposals not accepted will be returned as soon as the result is ascertained, and those of others on the following day, when the bonds must be delivered, for which payment will be made as soon as they can be duly examined.

The right is reserved to reject bids adverse to the interests of the Government.

By order of the Secretary of the Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 12 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
No. 19 William-st., New-York,
No. 76 State-st., Boston.

Make advances on American securities and cash coupons on demand. Bills on the United States or England bought and sold. Circular credits cashed.

Letters for Americans in Europe addressed to our care will be forwarded or delivered.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, $150,000. SURPLUS, $108,186 16.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Five per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after July 1.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, June 9, 1869.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF THE First and Second Mortgage Bonds of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.

In pursuance of the authority vested in the trustees under the respective deeds of trust or mortgage securing the payment of the First and Second Mortgage Bonds, respectively, of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, and in conformity with the by-law in relation to the meetings of said bondholders, adopted April 7, 1864, which provides that in the absence from the country of either of the trustees, meetings of the bondholders may be called by the other trustee, the undersigned trustee, under the said deeds, his associate trustee being now absent from the country, hereby calls a meeting of the holders of the said First Mortgage Bonds, and also a meeting of the holders of the said Second Mortgage Bonds, to be held at the office of the said Company, in the City of Pittsburg, on the 24th day of June, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all such questions as may arise in reference to the lease of the railways of the said Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, or in reference to the conversion of the present stock of the said Company into a guaranteed stock of a larger aggregate, upon which dividends at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable quarterly out of the rental reserved in the said lease, shall be paid, and also for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all other matters which may come before the said meetings, or either of them.

S. J. TILDEN, Trustee.

PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURG, Penn., June 5, 1869.

BY VIRTUE OF AUTHORITY CON-ferred by resolution of the stock and bondholders of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company at the annual meeting held at the office of the Company in this City, March 17, A. D. 1869, an adjourned meeting of said annual meeting will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburg, at 10 o'clock A. M. of June 24, instant, for the purpose of considering and acting upon a lease for a period of nine hundred and ninety-nine years of the railway and property of this Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and to act upon such other business as may come before said adjourned meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock and bonds of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company at the agency in New-York, (WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 27 Pine-st.,) and at the office in Pittsburg, will close at 2 P. M. on Monday, the 14th of June, and will reopen on the 25th of June. By order of the President.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL BOILER INSURANCE AND INSPECTION COMPANY.—The books of this Company will be opened for subscriptions to the capital stock of the Company at the National Bank of the Commonwealth on THURSDAY, June 24, 1869.

The objects of the above Company are of great value in the insurance of steam boilers and other property against loss or damage by explosion, this being a risk not covered by any ordinary policy of insurance.

The attention of capitalists, life and fire insurance companies is invited to this subject.

EDWARD HAIGHT,
CHAS. W. COPELAND,
S. RUSSELL CHILDS,
GEORGE RICE,
H. C. PRATT,
NEW-YORK, June 15, 1869. Commissioners.

FOR SALE—350 SHARES STOCK UNION Pacific Railroad Company. Wanted—Bonds of counties in States of Kentucky, Tennessee, Wisconsin and Iowa. WILLIAM A. GUEST, No. 25 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS,

NOS. 16 AND 18 NASSAU-ST.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND IN GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869—3 P. M.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered, 1881	116⅛	117⅛	5-20 Coupon, '67	119⅛	119⅝
Coupon, 1881	121⅛	121⅝	5-20 Coupon, '68	119⅛	119⅝
5-20 Regis., 1862	116	117	10-40 Regist'd	107⅛	107⅝
5-20 Coupon, '62	122⅛	122⅝	10-40 Coupon	108	108⅛
5-20 Coupon, '64	117	117⅛	Gold	137⅛	137⅝
5-20 Coupon, '65	118⅞	118⅝	U. S. Cur. Pac.	105⅛	106⅛
5-20 Coupon, '65, Jan. and July	119⅜	119⅝			

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

ST. CHARLES BRIDGE FIRST MORTGAGE TEN PER CENT. BONDS,

TEN years to run, guaranteed by the North Missouri Railroad Company, payable semi-annually at the Bank of Commerce, New-York,

AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

NORTH MISSOURI FIRST MORTGAGE

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS,
AT 85 AND INTEREST.

The undersigned are the authorized agents for the sale of the above securities, and recommend them as first-class investments.

JAMESON, SMITH & COTTING,

NOS. 14 AND 16 WALL-ST.

SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD

FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE SINKING FUND BONDS,
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN COIN.
FIFTY YEARS TO RUN,
FREE OF UNITED STATES TAX,

Issued by the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railway Company. These Bonds, at the price, yield in Currency Ten Per Cent. per a num.

A limited quantity only for sale before advancing the price.

Full information furnished by
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
Financial Agents,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

WE OFFER FOR SALE
ESSEX COUNTY, N. J., 7 PER CENT. 20-YEAR BONDS.
WARREN R. R. 1ST. MTGE. BONDS.
CITY OF LOUISVILLE, KY., 7 PER CENT. BONDS.
WM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.,
Issue letters of credit for
TRAVELERS,
Available in all the principal cities of Europe, through
DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
NO. 3 RUE SCRIBE,
PARIS.

NOTICE.

STATE OF KANSAS,
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE,
TOPEKA, June 11, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the interest on the bonds of Kansas, falling due July 1 proximo, will be paid at the National Trust Company of the City of New-York, No. 336 Broadway.

GEORGE GRAHAM, State Treasurer.

PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK.

Notice is hereby given that upon a vote duly taken, the shareholders owning two-thirds and upward of the capital stock of this association have voted that the said association go into liquidation and be closed, and that it is closing up its affairs accordingly. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the association for payment.

JACOB CAMPBELL, President.

Dated NEW-YORK, May 10, 1869.

This Bank has been reorganized as a State Institution, and is conducting business as usual.

THE HANSOM CAB COMPANY.

Books of subscription to the HANSOM CAB COMPANY will be opened on WEDNESDAY, the 26th May, 1869, at the offices of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, Nassau-st., and of Messrs. ED. W. BRANDON & CO., No. 133 Water-st.

ED. W. BRANDON,
JEROME BUCK,
HENRY SPEAR, } Commissioners.

LOST OR STOLEN.

CERTIFICATE NO. 20,085 of the Michigan Central Railroad Company for ten shares of Stock, dated Jan. 2, 1869, and standing in the name of Augusta Peters. The public are cautioned not to purchase or negotiate the same.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

FOURTEENTH SALE OF GOLD.—By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the purchase of one million of dollars in gold will be received at this office until noon of THURSDAY, 24th inst., when the same will be opened and bids declared.

Proposals will be received for sums not less than five thousand dollars, ($5,000,) and payments may be made either in lawful money or three per cent. certificates. Successful bidders will be required to deposit five per cent. of the amount of the purchase on the day of the sale. Like proposals will be received on MONDAY and THURSDAY of each succeeding week until otherwise ordered.

The amount awarded will not exceed two millions of dollars per week, and the right is reserved to reject bids obviously adverse to the interests of the Government.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF the MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK of the City of New-York, at the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,659,990 42
Overdrafts		3,325 95
United States bonds to secure circulation		667,000 00
United States bonds on hand		362,500 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages		86,850 00
Due from other national banks		162,126 28
Due from other banks and bankers		173,138 32
Banking-house		175,000 00
Current expenses	$22,468 78	
Taxes paid	3,445 59	— 25,914 37
Cash items, including stamps		107,398 04
Exchanges for Clearing-house		5,709,303 09
Bills of other national banks		83,575 00
Fractional currency, including nickels		3,872 10
Specie, viz.: Coin	$51,333 20	
Gold Treasury notes	197,320 00	
Checks on other banks payable in gold	100,685 77	— 349,338 97
Legal-tender notes		1,272,423 00
Three per cent. certificates		500,000 00
Total		$14,341,755 54
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund		400,000 00
Discount	$59,029 93	
Exchanges	282 12	
Interest	80,933 14	
Profit and loss	372,570 49	— 512,815 68
Circulating notes outstanding		555,331 00
State bank circulation outstanding		7,560 00
Individual deposits	$5,140,856 39	
Certified checks	4,857,835 66	— 9,998,692 05
Due to national banks		822,934 04
Due to other banks and bankers		40,027 24
Unpaid dividends		4,392 53
Total		$14,341,755 54

I, WM. H. COX, Cashier of the Mechanics' National Bank of the City of New-York, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. WM. H. COX, Cashier.

Correct.—Attest:
JOHN BULLARD, Jr.,
RICHARD IRVIN,
HENRY OELRICHS, } Directors.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Affirmed and subscribed before me this 22d day of June, 1869. FREDERIC BULL, Notary Public.

OFFICE OF THE MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD CO.,
HOBOKEN, N. J., June 9, 1869.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DI-rectors of the Company will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, 30th inst., at 12 o'clock M. The polls will be open between 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from June 9 until July 2. By order of the Board.

FRED F. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

NEW-JERSEY ZINC COMPANY.—The annual interest on the outstanding scrip of this Company will be due and payable at their transfer office No. 61 Maiden-lane, New-York, on and after July 1, next. The transfer books will be closed from the 25th to the 30th inst, both days inclusive.

B. S. GIBLIN, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

NOTICE.—HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTgage Coupons of the St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute Railroad Company, maturing July 1, 1869, will please present them on and after that date at this Bank for payment. C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, CORNER OF 4TH-AV.
AND 26TH-ST., NEW-YORK, June 11, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have declared a dividend of Four per Cent. on the Preferred and Common Stock, payable on the first day of July next at this office.

The transfer books will be closed at 2 P. M. June 19, 1869, and opened at 10 A. M. July 2, 1869.

C. VANDERBILT, Jr., Treasurer.

DIVIDEND.—INSTITUTION FOR THE SAVINGS OF MERCHANTS' CLERKS, No. 20 Union-place, (No. 177 4th-av.,) corner of East 15th-st.—Interest has been declared at the following rates per annum: SIX PER CENT. on sums of $5 and not exceeding $1,000, and FIVE PER CENT. on larger sums, credited and payable July 19, 1869.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

ANDREW WARNER, Secretary.

ROME, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURG RAILROAD,
VICE-PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, No. 12 COLLEGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, June 12, 1869.

THIS COMPANY WILL PAY A SEMI-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. free on and after the 15th July, to stockholders of record at this date. Transfer books will remain closed from date till 1st of July. Stock registered in New-York will be paid at the Mercantile Bank for sixty days. All others at Watertown.

J. A. LAWYER, Treasurer.

THE TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT. will be paid on and after THURSDAY, July 1, free of tax. ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

WILLIAMSBURG SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of South 3d and 4th sts., Brooklyn, E. D. (late Williamsburg) L. I.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Depositors are hereby notified that a semi-annual interest at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum on all sums of three dollars and upward, that shall have been deposited three months on the 1st day of July next, will be paid to depositors on and after MONDAY, July 19,

FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

Interest not called for will be passed to the credit of depositors as principal and draw interest from July 1.

Deposits made on or before the 10th day of July will draw interest from the 1st.

The Bank is open for business daily (Sundays and holidays excepted) from 10 o'clock A. M. until 2 o'clock P. M., and also on Mondays and Saturdays from 4 o'clock P. M. until 7 o'clock P. M.

GEORGE RICARD, President.
WILLIAM WALL,
NATHANIEL BRIGGS, } Vice-Presidents.
SAMUEL W. TRUSLOW, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.

PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 393 CANAL-ST.
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

CASH CAPITAL	$150,000
SURPLUS, JUNE 22, 1869	87,419
ASSETS	$237,419

The Board of Directors of the People's Fire Insurance Company have THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of Six per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after July 1, 1869.

The transfer books will be closed until that date.

FRED. V. PRICE, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE AND NEW-BOWERY.
JUNE 21, 1869.

The Trustees of this bank have ordered the usual quarterly and half-yearly dividend at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM,

to be paid on all deposits entitled thereto under the by-laws.

All interest not withdrawn will be added to the principal and will be entitled to interest as a deposit.

Deposits made before July 21 will receive interest as from July 1. HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.
C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

OFFICE HARTFORD AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO.,
HARTFORD, June 17, 1869.

NOTICE.

A quarterly dividend of $3, free of Government tax, has been declared on each share of stock standing on the books the 26th day of June inst. by the Board of Directors of the Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on Thursday, July 1.

Stockholders in New-York will receive their dividend at the Union National Bank.

The transfer books will be closed the 26th day of June, to reopen the 2d day of July.

S. P. CONNER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN
RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 52 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, May 28, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have declared a dividend of Five (5) per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company, free of Government tax, payable on and after the 30th day of June next to the stockholders, as shown by the books of the Company on the 12th day of June next.

The transfer books of the preferred and common stocks will be closed on the 12th day of June next, at 3 P. M., and opened on THURSDAY, the first day of July next, at 10 A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

TWENTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 161 BROADWAY.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. on the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable on demand on and after July 1, 1869, at the office of the Company.

The transfer books will be closed from 20th inst. to July 1. JOHN B. ARTHUR, Secretary.

NEW YORK, June 17, 1869.

OFFICE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD
COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA,
NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORT-GAGE BONDS OF THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, due July 1, 1869, will be paid in full in gold coin, on and after that date, on presentation at the banking house of Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

Schedules will be furnished on application. Lots of twenty or more coupons will be received for examination on the 29th and 30th June.

C. P. HUNTINGTON, Vice-President.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL COAL MINING AND
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
NOS. 15 AND 17 TRINITY BUILDING,
NEW-YORK, June 9, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of Five per cent. on the capital stock, payable at the office of the Company, on and after July 1, 1869.

The transfer books will close June 19, and reopen July 2. By order of the Board,

F. P. WHITE, Secretary and Treasurer.

NORWICH AND WORCESTER RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
NORWICH, Conn., June 15, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of Five per Cent., payable on the 1st proximo, at the Farmers Loan and Trust Company's office, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York, to the stockholders whose names are on the Stock Ledger on the 23d inst.

Transfer books will be closed from the 23d inst. to the 6th of July next. G. L. PERKINS, Treasurer.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 18, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT., free from all taxes, payable July 1, 1869. The transfer books will be closed on June 22, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened on the 1st prox.

JNO. T. HILL, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a semi-a nual dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free of Government tax, payable to stockholders on and after the 1st day of July next, until which date the transfer books will be closed.

A. GILBERT, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION,
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free of tax, payable on and after 1st July next. The transfer books will be closed until July 6, 1869.

W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

IN THE MATTER OF THE DISSO-lution of the Columbian Coast Wrecking Company.—Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, made the 15th June, 1869, the final dividend to the stockholders of the Columbian Coast Wrecking Company is now payable at the office of Messrs. COUDERT BROTHERS, Counselors at Law, No. 49 Wall-st., New-York, on production of certificate of stock.

JAMES M. SWEENEY, Receiver.

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 73 BROADWAY, CORNER OF RECTOR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1869.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF New-York have declared a Dividend of Four per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after the 1st day of July next.

The transfer book will be closed on the 25th inst., and reopened on the morning of July 2.

C. T. CARLTON, Secretary.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE
CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of all taxes, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after July 1.

The transfer books will be closed 23d inst. at 3 P.M., and reopened on the morning of July 6.

W. H. SANFORD, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT., free of all taxes, payable on and after July 1 prox.

The transfer books will be closed from the close of business on WEDNESDAY, 23d inst., until 1st July next. B. SEAMAN, Cashier.

HANOVER NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 19, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a semi-annual dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on capital stock, free of Government tax, payable on the 1st day of July next, until which day the transfer book will be closed.

JOHN T. BANKER, Cashier.

BANK OF AMERICA—DIVIDEND.—THE President and Directors of the Bank of America have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. for the current six months, free from tax, payable to the stockholders on and after THURSDAY, July 1, 1869.

The transfer books will remain closed from this date until the morning of SATURDAY, July 3.

WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., free of all taxes, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after July 1st prox., until which time the transfer books will remain closed.

CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL CITIZENS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER Cent., free of Government tax, has been declared, payable on and after 1st July next. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

W. H. OAKLEY, Cashier.

FOSTER ISLAND PETROLEUM COMPANY.—At a meeting of the Trustees of the above Company, held on the 21st inst., a dividend of One per Cent. was declared, payable to the stockholders of the Company on and after the 22d June, 1869, at the office of Messrs. BABCOCK & COX, No. 87 Beaver-st. GEO. D. BOWEN, Secretary.

THE IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, June 19, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free of all tax, has this day been declared by this Bank, payable on the first day of July next, until which time the transfer books will remain closed.

E. H. PERKINS, Jr., Cashier.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT, free of all tax, has this day been declared, payable on and after the 1st day of July next, until which date the transfer books will remain closed. JOHN L. JEWETT, Jr., Cashier.

NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK, June 22, 1869.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SEVEN (7) Per Cent., and Government tax, has been declared THIS DAY, payable on the 1st day of July next, until which time the transfer books will remain closed. J. L. WORTH, Cashier.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK,
NEW-YORK, June 19, 1869.

THIRTY-NINTH DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-annual dividend of $3 per share, and the Government tax, will be paid on and after July 1, prox.

I. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route to the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

LAFAYETTE.......ROUSSAU..SATURDAY, June 26
PEREIRE..........DUCHESNE.SATURDAY, July 10
ST. LAURENT....LEMARIE...SATURDAY, July 24

Rates of passage payable in gold, (wine included:) TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.

TO PARIS, including railway ticket, $145 and $88.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE,

Favorite Clyde-built passenger Steamers, are intended to sail as follows:

EUROPA	June 26	IOWA	July 10
INDIA	July 3	BRITANNIA	July 24
CAMBRIA	July 10	COLUMBIA	July 31

and each SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $160.
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.

Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.

For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

—Inman Line of mail steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, June 26, 1 P. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON, (via Halifax)..........Tuesday, June 29, 10 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP......Saturday, July 3, 12 M.
CITY OF PARIS..........Saturday, July 10, 1 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	43

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	45	St. John's, N. F. by Branch Steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Cuba, Wednesday, June 23	Samaria, Thursday, July 8
Siberia, Thursday, June 24	Tripoli, Saturday, July 10
China, Wednesday, June 30	Java, Wednesday, July 14
Aleppo, Thursday, July 1	Malta, Thursday, July 15
Russia, Wednesday, July 7	Scotia, Wedn'sday, July 21

RATES OF PASSAGE

By the Wednesday steamers, not carrying emigrants, First Cabin....$130, gold. Second Cabin.....$80, gold. First Cabin to Paris..........$145, gold.

By the Thursday and Saturday steamers, First Cabin.....$80, gold. Steerage.....$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent; and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage, apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage, at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

BOATS TO CONVEY PASSENGERS and baggage on board steamship CUBA will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, from 1:30 to 2:30 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, 23d inst.

Passengers only can be taken on board.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent,
No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

From Pier No. 46 North River, WEDNESDAY.

MINNESOTA, 2,965 tons........June 23, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, 3,125 tons........June 30, at 10½ A. M.
COLORADO, 3,025 tons........July 7, at 3 P. M.
NEBRASKA, 3,392 tons........July 14, at 5 P. M.
MANHATTAN, 2,865 tons........July 21, at 3 P. M.
IDAHO, 3,132 tons........July 28, at 4½ P. M.

CABIN PASSAGE..........(Gold)..$80.
STEERAGE..........(Currency)..$30.

Saloon and State Rooms all on Deck.

Steerage Passage Office, No. 29 Broadway.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM TO ANTWERP.

CALLING AT SOUTHAMPTON.
INMAN LINE.

CITY OF DUBLIN..........July 7
CITY OF LIMERICK..........Aug. 4

And monthly throughout the season.

RATES OF STEERAGE PASSAGE:

To Southampton..$30, Cur'y	To Havre...$35, Currency
To Antwerp...$35, Currency	To Paris..... 38, Currency

For freight or passage apply to JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, N. Y.

NATIONAL LINE.

From Pier No. 47 North River.

PENNSYLVANIA, HALL, Saturday, June 26, at 3 P. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100 and $75; Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.

Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco: First Cabin.

Outside.	Inside	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
$225	$200	$150	$75

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON 1ST, 11TH AND 21ST, EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

JULY 1.—ARIZONA, Captain MAURY, connecting with COLORADO, Captain PARKER.

Steamer leaving July 10 connects closely with steamer OREGONIAN, leaving San Francisco Aug. 1 for China and Japan.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS—Freight for steamer ARIZONA received until 4 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, June 30. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets and all further information, apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:

NORTH AMERICA, Capt. ——, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. W. WIER, July 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Aug. 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

U. S. MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE..........June 24
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS..........July 1
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE..........July 8

For freight or passage apply to

S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer EAGLE, Captain M. R. GREENE, THURSDAY, July 15, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to

S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAMSHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

Three times a week,
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.

The steamships

RAPIDAN, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, June 24, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, June 26, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, June 26, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, June 29, from Pier No. 16 East River at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, THURSDAY, July 1, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, June 19, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, July 6, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR MOBILE.

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE.

The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch the steamer

MERCEDITA, Captain ——,

On SATURDAY, June 26, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 39 North River, foot of Warren-st. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile. Is now receiving. Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile. Through rates and bills of lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at lower rates than any other line.

Has splendid cabin accommodations for passengers going to Florida or the Gulf ports.

For freight or passage, apply to

J. F. PATTERSON, Agent.
No. 177 West-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE.—The fast and popular steamship MAGNOLIA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will sail WEDNESDAY, June 23, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 8 North River, foot of Rector-st. Through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston (RAVENEL & CO.) forward all goods free of commissions.

ARTHUR LEARY, Agent, No. 73 William-st.

The SARAGOSSA will sail June 30.

SHIPPING.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 12 M.

The splendid new steamers

CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS..........July 8
CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. DEAKEN..........July 23

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.

Steamships of this Line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:

CORTES..........NELSON..Saturday, June 26
MARIPOSA..........KEMBLE..Saturday, July 3

Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates. For passage, first and second class, or freight, apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR BOSTON

—VIA—

FALL RIVER, DIRECT.

THE

WORLD-RENOWNED STEAMERS

BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE,

COMMANDER BRAYTON, COMMANDER SIMMONS,

WILL LEAVE (Alternate Days) DAILY,

FROM PIER—30—NORTH RIVER,

(Foot of Chambers-st.)

—AT 5 P. M.—

DODWORTH'S CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA, including brass, string and reed bands, will be attached to each steamer on its passage.

Grand Promenade Concert

EVERY EVENING.

THIS IS THE ONLY LINE RUNNING A SUNDAY NIGHT BOAT.

One of the above steamers will STOP at NEWPORT every SATURDAY night, and returning will leave NEWPORT SUNDAY night.

To facilitate up-town travel, on and after MONDAY, the 21st inst., the magnificent ferry-boat JAY GOULD will leave FOOT OF 23D-ST., (North River,) at 4:45 P. M., making direct connection with the above steamers.

TICKETS SOLD AND BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH.

FOR THE BETTER ACCOMMODATION OF THE PUBLIC,

THE SPLENDID STEAMERS,

NEWPORT and OLD COLONY,

COMMANDER LEWIS, COMMANDER MILLER,

WILL LEAVE (Alternate Days) DAILY,

(Sundays excepted,)

FROM PIER—28—NORTH RIVER,

(Foot of Murray-st.,)

—AT 6:30 P. M.—

FOR

BOSTON via NEWPORT.

FREIGHT received at Pier 30 up to 5 P. M., and at Pier 28 up to 6:30 P. M. each evening.

JAMES FISK, Jr., President,
M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director,
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent,
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent,
NARRAGANSETT STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

STONINGTON LINE.

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.

Fare always as low as by any other line.

The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.

Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.

From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.,

Arriving ahead of all other lines.

Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway.

D. S. BABCOCK,
President Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD, THE ST. JOHN, DREW AND DEAN RICHMOND.

One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River EVERY AFTERNOON (Sunday's excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the Albany Steamboat Landing at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

FOR CONEY ISLAND.

The steamer NAUSHON, Capt. WM. P. BAULSIER, makes regular trips to Coney Island, leaving Christopher-st., North River, at 9:20, 12:20, and 3:20. Warren-st., North River, at 9:40, 12:40, and 3:40. Pier No. 4, (Morris-st.,) North River, at 10, 1, and 4 o'clock.

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Low fare and cheap traveling on the fastest evening steamers connecting the West and North with New-York; only $1 50, being $1 75 less than rail, and 75 cents cheaper than any other line. The VANDERBILT or CONNECTICUT will leave Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock, leave foot of West 34th-st. at 6:15 o'clock P. M.; connecting with New-York Central and Albany and Susquehanna Railroad for the West, and Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad for the North. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of the evening train. Through tickets sold, and baggage checked to all points. Sundays, fare $2.

SHREWSBURY, RED BANK AND LONG BRANCH.—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., as follows:

LEAVES NEW-YORK.	LEAVES RED BANK.
Wed., June 23....3:30 P. M.	Wed., June 23....7 A. M.
Thurs., June 24....3:30 P. M.	Thurs., June 24..7 A. M.
Sat., June 26.....9 A. M.	Fri., June 25.......7:30 A. M.
Sun., June 27.....8 A. M.	Sat., June 26......5:30 P. M.
Mon., June 28.....7 A. M.	Sun., June 27......5 P. M.
Tues., June 29.....7 A. M.	Mon., June 28.....11 A. M.

ALBANY AND TROY.—THE DAY LINE boats C. VIBBARD and D. DREW, will commence their passages to Albany, on MONDAY, May 31, Leaving Desbrosses-st. at 7 A. M. and 34th-st. at 7:15, connecting with the New-York Central, Rensselaer and Saratoga and Susquehanna Railroads for all points North and West. Landing at West Point, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—Railroad time; no dust; half railroad fare.—The beautiful steamboat NELLY WHITE leaves Pier 37 E. R., foot Market-st., every afternoon at 2:45, and 37th-st. at 3 o'clock. Returning, leaves Norwalk at 7:45 A. M., on the arrival of the Danbury and New-Haven trains. Fare, 75 cents; excursion tickets, $1 25.

FOR CONEY ISLAND—EAST RIVER LINE TO CONEY ISLAND.—The steamer SYLVAN SHORE, Captain E. T. WILSON, makes regular trips to Coney Island, leaving North 8th-st., Williamsburg, at 8 A. M.; Broome-st., New-York, at 8:20, 11:20 and 2:20; Peck-slip, New-York, at 8:40, 11:40 and 2:40; Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, at 9, 12 and 3 o'clock.

FOR GLEN COVE AND ROSLYN—LANDing at White Stone, Baylis' Dock, (Ft. Schuyler,) Gt. Neck, Sands' Pt., Mott's Dock and Glenwood.—Str. Seawanhaka leaves Peck-slip every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at 4. Stopping at 37th-st., each way, for passengers only. Commutation tickets $30 for 3 months. Packages of tickets and transient fares greatly reduc'd.

FOR CATSKILL.—STEAMERS THOMAS POWELL and NEW CHAMPION leave Franklin-st. Pier daily at 5 P. M., and SATURDAYS at 2 P. M., landing at Cold Spring, Highland, Rhinebeck, Barrytown, Tivoli, Malden, West Camp, Smith's Dock and Germantown, connecting at Catskill with stages for the Catskill Mountain House and all points West.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN, FOR Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 4:15 P. M. from Pier No. 14 East River, first below Wall-st., touching at 37th-st. at 4:30. Fare to 37th-st. 10c., to all other landings 50c. Barney & Searing's Huntington and Oyster Bay Express on board.

FOR RONDOUT, POUGHKEEPSIE, and Newburg, landing at Cozzens', Cornwall, Milton, Marlboro' and Esopus. Steamboats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN, leave Pier foot of Harrison-st., daily at 4 P. M.

STEAMER MARY POWELL WILL commence running SATURDAY, June 5, 1869, for Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, New-Hamburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Rondout, leaving pier foot Desbrosses-st. EVERY AFTERNOON at 3:30.

FOR CHARTER FOR EXCURSIONS.—The fine side-wheel steamboat STAMFORD is in good order and ready for business. Apply at the office of the Bridgeport Steamboat Company, Pier No. 35 East River.

D. & T. SMITH'S STEAMBOAT Line for Yonkers, Tarrytown, Nyack, Haverstraw, Peekskill and all ldgs daily, at 3:30, 4 and 5 P. M., from Harrison-st., Pier 34 N. R. On Pier, E. LANE, Agt.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon and 3:30 P. M.; leave 34th-st., East River, at 3:40 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &C.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND.

HOTEL DE LA METROPOLE.
CHARLES ALDINGER, Proprietor,
formerly of the "Couronne."

This hotel is the largest in Geneva; is situated in the most fashionable portion of the city, commanding a splendid view over the lake, the Jura and Mount Blanc; 3 0 rooms and saloons; reading, coffee, smoking and billiard rooms; English and American newspapers taken in daily.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHLORODYNE.

The most wonderful remedy ever discovered. Caution and advice to invalids: Beware of spurious imitations of

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, the original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, DIARRHŒA, COLIC, CRAMP, NEURALGIA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered.

To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp, with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65c., $1 40 and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New-York—J. ASPINWALL, William-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 192 Fulton-st.

TWO DOUBLE GLUE KETTLES FOR sale; capacity about 80 gallons each. To be seen at No. 304 Pearl-st., up stairs.

HEATING.—CULVERS & SIMONDS' IMproved hot air hot water furnaces, the best, cheapest and most thoroughly tested in use. Registers and ventilators manufactured, put up and warranted by SIMONDS MF'G. CO., successors to CULVER, SIMONDS & CO., No. 52 Cliff-st., N. Y. Established 1845.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000, free from Government tax. Deposits made now will draw interest from July 1. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION

NO. 3 CHAMBERS-ST.

NEW-YORK, June 16, 1869.

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM on sums of $500 and under; SIX PER CENT. on sums over $500 which have remained on deposit for three and six months previous to the 1st day of July, 1869, will be paid on demand after the 20th of July.

Interest not called for will draw interest from the 1st day of July.

Bank open daily from 10 o'clock A. M. till 3 o'clock P. M.; and on Thursdays from 10 A. M. till 7 P. M.

WILLIAM H. SLOCUM, President.
CHARLES A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT., FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
CORNER THIRD-AV. AND TWENTY-SIXTH-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual dividend, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum (free from Government tax), on all sums from $1 to $5,000, will be paid on and after the third MONDAY in July.

Deposits made on or before July 20, will draw interest from the 1st. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WILLIAM B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 237 Broadway, entrance on Park-place.

DIVIDEND.—Interest on deposits entitled thereto, for the six months ending June 30, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum on all sums of $5 and upward, will be paid on and after MONDAY, July 19.

FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec. PETER CUMMING, Acct.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVings' Institution, No. 233 Bowery, near Houston-st.—Six per Cent. interest (free from tax) allowed on all sums of from $5 to $10,000. Deposits made on or before July 1 will draw interest from that date. German spoken.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7.

ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 58 Bowery, corner of Canal-st.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums from five to five thousand dollars. Money deposited now will draw interest from July 1.

OPEN EVERY DAY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on the evenings of Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 5 to 7 o'clock.

Assets—$5,510,163 31.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York, opposite Cooper Institute.

INTEREST COMMENCES JULY 1.
SIX PER CENT. ALLOWED on sums of $5 and upward.
One dollar received on deposit.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

DRY DOCK SAVINGS BANK,

NOS. 341 AND 343 EAST 4TH-ST.

Interest allowed on deposits made on July 7, 1869, SIX PER CENT. per annum on sums of $1,000 and under.

ANDREW MILLS, President.
JAMES L. STEWART, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,

No. 1,146 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.
INTEREST SIX PER CENT.
MONEY DEPOSITED NOW
draws interest from
JULY 1.

A deposit before July 1 will draw interest from that date—Six Per Cent., (free from Government tax.)

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 354 3d-av., corner 26th-st.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday from 6 to 8 P. M.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight.
SIX PER CENT. interest on $5 to $5,000.
Money deposited now, will bear interest from July 1.
ASSETS, $6,250,697 07.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

CHATHAM-SQUARE AND NEW BOWERY.

DEPOSITS MADE NOW DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1.

Six per cent. interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

RAILROADS.

From Twenty-third-st.	From Chambers-st.	ERIE RAILWAY.—Trains leave depots foot of 23d-st. and foot of Chambers-st., as follows, viz.:
6.30 A. M.	6.45 A. M.	For Paterson.
8.00 A. M.	8.00 A. M.	*Day Express*, for Rochester, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and all points West and South. New and improved Drawing-room Coaches are attached to this train, running through without change.
8.30 A. M.	8.30 A. M.	*Way Train*, daily, for Greycourt and intermediate stations.
9.00 A. M.	9.00 A. M.	For Hackensack, Piermont and Monsey.
9.00 A. M.	9.15 A. M.	For Paterson.
10.00 A. M.	10.00 A. M.	*Express Mail*, for Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati and all points West and South. Sleeping Coaches attached from New-York to Meadville and from Susquehanna to Buffalo.
11.30 A. M.	11.30 A. M.	*Way Train*, daily, for Port Jervis and intermediate stations.
12.00 M.	12.00 M.	For Hackensack and Paterson.
1.00 P. M.	1.00 P. M.	For Piermont and Monsey.
1.30 P. M.	1.45 P. M.	Daily for Paterson.
3.30 P. M.	3.30 P. M.	*Way Train*, for Middletown and intermediate stations. Also for Piermont.
4.00 P. M.	4.00 P. M.	For Paterson and Hackensack.
4.00 P. M.	4.15 P. M.	For Piermont and Monsey.
4.30 P. M.	4.30 P. M.	*Orange County Express*, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, (except Oxford,) to Newburg, Warwick, Montgomery, Unionville and Port Jervis.
5.00 P. M.	5.00 P. M.	*Way Train*, for Suffern and intermediate stations. Also for Hackensack.
5.00 P. M.	5.15 P. M.	For Piermont and Monsey.
5.30 P. M.	5.30 P. M.	*Night Express*, for Rochester, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and all points West and South. Sleeping Coaches attached from New-York to Buffalo.
6.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	*Way Train*, for Suffern and intermediate stations. Also for Hackensack.
6.30 P. M.	6.30 P. M.	*Night Express*, daily, for all points West and South. By this train Sleeping Coaches will run through to Buffalo, Rochester, Cleveland and Cincinnati, without change.
6.30 P. M.	6.45 P. M.	For Paterson and Hackensack.
6.30 P. M.	6.30 P. M.	For Piermont.
8.00 P. M.	8.00 P. M.	*Emigrant Train*, daily, for the West.
11.30 P. M.	11.30 P. M.	*Theatre Train*, for Suffern and intermediate stations.
12.00 Mid.	12.00 Mid.	*Saturdays only*, Theatre train for Piermont.

Tickets can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241 and 957 (corner 23d-st. and Fifth-av.) Broadway, and at depots foot of Chambers-st., and foot of 23d-st., New-York, and at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.

L. D. RUCKER, Gen'l Sup't.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

1869.

LONG BRANCH AND SEA SHORE RAILROAD.

This favorite route will be reopened for the season on SATURDAY, June 5, 1869, with the splendid steamboat

MAGENTA, Captain JOHN MANNING,

leaving New-York from pier No. 26 North River, (north side of pier foot of Barclay-st.,) daily, (Sundays excepted,) at..........4 P. M.
Leaving Long Branch at..........7:15 A. M.

Stopping for passengers only at pier No. 4 North River at 4:15 P. M., and on the morning trip up.

Fare each way..........$1 00
Excursion tickets..........1 50

Commutation—One month, $20; two months, $35; three months, $42.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays there will be an extra train from Long Branch to New-York at 6:20 P. M., landing at pier No. 26 about 8 P. M.

On and after July 1 two trains per day will be run each way.

Horses, carriages and general freight transported.

M. PAUL, Superintendent.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after June 1, 1869, the trains will leave the Roosevelt and Grand-st. Ferries, as follows:

8:00 A. M. mail for Patchogue and way stations.

10:00 A. M., Merrick and all stations.

3:30 P. M. express to Patchogue, stopping at Jamaica, Valley Stream, Baldwinsville, Merrick, South Oyster Bay, and all stations east except Wellwood. Passengers by this train will be ticketed through to Bellport and Fireplace, via stage from Patchogue.

4:50 P. M. accommodation to Islip, on Saturdays through to Patchogue.

6:30 P. M. to Merrick, and on Saturdays through to Islip.

All trains will connect at Valley Stream for Rockaway. The 8:00 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. trains will connect with boat for Fire Island.

ROBERT WHITE, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

MONDAY, April 26, 1869, Express trains will leave 26th-st. and 4th-av. at 7 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Albany, Troy, Pittsfield, &c., and Chatham Mail train will leave at 10 A. M., and Pawling train at 4:15 P. M.

J. C. BUCKHOUT, Supt., &c.

NEW-YORK, April 22, 1869.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains will leave New-York by the Pavonia Ferry, foot of Chambers-st., as follows: At 9 A. M., 1, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15 and 6:30 P. M., and at 12, midnight, on Saturdays. The A. M. and 1, 4:15 and 5:15 P. M. trains run through to Monsey.

MAY 17, 1869.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSIONS.

The beautiful and commodious steamer SUNNYSIDE can be chartered for the present to select parties for excursions. Apply on board, Pier No. 39 North River, or by letter to Box No. 685 Post Office.

THE VERY FAST STEAMBOAT ARROWSMITH can be chartered for excursions and Sunday-School picnics to Iona or elsewhere. Iona is a most romantic spot, opposite Peekskill, in the midst of the Highlands. S. COCKCROFT, No. 171 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

AT E. RIDLEY'S,

New French Flowers, from several steamers, ready to-day.

White, boiled and Gro Grain Ribbons, every width; also, full lines of rich Sash Ribbons, ALL COLORS. Everything in Ribbons cheap.

Also, Silks, Satins, Colored and Black Crapes, Real and Millinery Laces, Embroideries, Collars, Cuffs, Ladies' Neck Ties, Hosiery, Gloves, Dress Trimmings, Buttons. Bargains in Silk Fringes, LARGE ASSORTMENT. Cheap goods in every department throughout the establishment.

JOBBING-ROOM UP STAIRS.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand; Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., corner store, fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT E. RIDLEY'S,

ANOTHER REDUCTION ON STRAW GOODS.

Several lots of White, Black and Colored Hats, suitable for schools and picnics, running from 5 cents to 50 cents.

Shade Hats, extra size, 50 cents and upward.

Neapolitan Hair Turbans, all the leading shapes, 75 cents, $1, $1 25.

Thousands of Hats and Bonnets in cocoa, cactus, leather, fancy materials, EVERY DESIRABLE SHAPE, 50, 63 and 75 cents.

Boys' Hats, 44, 50, 56, 75 cents and upward, all below market value.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., corner store, fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT E. RIDLEY'S,

PARASOL DEPARTMENT,
LOWER PRICES TO-DAY.

Misses' Parasols, good qualities, 60, 65, 70 cents each.

Ruffled, several hundreds, at 90 cents each.

About 1,000 varieties, comprising Sun Umbrellas, beaded, ruffled, plain and lined, both large and small, at $1, $1 25, $1 50 and $1 75 each.

Hundreds of Pongees, at $1, $1 25, $1 50 each.

Large size Pongees, lined, all colors, $1 75 each.

BARGAINS IN YANKEE NOTIONS.

Specialties—Satchels, 75 cents, $1, $1 25, $1 50 each.

Thousands of Fans, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 cents. Examine.

Several lines of Corsets, 50, 60, 70, 80 and 90 cents each. Cheap.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., corner store, fifth block east from the Bowery.

MILLINERY.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.—RIBbons, ladies' hats; No. 889 Broadway, corner of 19th-st.: L. BINNS' new millinery trimming store. Children's hats, bloomers and bonnets, $1 each; real lace bonnets.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE.

The largest stock in the City.

B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
Nos. 657 and 659 Broadway.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOtice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

First—For building sewers between Eighty-ninth and Ninety-fifth streets, and between Second and Fourth avenues.

Second—For building sewers in Eldridge-street between Delancey and Rivington, in Clinton-street between Broome and Delancey, in Columbia-street between Delancey and Rivington, in Henry-street between Gouverneur and Grand, in Monroe-street between Jackson and Corlears, and in Cherry-street between Corlears and East streets.

Third—For building sewers in Sixth and Seventh avenues between Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets, and in Seventh-avenue between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

First—Both sides of Second-avenue from Eighty-ninth to Ninety-fifth-street; also both sides of Third-avenue and the east side of Fourth-avenue from Eighty-ninth to Ninety-third-street; also the north side of Eighty-ninth-street and both sides of Ninetieth-street from Second to Fourth-avenue; also both sides of Ninety-first-street from Second to Third-avenue; also both sides of Ninety-second and Ninety-third streets from Second to Fourth-avenue; also the south side of Ninety-fourth-street from Second to Fourth-avenue.

Second—Both sides of Eldridge-street between Delancey and Rivington streets; also both sides of Clinton-street between Broome and Delancey streets; also both sides of Columbia-street between Delancey and Rivington streets; also both sides of Henry-street between Gouverneur and Grand streets; also the southerly side of East Broadway between Gouverneur and Grand streets; also the northerly side of Madison between Scammel and Jackson streets; also the southerly side of Grand-street from East Broadway to Henry-street; also the westerly side of Jackson-street from Madison to Henry-street; also both sides of Monroe-street from Jackson to Corlears-street; also both sides of Cherry-street from Corlears-street to East-street.

Third—Both sides of Sixth-avenue and both sides of Seventh-avenue from Thirty-first to Thirty-second-street, and both sides of Seventh-avenue from Twenty-third to Twenty-fourth-street.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to E. B. Hart, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

E. B. HART,
RICHARD TWEED,
THOS. B. ASTEN,
RICHARD M. HENRY.
} Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW COURT-HOUSE, June 18, 1869.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOtice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

First—For laying Nicolson pavement in Great Jones-street, from Broadway to the Bowery.

Second—For laying Nicolson pavement in Hall-place, from Sixth to Seventh-street.

Third—For building a sewer in One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, from Avenue A to First-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

First—Both sides of Great Jones-street, from Broadway to the Bowery, to the extent of half the block on the intersecting streets.

Second—Both sides of Hall-place, from Sixth to Seventh-street, to the extent of half the block on the intersecting streets.

Third—Both sides of One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, from Avenue A to First-avenue; also, the west side of Avenue A, from One Hundred and Fourteenth-street to a point distant one hundred and fifty-one feet northerly therefrom.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to E. B. Hart, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

E. B. HART,
RICHARD TWEED,
THOS. B. ASTEN,
RICHARD M. HENRY,
} Board of Assessors.

OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW COURT-HOUSE, June 18, 1869.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INternal Revenue for the 4th District of the State of New-York, comprising the 3d, 5th, 6th and 8th Wards of the City of New-York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to law, that I have received from the Assessor the lists of valuations and enumerations of property subject to tax under the "act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, and the acts amendatory thereto, approved March 3, 1865, July 13, 1866, and March 2, 1867; that the duties and taxes enumerated therein have become due and payable, and that I will attend, personally or by deputy, for the collection of the same at my office, No. 61 Chambers-st., near Broadway, daily, (Sundays excepted,) from the 19th day of June until the 10th day of July, 1869, inclusive, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

The lists herein referred to comprise the SPECIAL TAXES on BUSINESSES, TRADES and PROFESSIONS, and the taxes on CARRIAGES, BILLIARD-TABLES, GOLD WATCHES, GOLD AND SILVER PLATE, for the year ending May 1, 1870, and the taxes upon INCOMES for the year ending Dec. 31, 1868.

All persons who shall neglect to pay the sums due by them respectively, according to the lists aforesaid, within the time hereby specified, will become liable to the penalties prescribed by law.

ALFRED PLEASONTON, Collector.

Dated NEW-YORK, June 18, 1869.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INternal Revenue for the Sixth District of the State of New-York, comprising the Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of the City of New-York.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to law, that I have received from the Assessor the lists of valuations and enumerations of property subject to tax under the "Act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, and the acts amendatory thereto, approved March 3, 1865, July 13, 1866, and March 2, 1867; that the duties and taxes enumerated therein have become due and payable, and that I will attend personally, or by deputy, for the collection of same, at my office, No. 301 West 14th-st., corner of 8th-av., daily, Sundays excepted, from the 10th day of June until the 30th day of June, 1869, inclusive, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M.

The lists herein referred to comprise the special taxes on businesses, trades and professions, and the taxes on carriages, billiard tables, gold watches, gold and silver plate, for the year ending May 1, 1870, and the taxes upon incomes for the year ending Dec. 31, 1868.

All persons who shall neglect to pay the sums due by them respectively, according to the lists aforesaid, within the time hereby specified, will become liable to the penalties prescribed by law.

MAUNSELL B. FIELD, Collector.

Dated NEW-YORK, June 10, 1869.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—PURSUant to an order of Hon. William H. Onderdonk, Surrogate of the County of Queens, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM B. MILES, late of the town of North Hempstead, in the said County of Queens, deceased, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the place of business of William A. Miles, No. 59 Chrystie-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of January next.—Dated JUNE 12, 1869.

MARTHA M. MILES, Executrix.
WILLIAM A. MILES,
CHARLES H. BAILEY,
} Executors.

je16-1aw6mW*

PERSONAL.

REV. JOHN NEWMAN, D. D., POULTney, Vt., opens Ripley Female College for boarders, July 15. This is a splendid resort at reasonable rates.

CHARLEY OR TOM COULSON WILL send their address to G. E. Y. or J. BRIGGS, at Messrs. May & Co.'s, Toronto, Ontario.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 41 SOUTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE.—Two rooms, connecting, on the second floor, facing the square; handsomely furnished, and with large, convenient closets; also hall bedroom on the third floor. References exchanged.

BOARDING—HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms, with large closets, hot and cold water bath and board for two, only $16 and $18 a week, in the first-class house No. 149 East 51st-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

NO. 119 EAST 15TH-ST., NEAR IRVING-PLACE, handsome furnished rooms, en suite or single, for families or parties of gentlemen, with board. References exchanged.

TO LET—NO. 53 WEST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs.—A newly-furnished apartment on first floor; also, two single rooms, with or without board. References exchanged.

NO. 34 WEST 19TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs.—Delightful cool rooms for Summer to let, with or without board; prices moderate; references required.

NO. 42 WEST 14TH-ST.—TO LET, WITH board, several very fine airy rooms, suitable for families or single gentlemen; price moderate for the Summer months; table boarders taken.

A PLEASANT HOME AND THE BEST of home-made tables at No. 74, (old number 56) 7th-av., between 14th and 15th sts.; large and small room on second floor, with ample closets.

A PRIVATE FAMILY AT NO. 98 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., can accommodate a gentleman with a furnished room, without board; references.

TO LET—ONE ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED front room, with adjoining hall bedroom, gas and bath, for one or two gentlemen or gentleman and wife. Apply at No. 7 St. Mark's-place.

A PRIVATE FAMILY AT NO. 48 WEST 12th-st. can accommodate a gentleman and wife or three gentlemen with furnished rooms and board; references required.

NO. 108 WEST 12TH-ST., NEAR 6th-av.; handsomely-furnished rooms to gentlemen only, without meals, or breakfast if desired.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES a couple of respectable girls to board. Inquire at No. 219 East 38th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

NO. 143 EAST 21ST-ST.—PLEASANT, cool rooms, well furnished, with or without board, opposite Gramercy Park.

NO. 97 8TH-ST.—FIRST-CLASS ROOMS, with board, en suite or singly; best references given and required; house thoroughly renovated.

COUNTRY BOARD.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, MARION, (WEST End,) N. J., offers unequaled inducements to merchants, business men and families, being only eight minutes from Jersey City Ferry, Cortlandt or Desbrosses sts.; twenty-six trains daily via New-Jersey Railroad; also three lines horse cars; new house, splendid location, fronting on Demott Park; first-class table; elegantly furnished rooms, en suite or single; all modern improvements, gas, bath, hot and cold water, &c.; permanent board $7 50 to $20 per week; transient guests, $2 75 per day. Apply on the premises, or to GILES, WALES & CO., No. 13 Maiden-lane.

COUNTRY BOARD—EIGHTY MILES from the City, opposite Hyde Park, 2 miles from North River; location high and healthy; farm house well shaded; good table; pleasant rooms; terms moderate; mineral springs on the place. Address H. E., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD—IN A PRIVATE FAMily at North Granville, Washington County, N. Y.; house of brick, large and double; well shaded; fine scenery, good drives, &c.; price, $7 per week. For particulars, apply to JOHN BLISS, No. 66 South-st., New-York.

NEW FIRST-CLASS BOARDING-house at Maplewood, South Orange, N. J., by Mrs. M. A. JENNINGS, four minutes from depot; accommodations excellent; terms moderate. Permanent families desired. References—R. M. Lockwood, Esq., No. 93 Wall-st., or R. C. Speer & Co., No. 80 Cedar-st.

SUMMER BOARD IN A FARM-HOUSE, in the pleasant village of Housatonic, between Stockbridge and Great Barrington. Terms for adults, $10 per week; servants and children under 12, $6. For further particulars apply to JOHN S. STONE, Housatonic, Berkshire County, Mass.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, FOR JUNE or the season, near Cozzens' West Point Hotel; ample grounds; abundance fresh fruit and vegetables raised on the place. Address A. MEARNS, Jr., Highland Falls, Orange County, N. Y.

BOARD AT ELIZABETH—IN A PRIvate family, near the depot; a single gentleman can be accommodated. Apply at S. L., Elizabeth, N. J., Post Office.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT LARCHMONT, about two miles from New-Rochelle; elegant grounds and shade trees, boating, bathing, &c.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL.

Terms for the month of June $3 50 per day or $21 per week. On and after the 1st of July, and for the balance of the season, $4 per day.

MISSISQUOI SPRINGS HOTEL.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, VERMONT,
W. H. BURROUGHS, PROPRIETOR.

The above hotel is now open for the reception of guests. First-class accommodations. Pure Vermont air, (so favorable for invalids and others;) wild and picturesque scenery, (including fine views of Mount Mansfield and the Adirondacks,) boating, fishing, splendid drives, &c., &c.

This hotel is adjacent to the famous MISSISQUOI SPRINGS, whose waters have wrought such almost miraculous cures of the most obstinate diseases. Railroads from every direction to St. Albans, and from there it is a charming ride of ten miles. Communications addressed as above will receive prompt attention.

THE CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

This favorite Summer resort, commanding a view of the valley of the Hudson unsurpassed by any in the world, and so justly celebrated for its delightful temperature, will be open from June 10 to October 1. Terms, $4 50 per day or $28 per week.

Stages connect at Catskill with the trains on the Hudson River Railroad and the day boats from Albany and New-York; also, with the steamboats THOMAS POWELL and NEW CHAMPION, leaving Pier No. 35, foot of Franklin-st., New-York, for Catskill, daily, at 5 P. M.—Saturdays at 2 P. M.

CHAS. L. BEACH, Proprietor.

OCEAN HOUSE,

NEWPORT, R. I.,

Opens for the reception of guests in the latter part of June. The proprietor having purchased the entire property, has expended over $10,000 in enlarging and improving the house the present season.

C. Koppitz's celebrated orchestra, from Selwyn's Theatre, Boston, has been engaged for the season of 1869. JOS. B. WEAVER, 2d, Proprietor.

LENOX.

Having opened a fashionable boarding-house at the former Summer residence (in this place) of Mrs. A. S. Beck—No. 40 West 49th-st., New-York City—am prepared to entertain a few first-class boarders in good style. Terms reasonable. Also, good accommodations for horses and carriages. For particulars address S. A. SMITH, Post Office Box No. 7 Lenox, Mass.

SPA INTERLAKEN, (SWITZERLAND.)

Opening of the season, April 1. The use of whey and the concerts of the band began May 1. All of the mountain passes are clear of snow and the hotels opened.

WINDEMERE HOUSE,

GREENWOOD LAKE, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y., is now open. For circulars call or address M. P. BROWNING & CO., No. 25 East 4th-st., New-York, or Monroe, Orange County.

HOWE'S CAVE.—SITUATED ON THE Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, 39 miles from Albany, N. Y. Trains stop daily. The above-named property having passed out of the hands of its former proprietor into the hands of an Association organized under State laws, the avenues through the Cave have been much improved, without changing natural positions or geological formations, rendering this world-renowned subterranean cavern still more accessible than before. The Cave House, a commodious Summer resort for pleasure seekers, has been conveniently arranged, and is ready for the reception of visitors. No pains will be spared to entertain and entirely satisfy the thousands who annually visit these grounds. Experienced guides constantly in attendance to conduct boarders and visitors through the Cave.

HOWE'S CAVE, N. Y., June 17, 1869.

WHITE MOUNTAINS—LAKES MEMPHREMAGOG and WILLOUGHBY. FINEST LAKE SCENERY IN THE UNITED STATES, via CONNECTICUT RIVER VALLEY. Seventy Miles Shorter than any Other Route. Leave New-York, via New-Haven Railroad at 12:15, (noon,) 3 or 8 P. M., or by New-Haven steamer, Peck-slip, at 3:15 P. M.

On Saturdays, the 12:15 train (sleeping cars attached) goes through to the Lake without stop.

Maps and particulars in Appleton's Railway Guide and Burt's Guide of Connecticut River Valley.

DUNBARTON HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, N. J., is now open. It is desirably situated on high ground, and distant from the beach about two miles, thus enjoying all the advantages of the sea-breeze, while protected from the damp and chilly winds of the ocean, making it specially desirable for those in delicate health; it is well shaded and retired. Good stabling. Stages run to beach and cars. Terms moderate. Apply to M. DOWNS, No. 76 5th-av., New-York.

EMBOGCHT HOUSE—CATSKILL—JAS. P. OVERBAGH, proprietor—Situated one mile from village, is now open; it is especially adapted for the accommodation of families. For information address Proprietor, Catskill.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, NEW-ROCHELLE, now open.—Mr. FISH, Jr., can be seen at the Clifford House, No. 1,242 Broadway, in relation to rooms.

SOUTH SIDE HOTEL, AMITYVILLE, L. I., on the Great South Bay, 1¼ hours by South Side Railroad, will be ready for guests June 23; good fishing and bathing. E. C. KING, Proprietor.

BAY VIEW HOUSE, FLUSHING BAY, now open; accommodations first-class; terms moderate. Apply to L. D'HOMERGUE, Flushing, L. I.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A WESTERN DISTILLING HOUSE of long standing and with extensive producing facilities, would be glad to meet with a party having cash capital—$150,000, one of the partners being desirous of retiring. Address Box No. 1,196 Post Office, New-York.

FACTORY FOR SALE—FITTED FOR acid or superphosphate works, &c.; ample supply of pure soft water; large brick buildings, engine, boilers, mills, tanks, &c.; two dwellings; fine water front and pier; price low; terms easy. C. DELAFIELD, No. 71 Broadway.

PARTNER WANTED—EITHER ACTIVE or special, with $25,000, in an established staple business. Address PARTNER, Box 114 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—THE ENTIRE FURNITURE and eight years' lease of Lafayette Hall and Hotel, No. 595 Broadway. Inquire on the premises.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE,

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

THIS and EVERY EVENING during the week, and SATURDAY MATINEE,

MR. EDWIN ADAMS,

as

"ENOCH ARDEN."

MISS FANNY MORANT....as....MIRIAM LANE
MISS BLANCHE DE BAR..as....ANNIE LEIGH

In Mme. de Marguerite's Domestic Drama, in five acts, entitled

ENOCH ARDEN,

founded on Tennyson's beautiful poem of that name.

"A shipwreck'd sailor waiting for a sail:
No sail from day to day."

The play will be produced FOR THE FIRST TIME IN NEW-YORK, and with the same care and attention that has characterized the former productions at this establishment, with

ENTIRE NEW SCENERY by LEWIS & WITHAM.
NEW COSTUMES by JOYCE
NEW PROPERTIES by DEUEL and Assistants.
NEW MACHINERY by DUNNE and Assistants.
NEW MUSIC by MOLLENHAUER,
and the full strength of the company in the cast.

Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8 o'clock.

Seats secured six days in advance at the box office of the theatre, or at its branch ticket office, at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

FIFTH-AV. THEATRE.

THIS EVENING AND
SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
Tennyson's Idyl,
DORA.

Messrs. Frederic Robinson, C. H. Vandenhoff, H. F. Daly, Miss Lizzie Price, Miss Kittie Blanchard and others in the cast.

The burlesque of

BLACK-EYED SUSAN.

Messrs. Stuart Robson, H. Pearson, H. F. Daly, H. Josephs. Misses Kittie Blanchard, Mary Cary and others.

Musical Director..........Mr. Charles Koppitz

MATINEE, SATURDAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.

Seats may be obtained at the box office; at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at the General Ticket Office, No. 112 Broadway.

Doors open at 7½. Overture at 8.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

On FRIDAY EVENING, June 25,
FIRST AND ONLY PERFORMANCE OF

SERAPHINE,
BY V. SARDOU,

which has been the great success of the Parisian stage during the past Summer season, having run 280 nights.

To give prominent eclat to this representation,

Mlle. MOREAU,

one of the first Parisian stars—from the Porte-Saint-Martin Theatre—has been engaged, and will be supported by the best French artists of the New-York and New-Orleans troupes.

The play will be presented with

NEW COSTUMES AND SCENERY.

The sale of seats takes place this day at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Durand & Hirchy's, No. 733 Broadway, and at the box office of the Theatre.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

7th-av., between 58th and 59th sts.
THE MOST ELEGANT AND
FASHIONABLE SUMMER RESORT.
THEODORE THOMAS'
POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS,
THE GREAT SUCCESS OF THE SEASON.
MR. J. LEVY,

the greatest Virtuoso of the day, on the Cornet-a-Piston, together with the eminent Soloists already connected with

THEO. THOMAS' UNRIVALED ORCHESTRA.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, JUNE 23, AT 8.

1. March, Op. 108 Posthumous..........Mendelssohn
2. Overture, "Rienzi"..........Wagner
3. Waltz, "Musical Anecdotes"..........B. Beer
4. Grand Fantasie, "Massaniello"..........Auber
5. Overture, "Rosamunde"..........Schubert
6. Cujus Animam (Stabat Mater)..........Rossini

MR. J. LEVY.

7. Waltz, "Hochzeits-Klaenge"..........Strauss
8. Grand Fantasie, "Freischutz"..........Weber
9. Overture, "Le Roi d'Yvetot"..........Adam
10. Polka, "Whirlwind," Solo for Cornet..........Levy

MR. J. LEVY.

11. Waltz, "On the Beautiful Blue Danube"..Strauss
12. Selection, "Genevieve de Brabant".....Offenbach

ADMISSION 35 CENTS.
PRIVATE BOXES, EXTRA $2.

Can be had during the day at G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Schuberth & Co.'s, 820 Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR $2,767,000.—TAX RELIEF BONDS OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office, until TUESDAY, June 29, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of $2,767,000, of "Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New-York," authorized by Sec. 2 of Chap. 876, Laws of 1869.

Said bonds are to be issued for the purpose of providing means to redeem the Family Aid Fund Bonds of the City of New-York, due Nov. 1; that portion of the county debt, due Nov. 1, and the quota of the State tax to be levied on account of State debt, chargeable to the County of New-York during the present year.

The bonds will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 1st day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed on the 1st day of July, in the year 1879.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per $100 thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted, will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively, together with any premium thereon.

The "Family Aid Fund Bonds, No. 5," of the City of New-York, due Nov. 1, 1869; the Bonds of the County of New-York, entitled "New-York County Bonds for the repayment of Taxes," due Nov. 1, 1869; and the "Revenue Bonds of the City and County of New-York, of 1869," will be accepted at their par value and accrued interest, in payment, on account of any proposals made for the aforesaid Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New-York, which may be accepted; and in such cases the adjustment will be made at this office and the new bonds issued.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for deposits made with him on account of the aforesaid loan, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payment.

This loan, without increasing the debt of the City, offers an investment to companies and individuals unrivaled in security and for a period of years.

Each proposal should be sealed and indorsed, "Proposals for Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New-York," and inclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved, on the part of the Comptroller, to reject any or all of the bids if, in his judgment, the interests of the Corporation require it.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

City of New-York, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, June 19, 1869.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—Separate sealed proposals for "McGonegal Pavements," each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of bidder and date of its offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of WEDNESDAY, June 30, 1869, from persons legally authorized to lay the wooden pavement known as the "Improved Pavement," (McGonegal patent,) for the laying of this pavement in the following localities, viz.:

21st-st., from 4th to 5th avs.
25th-st., from 3d to Madison-av.
Lexington-av., from 21st-st. to 34th-st. and Waverley-place, from Broadway to Christopher-st.

The plans of these works can be seen, and forms for bids obtained, on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.—NEW-YORK, June 18, 1869.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
GEORGE S. GREENE,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—Separate sealed proposals for Nicolson Pavements, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of bidder and date of its offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of WEDNESDAY, June 30, 1869, from such persons as may be legally authorized to construct Nicolson Pavement in the City of New-York, for the laying of that pavement in the following localities, to wit:

24th-st., from 1st to Madison-av.
22d-st., from 5th to 6th-av.
33d-st., from 5th to Madison-av.
29th-st., from 8th to 9th-av.
Cortlandt-st., from Broadway to Greenwich-st.
Dey-st., from Broadway to West-st.; and
14th-st., from 8th-av. to University-place.

The plans for these works can be seen and forms for the bids obtained on application to the contract clerk at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
GEO. S. GREENE,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

NEW-YORK, June 18, 1869.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the bidder, and the date of its offering will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of WEDNESDAY, June 3, 1869, from persons legally authorized to lay the Fisk Concrete Pavement in the City of New-York, for the laying of that pavement in 122d-st., between 2d and 3d avs., and in 123d-st., between 2d and 3d avs. The plans for the works may be seen and forms for the bids obtained on application to the contract clerk at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
GEO. S. GREENE,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

NEW-YORK, June 18, 1869.

ARMY BUILDING,
CORNER OF HOUSTON AND GREENE STS.,
NEW-YORK, June 21, 1869.

PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE WILL be received by the undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, 1 o'clock P. M., June 23, inst., 1869, for

16,500 pounds of Brown Sugar, in barrels, full head-lined.
2,000 pounds of Coffee "A." Sugar, in barrels, full head-lined.
600 pounds of Dried Codfish, in 100-pound boxes.
25 kits of No. 1 Mackerel.
1,000 pounds of Sugar-cured Hams, in barrels.
300 pounds of Lard, in 5-pound caddies.
8,000 pounds of Family Soap, in 80-pound boxes, strapped.

W. W. BURNS,
Brevet Brigadier-General and C. S., U. S. A.

TO CONTRACTORS.—A CONTRACT TO let for blasting and breaking iron ore and rock near the City; steady work for fifty men for a term of years. Apply at No. 176 Broadway, Room No. 23.

LOST AND FOUND.

$100 REWARD—FOR A 4-YEAR OLD dark bay colt, 14½ hands high, stolen from Green River, Columbia Co., N. Y. P. D. VAN HOESEN.

MACHINERY.

SECOND-HAND COTTON MACHINERY FOR SALE—Cards, drawing frames, coarse and fine speeders, dead spindle throstles, warpers, dressers, &c. For description and prices of these machines, address

C. F. BATTLES,
Agent Tremont Mills, Lowell, Mass.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS, HEADSTONES, latest designs, at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S marble works, No. 62 1st-av., near 3d-st. Mantels put up in the country.

MARBLEIZED SLATE, DECORATED marble and marble mantels, rich and elegant designs. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 606 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,

JAMES FISK, Jr..........Proprietor.
DRAMATIC TRIUMPH.

LUCILLE WESTERN.
LUCILLE WESTERN.
LUCILLE WESTERN.
EAST LYNNE.
EAST LYNNE.
EAST LYNNE.

THE BEST COMPANY IN NEW-YORK.
THE BEST COMPANY IN NEW-YORK.
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.

Admission, 50 cents; parquet and circle, $1; family circle, 30 cents.

Matinee—Admission, 50 cents; secured seats, 75 cents.

SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WALLACK'S.

THE LAURI TROUPE.

BALLET,
BURLESQUE
AND PANTOMIME.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE
ENTERTAINMENT IN THE CITY.
BRILLIANT COSTUMES
AND
APPOINTMENTS.
GEORGEOUS
TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
EVERY EVENING
AND
SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT 2.

ON MONDAY, June 28, will be produced a new burlesque opening, entitled "RUPERT THE RECKLESS," with new scenery, dresses and appointments. The LAURI TROUPE will also appear in new comic scenes and ballets.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

TWO PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
THIS AFTERNOON AT 1½.
THIS EVENING AT 8.

The Summer SIXTH WEEK OF Programme.
The Summer GEO. L. FOX'S COMIC Programme.
The Summer PANTOMIME, Programme.
HICCORY DICCORY DOCK.
The Summer THE WONDERFUL Programme.
Acknowledged KIRALFY TROUPE, Acknowledged
Acknowledged (Sensational Dancers) Acknowledged
Acknowledged GEO. L. FOX, Acknowledged
Acknowledged (Best clown in the world) Acknowledged
Acknowledged Mlle. Rita Sangalli, Acknowledged
The Best THE OLYMPIC BALLET. in New-York.
The Best The Popular Harlequinade. in New-York.
The Best Mlle. HANIOLA, in New-York.
The Best IMRE AND BOLOSSY, in New-York.
The Best KIRALFY. in New-York.
Charming Music, Splendid Scenery, Wonderful Tricks.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessees and Managers..........JARRETT & PALMER.
EVENING AT 8 AND SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.
FOURTH WEEK
OF THE
GREAT BURLESQUE TRIUMPH,
the LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE,
and the
GREAT FRENCH GROTESQUE DANCERS,
in H. B. Farnie's new Spectacular Eastern Extravaganza, entitled
SINBAD THE SAILOR,
SINBAD THE SAILOR.
Produced with
ENTIRELY NEW
SCENERY, COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS
AND MUSIC.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM—SUMMER SEASON.

TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY.

Family circle, 30 cts.; children, 15 cts. GENERAL ADMISSION, 50 cts., which includes all the Museum curiosities. Last week most positively of

HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS,
and the
GREGORY FAMILY.
EVERY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, and
EVERY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

June 28—MONDAY—The great New-York favorite,

MR. E. EDDY,

in his new sensational dramatization of

WANDERING JEW.

BOWERY THEATRE.

ENTIRE NEW PROGRAMME.

MISS FANNY HERRING in a new Burlesque.
THE ZANFRETTA & CARON TROUPE, in new Acts, Dances, and Brilliant Feats.
First time here of the great Burlesque of the "FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD."
NEW COMIC PANTOMIME,
Commencing with "State Secrets."
FRIDAY EVENING, ANNUAL BENEFIT OF
MR. N. B. CLARKE.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS—14TH-ST.

THE PEACE JUBILEE. THE PEACE JUBILEE.
DAN BRYANT AS THE CONDUCTOR.
BLACK BLUNDERS, WHO DIED FIRST. Dave Reed, Unsworth, Eugene, Dwyer, Hogan and Hughes.

TWELFTH ANNUAL PICNIC OF the New-York Caledonian Club, Jones' Woods, FRIDAY, June 25, 1869.—Dancing till 10 P. M. Music by two full bands and the pipers of the Club. Gents' tickets, 50c.; ladies', 25c. The Club will leave for the grounds at 9½ o'clock A. M.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,

Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.,
NOW OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
WILL CLOSE SATURDAY NIGHT, JUNE 26.

LECTURES.

THE HISTORICAL LECTURESS,

MISS ARUNDEL,

Will deliver her great lecture
NAPOLEON III.,
From his Infancy to the Imperial Throne.
AT STEINWAY HALL,

THURSDAY EVENING, June 24, 1869. Cards of admission $1. Doors open at 7½. Commence at 8 P. M.

MEETINGS.

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE SOCIETY of Commercial Travelers will be held at the Astor House on WEDNESDAY, June 23, 1869, at 3 o'clock P. M., at which a report of progress toward securing the repeal of the License laws will be submitted. All merchants interested in this movement are earnestly invited to be present. By order of the Committee.

FREDERICK STEVENS, President.
WM. G. SMYTHE, Secretary.

UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—The annual meeting of the Association of the Alumni will be held in the Council-room of the University on COMMENCEMENT DAY, June 24, 1869, at six (6) P. M.

JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON, President.
HANSON C. GIBSON, Secretary.

MUSICAL.

RAVEN & BACON,

(ESTABLISHED 1829,)
Manufacturers of Grand and Square Pianos,
Warerooms No. 646 Broadway, New-York.

We are offering our instruments at greatly-reduced prices.

A CHICKERING PIANO, $100.

Several first-class pianos returned from hire; bargains. STEEDMAN & HOLLYER, Factory and warerooms, 55 West 16th-st., near 6th-av.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ORGANS.—Prices greatly reduced for cash. New 7-octave pianos of first-class makers for $275 and upward. New cabinet organs for $45 and upward. Second-hand instruments from $40 to $175. Monthly installments received and instruments for rent. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway. HORACE WATERS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINEST pianos manufactured, 5 yrs. guarantee; installments taken; second-hand pianos for sale and taken in exchange; pianos to let, the amount applied if purchased. J. C. BARNES, 137 8th-st., near Broadway.

A LARGE STOCK OF FIRST-CLASS piano-fortes, Agraffe treble; the best instruments in America, and the most reasonable in price; second-hand pianos at bargains. JENNYS & SON, No. 235 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO, CHEAP, call at L. P. CUMMINGS' wareroom, 8 Union-sq. Sold on installments or rented, any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

FOR SALE—A ROSEWOOD PIANO, IN good order; price $150. Apply at No. 60 East 129th-st., near 4th-av.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID LIGHT BAY pony, six years old, with black points, has been driven by a lady for the past year; is warranted sound and kind in all harness, and in beauty and style cannot be surpassed; together with light pony phaeton with light silver mounted harness; is a splendid tournout for lady or children. Sold in consequence of sickness. Apply at No. 204 East 28th-st.

A LOT OF SOILED CARRIAGES FOR SALE LOW—One rumble seat pony phaeton, one basket pony phaeton, eight buggies, two rockaways, two phaetons, one victoria; large assortment new styles carriages and harness at CALVIN WITTY'S No. 638 Broadway.

FOR SALE CHEAP—FOURTEEN SECond-hand one-horse City railroad passenger cars. Apply at the office of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, No. 10 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A SQUARE-BOX SHIFTING-top buggy, Wood Brothers' make; but little used and in excellent order. Apply at BRADLEY & CO.'S stable, East 31st-st., near Madison-av.

FOR SALE—A SMALL PONY WAGON IN perfect order; has been used but a short time by children. Apply at No. 203 East 28th-st.

MEDICAL.

OPTHALMIC AND AURAL INSTITUTE,

NO. 46 EAST 12TH-ST., BROADWAY.

Dispensary for Eye and Ear diseases; open from 1 to 2 o'clock daily.

DR. R. COBBETT, MEMBER OF the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 34 years, 30 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures or no charge. Office, No. 20 Centre-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place.

IRRITABLE BLADDER CAUSED by piles; stricture—its instant curability; frequent identity of symptoms of the two diseases; a lecture to his surgical class, by EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the *Scalpel*. See No. 46. Inclose 50 cents to Box No. 3,121. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, PREMATURE physical and mental decay, and all diseases arising from early and self-abuse speedily and effectually cured by DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL. Read my little book, 32 pages; sent free. No. 56 Bond-st., one door from Bowery.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of venereal diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 56 Bond-st., one door from Bowery. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

NO. 297 EAST 7TH-ST.—MRS. BARRIS, midwife, of 25 years' uninterrupted practice, offers rooms and nursing, strictly private.

BEFOULING THE CROTON.

Startling Revelations Regarding the Character of the Water Which We Drink.

Gas Works, Slaughter-Houses and Other Filthy Establishments Erected on its Banks—How Our Water is Poisoned.

It may come to be a serious question—in fact, it is already a query deserving thoughtful consideration—how long we are to be blessed with Croton water, pure and undefiled, if some of the practices we know of are allowed to go unchecked. There is no matter more important to our citizens than that of being assured, not only of an unfailing supply of water, but, likewise, of resting perfectly confident in the fact that the clear and cooling liquid indispensable to life and comfort is perfectly free from any ingredient endangering health. It has been reported, however, for some time past, that the purity of the Croton is deteriorating, and the question has been mooted, whence the cause of it? To this query there have been many answers, but none of a satisfactory nature. On Monday last, in company with Messrs. GEORGE B. LINCOLN, President, WM. E. WORTHEN, Engineer, and C. F. CHANDLER, analytical chemist of the Metropolitan Board of Health, and General GEORGE S. GREENE, Chief Engineer of the Croton Aqueduct Department, the representative of the TIMES visited Putnam County for the purpose of making an investigation as to the truth of the rumors which had reached the ears of the two departments above mentioned. These departments had learned that the impure condition of the water is attributable to the operation of certain parties who reside near or carry on business on the banks of the Croton River or its tributaries, and they were determined to give the matter a thorough examination, with a view to the application of remedies that will insure the discontinuance of such operations forthwith, and the prevention of them for the future. The party determined to make as extensive a survey as time would allow of the country whence the water supply is derived, and accordingly went over a large section of country in Putnam County, through which flow the numerous rivulets and brooks that empty into the main river. This examination brought to light the existence of a state of things that is eminently deserving of consideration at the hands of every resident of the City of New-York.

It was discovered that many residents on tributaries to the Croton have erected their outhouses on the banks of those streams, and forced the waters thereof to do duty as scavengers of night-soil, the wash of which flows directly into the main river, and to a greater or less extent renders it impure and dangerous to the health of all who drink its water. We found, too, that in some instances slaughter-houses have been built so as to overhang these tributary streams, and that the filth, blood and offal from those establishments are carried away and emptied into the Croton. These facts are bad enough in themselves, as showing how our water supply is becoming gradually fouled, and sufficient to justify an inquiry as to what means should be used to remedy the evil which threatens our City residents. But we found something worse than all this—something which deserves universal condemnation, and which will meet with due attention at the hands of our Metropolitan Board of Health. The matter to which we allude may be plainly stated.

In the vicinity of Lake Mahopac, in Putnam County, there is a large hotel or Summer resort, the proprietor of which has of late undertaken to manufacture his own gas, which is made from coal oil and naptha. The gas works of this establishment are built quite near a tributary of the Croton, and into this tributary flow the refuse oily matters of which it is desirable the works should be rid. Besides this refuse there flows also into the same stream the night-soil of the outhouses belonging to the hotel, the quantity of which may be estimated when we state that the hotel is capable of accommodating one thousand guests, and the effect of which upon the purity of the water may be judged from the fact that invalids suffering from multiform diseases seek this rural retreat for the benefit of their health. To supply a hotel of this character with illuminating material requires, we may well suppose, a gas manufactory of no mean dimensions, and consequently there is being poured into the rivulet a quantity of oily refuse, which, in the vicinity of the works, is plainly distinguishable, not only by the sense of sight, but likewise by that of smell. This fact, too, must be taken into account; oil and water will not mix; neither will the oil in this case become a sediment, and form a precipitate upon the bottom of the stream, as is the case with other impurities which leave the bulk of the water free to pass over them uncontaminated. On the contrary this refuse matter from the gas works floats along on the surface of the tributary, and, preserving its coherency, even in passing over the small cascades that lie in its course, arrives at the main river in the same condition as when it emanated from the factory of course it becomes diffused as it goes onward over the widening stream; but the fact remains, nevertheless, that *it enters the Croton pipes in New-York and is imbibed by our citizens.*

In the vicinity of the works, and for a great distance below them, this oily scum may be seen, in many cases completely covering the surface of the rivulet, and being borne down toward the Croton River. As matter of experiment, Professor CHANDLER took various lumps of earth from the banks of the stream in localities where they are in immediate contact with the water, and though these specimens came from places distant from one hundred to eighteen hundred feet from the works, they were invariably found to be strongly impregnated with oily matter, and emitted a stench stronger than that which may be experienced if one holds his nose over a can of kerosene oil. These specimens, taken from various parts of the bank, the Professor brought with him to this City, and he intends to subject them to chemical analysis, and report the result of his examination to the Board of Health. The attention of residents in the vicinity of these gas works has been directed to the nuisance thus created, and many of them are loud in their protestations against its continuance. One gentleman, who owns a farm immediately adjoining the hotel property, has already commenced an action for damages against the proprietor of the establishment. The suit is grounded on the fact that the tributary stream runs through the plaintiff's farm, and is the only place in his pasture lands where his stock can drink. So foul has the water become here, however, by being impregnated with the refuse of coal oil and naphtha flowing from the gas works, that his cattle and horses absolutely refuse to drink it, whereby he is put to the expense and inconvenience of procuring for them a supply of water from other sources. And this farm, be it known, is at a great distance from the manufactory. The other farmers, whose property lies on the rivulet, make like complaints as to the foulness of the water and the refusal of their cattle to drink it, and are awaiting with anxiety the result of this suit, which is regarded as a test as to the right of the hotel proprietor to carry on any operation alleged to be so detrimental to his neighbors' interests, and to have the effect of deteriorating the value of their property. Another fact may be mentioned as of importance in this connection, viz.: The hired laborers employed on the farm of the gentleman who brings this action, have absolutely refused to work (ditching) on the banks of the stream in question, by reason of the fact that the stench arising from the impregnated earth and the oily scum upon the water is intolerable. Some of them were made sick by inhaling it, and all were more or less affected with nausea. Subsequently they represented to their employer that continuing to work in the neighborhood of the stream during the hot weather would endanger their health, and he has been compelled, in consequence, to leave the much-needed improvement to his farm unaccomplished up to this time. It is truth to say that complaints against the nuisance are general in the neighborhood, and, if one-half of these are to be credited, all the power of the law should be brought to bear to abolish it.

But the question which presents itself as of most importance to the citizens of New-York who drink the Croton is, to what extent does this defilement of the Croton affect the citizens of New-York?

It may be said that the fact of erecting a gas manufactory for the accommodation of a hotel simply, on the banks of a Croton tributary, (throwing out of consideration for the moment the existence of the other nuisances of which we have made mention,) is not a matter calculated to create a very profound sensation among our people. The query arises, however: If these things are permitted now, what may we expect in the future? If one gas works, one slaughter-house, or one nuisance of any kind, be permitted on the banks of the Croton or its tributaries, why may not a dozen; if a dozen, why not a thousand? In a word, if it be allowable to foul the water in one instance and in one locality, who shall say that the precedent thus established may not be followed until the deleterious effects of using the Croton, thus rendered impure to a degree, shall be made to tell on our now remarkably low death-rate? In this view of the case the question becomes one the solution of which is of great importance to the people of New-York, one which the authorities are obliged to notice. It forecasts an evil that they are bound, if possible, to prevent, and we are glad to give the assurance that it is a matter with which the Board of Health is determined to grapple, a contest it is determined to fight out to the end, and in regard to which it has already taken vigorous steps.

The Resident Schleswig-Holsteiners.

The resident Schleswig-Holsteiners, who served during the German war against Denmark in 1848 and 1849, held a meeting in Eldridge-street last evening, when an association was formed, to make arrangements for an anniversary celebration of the battle of Idstedt on the 25th of July, and the unveiling of a monument in the old country in honor of the fallen on that memorable occasion. Officers were elected in the persons of Mr. ENGEL, President; Secretary, F. CONRADY; and OTTO FALK, Treasurer. Arrangements were made to hold regular meetings of the association until the celebration, which, it is expected, will be a becoming and dignified demonstration of the patriotic sons of the eminent united Duchy of the North.

The Last of the Dow-Clarke Case.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The MARY ANN DOW CLARKE case having been reopened in your columns of Sunday, the 20th inst., by your correspondent X, you will probably allow me to say, through the same medium, these final words.

The rule in the Bureau of Vital Statistics, in regard to cases referred to the Coroner, is this: To notify the attending physician immediately, if the reference takes place before burial; if after burial, to notify him when a permit for disinterment has been granted. It would be well if X would make a note of this fact, for it is not at all likely that the rule will be changed because he does not like it. Having been in force more than three years, and having been found to answer every requirement of professional etiquette as well as the needs of the Bureau, it will probably stand, in spite of the injudicious criticism of X, as long as it remains necessary to ask for a judicial investigation into causes of death. Until the law is very materially altered, judical questions of this kind will be referred to the proper authority, in accordance with the above rule; and if any uneviable publicity should arise from this course, either to physicians or others, the fault, in the future as in the past, will rest with the person to whom the case is referred, and not at all with the Bureau of Vital Statistics.

The peculiar sensitiveness of X in regard to this matter betray the weakness of his cause and suggests that his interest in it is far more personal than professional. And as he has accused me of a "willful determination to misrepresent facts," what follows will not, I trust, be deemed discourteously personal.

1. The accusation may stand face to face with the facts, for the one will not only refute the other, but also go far toward proving X guilty of the charge he makes against me.

2. No fault can be found with the fact that X holds opinions contrary to my own, or that he expresses them publicly—any ass may do that. But when he insists that the affairs of the Bureau of Vital Statistics shall be governed in accordance with his notions of propriety, he becomes impertinent to a degree that is insufferable.

3. X invariably uses the word "we" in writing of himself. Would it be impolite to inquire of him as RICHELIEU did of BARRADAS, "what page, man, in the last court grammar, made you a plural?" And in view of all the circumstances, would it not be wiser in X if he should mind his own business and keep out of print? M. D.

An Old Woman Drowns Herself in a Cistern.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer, June 21.

A woman named BARBARA HOFFMAN, who resided with her husband, ALLEN HOFFMAN, on a small farm near Carthage, committed suicide by drowning herself in a cistern, yesterday morning. Her husband left her about 9 o'clock for the purpose of going to church. He asked her to accompany him, but she declined, stating that she did not feel very well. When Mr. HOFFMAN returned he found the house locked, and on looking around he discovered the shoes, bonnet and dress of his wife lying on the ground near the cistern, and on raising the cover the body of Mrs. HOFFMAN was seen. Aid was summoned and the body taken out, but life was found to be extinct. The deceased was 55 years of age, and has always been of a somewhat lively temperament. No cause can be assigned for the rash act. Coroner BETSCHER held an inquest, the jury returning a verdict of death from drowning.

THE BROOKLYN YACHTS.

The Coming Regatta to be the Most Interesting Ever Seen in the Harbor—Forty-five Yachts Entered for the Race.

The regatta of the Brooklyn Yacht Club, which takes place to-morrow, promises to be the most interesting and exciting contest, and by far the most beautiful and picturesque display ever witnessed in New-York Harbor. The regatta is open to yachts of all clubs; the prizes are unusually large, and the interest among yachtsmen in consequence very much increased. Forty-five entries were made at the office of JOHN M. SAWYER, No. 114 Wall-street, up to 5 P. M. yesterday. Below will be found the official list. The numbers preceding the names of the yachts refer not to the order of entry, but indicate the figures by which each yacht will be known. The number as here given will be painted in large figures on the mainsails of the several vessels, thus enabling those attending the race to distinguish each yacht;

LIST OF ENTRIES.

		Yacht Club.	Sqr. ft. Canvas.
	Schooners.		
1.	Alice	Brooklyn	5,261
2.	Lois	Atlantic	5,317
3.	Calyso	Brooklyn	4,016
	Sloops—First Division.		
4.	Madeline	Atlantic	5,361
5.	Gracie	Atlantic	4,736
6.	Sadie	Brooklyn	....
7.	Psyche	Brooklyn	2,790
8.	Kate	Brooklyn	2,286
	Sloops—Second Division.		
9.	Qui Vive	Atlantic	2,112
10.	Nellie G	Hoboken	2,041
11.	R. Kelly	Atlantic	2,025
12.	Anna	Atlantic	1,931
13.	Agnes	Brooklyn	1,880
14.	Storm King	Atlantic	1,796
15.	Cyrene	Atlantic	1,791
16.	White Cap	Atlantic	1,721
17.	Niagara	Brooklyn	1,690
18.	Onward	Brooklyn	1,576
19.	Emma T	Brooklyn	1,480
20.	Falcon	Brooklyn	1,280
21.	Restless	Brooklyn	1,235
	Sloops—Third Division.		
22.	Selene	Brooklyn	1,333
23.	Flying Cloud	Brooklyn	1,289
24.	Ida	Brooklyn	1,152
25.	Bayonne	Bayonne	1,130
26.	Muscodeed	Brooklyn	1,080
27.	Jennie	Brooklyn	1,006
28.	Cornelia	Hoboken	982
29.	Gracie	Hoboken	838
30.	Blue Bell	Columbia	789
31.	Bertha	Brooklyn	784
	Sloop Yachts—Fourth Division.		
32.	Sophia	Brooklyn	1,365
33.	Flyaway	Atlantic	1,124
34.	Lillie	Columbia	1,060
35.	Clio	Brooklyn	1,044
36.	Phantom	Brooklyn	1,040
37.	Eclipse	Jersey City	1,023
38.	Favorita	Harlem	1,022
39.	Annie Mac	Bayonne	1,021
40.	Houp La	Brooklyn	1,004
41.	Crusader	Atlantic	971
42.	Mary	Bayonne	901
43.	Wanderer	Jersey City	890
44.	Apollo	Brooklyn	801
45.	Coquette	Atlantic	763

THE COURSE.

The course will be from the stakeboat off the Club-house, Gowanus Bay, to and around the stake-boat at the Southwest Spit, turning it from east to west, and back to home stakeboat, passing same to the westward. The rules require that yachts must pass to the eastward of all buoys on the west bank, both going and returning. The buoys are Nos. 11, 13 and 15. In addition to the usual sailing regulations, the following are promulgated:

1. Each yacht allowed to carry one man to every three feet of length on deck, and *no more.*

2. Captains of yachts will procure and place on their mainsail the numbers, as above, which will be furnished from the Club-house, from 7 to 9 o'clock A. M.

STEAMERS FOR SPECTATORS.

The *Middletown* will take on board the members of the Brooklyn Yacht Club and their friends, starting from the Fulton Ferry slip at 10½.

The steamer *S. Low* will convey the Committee and members of the Press, leaving foot of Court-street, Brooklyn, at 10½ o'clock.

The large and elegant steamer *Stamford*, under charge of Captain VAN WAGENIN, with a band of music on board, will leave Thirty-fourth-street, North River, at 8:45, Christopher-street at 9:15, Pier No. 4, North River, at 9:30, Montague-street, Brooklyn, at 9:45, at Degraw-street at 10 A. M. on the day of the race. As a general rule, most of the steamers supplying accommodations on these occasions are unworthy the patronage of respectable persons. Captain VAN WAGENIN has repeatedly proved, by former experiments, that good order, good music, good food and a good time generally, are not incompatible with these occasions. No person need hesitate for fear of meeting with uncivil treatment or encountering improper persons from going on the *Stamford.*

Sudden Death of Rev. Patrick Henry Greenleaf, D. D.

Rev. P. H. GREENLEAF, D. D., the venerable rector of the Church of the Emmanuel, corner of Smith and President streets, Brooklyn, died suddenly, of apoplexy, in his study at the church, on Monday night. It appears that Dr. GREENLEAF went to his study at a late hour in the afternoon, but as he remained longer than was his custom, a messenger was sent to the study to see the cause of the delay. This person found the Doctor sitting back in his chair motionless and dead. He had been engaged in making some extracts from a diary at the moment when death summoned him from his earthly sphere of labor. Information was at once conveyed to his family at his late residence, No. 391 Clinton-street. It appears that the deceased had been ailing for a number of years past, and that his tendency to apoplexy was indicated by several previous attacks of a slight nature. Notwithstanding the disease under which he suffered, he continued to attend to the duties of his parish with a constancy that was most remarkable. Dr. GREENLEAF was the son of SIMEON GREENLEAF, the celebrated jurist whose works on evidence are authority in all the Courts. He was 62 years of age, and leaves a wife and family of adults to lament his loss. The funeral services will take place in the church to-morrow afternoon, and the remains will be interred in the Auburn Cemetery.

Three Desperate Attempts at Suicide.

FRANK ELDRIDGE, aged 35, of No. 9 East Eleventh-street, and a brother of Mr. JOSEPH C. ELDRIDGE, United States Navy Agent, made a desperate attempt to end his life by stabbing himself in the throat, last evening, with a penknife, while in the house kept by the well-known IRENE MCCREADY, at No. 104 East Fourteenth-street. He had been intemperate for some time and was laboring under the effects of the *potu de mania.* His private physician, Dr. DAY, was called. He succeeded in stopping the hemorrhage, which had been excessive, after which the patient was removed to the Fifteenth Ward Police Station, where Dr. ARMSTRONG was called, and ordered his removal to Bellevue Hospital. It is understood that he had become greatly reduced in circumstances, and that his changed condition and prospects furnished the motive for the attempt at self-destruction.

About 9 o'clock last night another attempt at suicide was made by DAVID BEATTY, at his residence in Fifty-seventh-street, near Second-avenue, while laboring under an attack of temporary insanity, caused by erysipelas. Taking advantage of the non-attention of his nurse, he sprang from his bed and leaped from the second-story window into the street, sustaining some injuries in the back. He was attended by Dr. PURDY, who ordered his removal, also, to Bellevue.

About the same time FANNY GRAY, an inmate of premises No. 767 Broadway, attempted suicide by swallowing laudanum. When discovered in her room she was in an insensible condition. Drs. NASH and RICHARDS were immediately called; they had not succeeded in restoring her to a state of consciousness up to a late hour. The motive of the act is as yet unknown. Physicians entertain but slight hopes of her recovery.

Liederkranz.

This wealthy and admirably-organized Club is making great preparations for the coming Saengerfest at Baltimore. Although, owing to the extensive alterations the Club-house is now undergoing, the rehearsals of the lady members have been suspended, those of the gentlemen are being actively continued, and a great treat was afforded to a select few last evening on the occasion of FREI's glorious "Wie Kam Die Liebe" being rehearsed. The members are in good voice and training, and expect to bear away no end of laurels from the City of Belles.

The programme for the Baltimore Festival has been fixed as follows: Sunday, July 11, grand performance of the "Messiah" by the Baltimoreans; 11th of July, competition of the various singing societies; 12th of July, grand concert, in which all will participate.

The demolitions in the Club-house to enlarge the already spacious concert-room, are being actively carried on. When finished, the new concert-room will be magnificent. The library and ladies' parlors will be transferred next door, to the premises lately acquired by the Society, and the opening of the Club-house, when completed, will be celebrated with unusual *éclat.*

Testimonial of Respect to a Retiring Merchant.

Mr. A. W. MORGAN, of the firm of A. W. MORGAN & Co., importers of glass, being about to retire from business, after a successful mercantile career of over forty years in this City, the members of the trade gave him a parting dinner at Delmonico's last evening.

Mr. A. C. DOWNING presided over the festivities. After justice was done to the edibles, the health of the guest of the occasion being proposed, he responded in an appropriate and feeling speech, which was loudly applauded. Several other speeches were made by gentlemen representing prominent firms engaged in the glass trade, and the proceedings were also enlivened with song. Mr. MORGAN is the oldest merchant engaged in glass importation in New-York, and he leaves the walks of commercial life with the universal respect of his friends in business, and the well-deserved fruits of a strictly upright career, both as a mercantile man and a citizen.

The Methodist Episcopal Church—Question of Lay Delegation.

The Palisade Methodist Episcopal Church, Hudson City, N. J., voted on the question of lay delegation last Monday night. The total number of votes cast was fifty-four, thirty against and twenty-four in favor of the measure.

The whole number of votes taken on the same question in the Methodist Episcopal Church, East Fifteenth-street, New-York City, was forty-one, thirty against and eleven for lay delegation.

At the Alanson Methodist Episcopal Church, yesterday evening, the congregation voted on lay representation. One hundred and twenty-nine votes were cast—70 for, and 59 against the measure. The Inspectors of Election were Rev. G. W. WOODRUFF, the pastor, and Messrs. R. SMITH and HENRY HUME.

The Sands-street Methodist Episcopal Church, the mother Methodist Church of Brooklyn, opened to receive votes from its members on lay delegation, yesterday afternoon, and closed at 10 o'clock the same evening. The whole number of votes cast were 155—136 for, 19 against lay delegation.

The Schuetzencorps Rifle Festival—Second Day.

The members of the New-York Schuetzencorps and their guests, composed of several rifle companies of this City, the vicinity and the interior of the State, yesterday continued their rifle practice, notwithstanding the unfavorable state of the weather. Owing to this circumstance the attendance of visitors was rather limited, and it has been decided to prolong the festival, (which was to have terminated to-day,) until to-morrow, with a view of giving the sharpshooters an opportunity to complete their contest for the numerous prizes to be shot for. These prizes amount in value to about $2,000, and consist of gold medals and various sums of money. The ladies' "bird-shooting" practice for prizes, amounting in value to $400, which was to commence on the first day, (Monday,) was postponed until to-day.

The Nautilus and Walrus.

The steamships *Nautilus*, Captain HODGES, and *Walrus*, Captain WATTSON, intended for the Yang-tse-Kiang River navigation in China, sailed from this port some time back, had arrived at the Cape of Good Hope on the 22d of April. When about 500 miles from Cape Town they took a heavy gale from the south and southwest, which lasted forty-eight hours. During this time they were hove to, and carried away a portion of their hog frames; both vessels suffered alike. Their damages were to be repaired, and they would be ready to sail on the 5th of May for the Mauritius, on their way to Shanghae, the port of destination.

American Microscopical Society.

A regular meeting of the Miscroscopical Society was held at the Mott Memorial, No. 58 Madison-avenue, last evening. Mr. JOHN E. GAVITT occupied the chair, and Mr. JAS. W. WARD acted as Secretary *pro tem.* of the meeting.

A specimen of *Eupidiscus Radiata* brought from Baltimore a few weeks ago by Mr. J. W. WARD, was examined with much interest by the members. Professor A. M. EDWARDS described the specimen and exhibited the allied species. The President, Professor O. G. MASON, and others, also made addresses upon the subjects under consideration.

Death at Quarantine.

JOHN HENRY, aged 30 years, a native of England, died since last report on board the hospital ship *Illinois;* was admitted June 20, from United States ship *Saratoga.* The following have been admitted on board: FRANK CRAUS, apprentice, aged 15 years, native of Brooklyn, N. Y.; JAMES O. CORSA, apprentice, aged 16 years, native of Solon, N. Y.; WM. WATSON, apprentice, aged 23 years, native of Boston, Mass., admitted June 21, from United States ship *Saratoga.*

A Woman Assaulted and Robbed in Broadway.

At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mrs. D. A. MACREADY, of No. 149 East Twenty-first-street, was assaulted on Broadway by two men, who robbed her of her pocket-book, containing $96 and some valuable papers. Officer HUBBARD, of the Broadway Squad, arrested JAMES MCCAFFREY on suspicion, and the Twenty-ninth Precinct Police subsequently arrested EDWARD CALLAHAN, both men being locked up for examination.

More Yellow Fever at Quarantine.

Dr. MCCARTNEY, Deputy Health Officer at Lower Quarantine, reports the arrival of the bark *Maggie V. Hugg*, from Matanzas, with one case of yellow fever on board. WM. A. MCMULLEN, Paymaster's Clerk, and JOHN HENRY, marine, have died on board the hospital ship *Illinois* since last report. No new cases have occurred on board the *Saratoga.*

Eighth-Avenue Railroad—Threatened Strike of the Car Drivers.

The drivers of the cars on the Eighth-avenue Railroad are threatening to strike for an advance of wages, and a reduction of the hours of labor. If the Company refuse to meet the demands of the men, it is likely that they will turn out to-day.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

New-York.

A meeting of German barbers was held on Monday evening at Reform Hall, No. 283 Grand-street, for the purpose of regulating their hours of closing. They desire that barbers' shops should close at 8 o'clock every evening during the week; and at 2 o'clock on Sunday. At present there is no uniformity of hours at the different German establishments of the City. Their closing hours on week days range from 6 to 10, and on Sunday from 2 to 4.

Four beautiful drawing-room cars have been placed on the express line between this City and Boston, *via* New-Haven, Hartford, Springfield and Worcester, one leaving each city at 8 A. M. and 3 P. M. They are highly finished inside and out, and upholstered in the richest style. The compartments are of various sizes, several holding two only, others four, one eight, and the main saloon thirteen. They are well ventilated, are provided with Baker's heating apparatus, and the modern conveniences.

The fourteenth Commencement of Lesspinasse (Fort Washington) French Institute takes place Thursday, the 24th, at 1 o'clock.

Brooklyn.

The new Board of Directors of the Young Mens' Christian Association have elected the following-named officers; President, Rev. Joseph T. Duryea, D. D.; Vice-Presidents, William W. Wickes, Rev. Wayland Hoyt, James P. Wallace, Rev. Noah H. Schenck, D. D., George G. Reynolds, Rev. Zachary Eddy, D. D.; Corresponding Secretary, Enos M. Taft; Recording Secretary, Charles Mumford; Treasurer, Rev. William M. Martin.

Rev. A. H. PARTRIDGE, Rector of Christ Church, Bedford-avenue, E. D., is to sail for Europe on Saturday. He expects to be absent for three months.

The picnic of the Young People's Association of the Lafayette-avenue Presbyterian Church, Rev. Dr. CUYLER's, took place yesterday. The excursion was made to Iona Island, Hudson River. There were about 700 persons present, and all returned home safely last evening.

The Kings County Central Temperance Association, consisting of delegates from about two hundred different organizations, held a meeting at No. 9 Court-street last evening, Mr. A. E. ROBBINS in the chair. Only twelve delegates were present. The question of what steps should be taken for obtaining a proper enforcement of the Excise law was debated without definite result.

JACK CONWAY, a well-known character in the Eastern District, was arrested yesterday on a charge of arson, based on affidavits by THOS. W. NICHOLS and WM. H. BARR, made before Assistant Fire Marshal KEADY. It is charged that CONWAY set fire to the house of Hose No. 9 in Division-avenue, E. D.

The new Directory for the City of Brooklyn is just published. It contains 79,243 names There are about 1,200 liquor dealers and 275 clergymen.

Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER will take his Summer vacation during the month of August as in former years.

The number of deaths in the City of Brooklyn last week was 144. Of these 51 were of children in their first year. There were 93 under five years of age. In the First Ward there were no deaths; in the Fifth there were 14; in the Sixth, 15; in the Twelfth, 11; in the Sixteenth, 21; and in the Twenty-first, 11. There were from measles, 20; scarlet fever 9, hydrocephalus 10, marasmus 13, consumption 11.

New-Jersey.

MARGARET WHITTAKER and MARY DONNELLY, both well known to the Police, were arrested yesterday in Congress-street, Paterson, charged with stealing clothing from the Almshouse. They were held for trial.

Detective NETTLESHIP yesterday arrested MICHAEL LINZEN at CARL WINZEN'S, No. 202 South Orange-avenue, Newark, for manufacturing cigars without license. He was taken before Commissioner WHITEHEAD, and held to bail to answer.

The auction sale of the fine Dunellen property will take place to-day. There will be no postponement on account of the weather. A lunch will be provided on the ground. A special train leaves the foot of Liberty-street at 11 A. M., transportation free. Tickets can be had from A. D. HOPE, General Agent of the Company.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 22—11 A. M.

Consols open at 92⅝ for money, and 92⅝ for the account. United States Five-twenty Bonds quiet at 80¾. Erie Railway Shares, 19¾; Illinois Centrals, 94⅛.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, June 22—11 A. M.

COTTON—The market opens active.

Middling Uplands..........12½d.@12¾d.

Middling Orleans..........12¾d.@12½d.

The sales of the day are estimated at 15,000 bales.

The shipments of Cotton from Bombay to the 18th inst., according to REUTER's telegram, have been 25,000 bales; and to the 15th inst., according to private advices, 50,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is firm.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 22—1 P. M.

Consols for money, 92⅝; for account, 93. Stocks firm; Illinois Centrals, 94¼.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, June 22—1 P. M.

TRADE REPORT—The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is firmer at better prices.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is active. Wheat, 10s. ₽ cental for California White, and 9s.@9s. 1d. for No. 2 Red Western. Corn, 29s. 6d. ₽ quarter for old mixed Western, and 28s. 3d. for new do.

PROVISIONS—Lard is dull at 71s. 6d. ₽ cwt.

HAVRE, Tuesday, June 22.

Cotton opens quiet and steady, both on spot and afloat.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 22—4:30 P. M.

Consols closed at 92⅝ for money, and 92⅞ for the account. United States Five-twenty Bonds, 80¾. Stocks steady; Erie, 19¾; Illinois, 94⅛.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, June 22—4:30 P. M.

COTTON—The market closed firm.

Middling Uplands..........12½d.

Middling Orleans..........12⅝d.

The sales of the day have footed up 15,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 10s. 1d. ₽ cental for California White, and 9s. 1d. for No. 2 Red Western.

PRODUCE—Spirits of Petroleum, 7¼d. ₽ gallon; Turpentine, 27s. 3d. ₽ cwt.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 22.

Sugar firmer at 28s. 9d. ₽ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard, afloat. Linseed Oil firmer at £31 7s. ₽ ton.

ANTWERP, Tuesday, June 22.

Petroleum, 47¾f. for Standard White.

HAVRE, Tuesday, June 22.

Cotton closed at 144f. for Low Middlings to arrive.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, June 22.

FLOUR active and firm; sales of Spring Extras at $4 75@$6 25. WHEAT active; sales of No. 1 at $1 30@$1 32; No. 2 at $1 28@$1 29. CORN moderately active; sales of No. 1 at 68½c.@69c.; No. 2, 67¼c.@67¾c.; later. No. 2 in good demand at 69c. OATS active and higher; sales of No. 2 at 62c. RYE quiet and higher; sales of No. 1 at $1 03. BARLEY nominal at $1 20 for No. 2. HIGHWINES steady at 95c. MESS PORK, $33 50@$34. LARD, 19c. HAMS, 16c. Short Rib MIDDLES, 16c.@16½c., loose. Rough SIDES, 16c.@16¼c. Dry-salted SHOULDERS, 12¾c.@13c. CATTLE dull and lower at $4 62@$5 37 for Cows; $5 85@$8 12 for Fair to Medium; $6 50@$7 25 for Good to Choice Steers. Live HOGS dull at $8 10@$8 25 for Common, $8 30@$8 55 for Fair to Medium, $8 65@$8 75 for Good, $9@$9 10 for Extra. RECEIPTS—6,500 bbls. Flour, 77,000 bushels Wheat, 77,000 bushels Corn, 30,000 bushels Oats, 1,100 bushels Rye, 4,200 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—6,000 bbls. Flour, 169,000 bushels Wheat, 32,000 bushels Corn, 6,500 bushels Oats, 1,400 bushels Rye, 3,500 Hogs. FREIGHTS dull and lower.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, June 22.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 25,000 bushels; Corn, 33,000 bushels; Flour, 1,000 bbls.; SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 8,000 bushels; Corn, 38,000 bushels; Oats, 14,000 bushels; Flour, 2,000 bbbls. FREIGHTS—Wheat, 13½c.; Corn, 11¾c.; Oats, 7½c.@8c. to New-York. FLOUR better; sales 600 bbls. City ground Spring at $5 50@$6 50, according to quality; 100 bbls. Western Bakers', $6 85. WHEAT in fair speculative inquiry, and the market is fluctuating; sales 100,000 bushels at $1 35@$1 37 for No. 2 Milwaukee, to arrive, closing unsettled, dull and easier. CORN was dull in the morning, but in fair demand in the afternoon, and 1c. higher; there is great difficulty in selling without a certificate; sales 27,000 bushels No. 1 and No. 2 at 73c.; 18,000 bushels No. 2 at 73¾c., and 40,000 bushels do. at 74c., closing quiet and easy. OATS neglected and nominally 68c. for Western. PORK and LARD steady but unchanged. HIGHWINES nominally 97c.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, June 22.

TOBACCO unchanged. COTTON nominal. FLOUR firmer; Superfine, $4 62@$4 87; Extra, $5@$5 40; Double Extra, $5@$5 50; Treble Extra to Fancy, $7@$9. WHEAT advancing; Spring, $1 15@$1 20 for Low to Choice No. 2; $1 20@$1 22 for No. 1; Fall, $1 20@$1 38 for Low to Choice Red; $1 45@$1 47 for fully Choice to Fancy; $1 60 for Fancy White. CORN firm; Yellow, in bulk, 66c.; Choice and Fancy White, 72c.@75c.; Choice Yellow, in sacks, 74c.@75c.; Choice to Fancy, in sacks, 80c.@83c. OATS advancing; sales at 62½c.@66c. RYE advancing; quoted at $1 08@$1 10. WHISKY steady at 96c. PROVISIONS firm. PORK, $33 50@$33 75. Dry-salted SHOULDERS, 13¾c., buyer July. BACON—Shoulders, 14¾c. Rib Sides, 17c.; Clear Ribs, 18c.; Clear Sides, 18¾c. LARD held at 19½c.@20c. for Choice. CATTLE steady at $3 50@$7. Live HOGS firm at $7@$9. RECEIPTS—Flour, 2,800 bbls.; Wheat, 10,000 bushels; Corn, 8,000 bushels; Oats, 12,000 bushels.

OSWEGO, Tuesday, June 22.

FLOUR advanced 25c. ₽ bbl.; sales 1,600 bbls. at $6 75 for No. 1 Spring; $7 25 for Amber Winter; $8 for White, and $9 for Double Extra. WHEAT in active demand, and market excited; sales 32,000 bushels, including No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 44; No. 2 do. at $1 38; Amber State at $1 50, and Choice White Canada at $1 82½. CORN steady; sales 16,000 bushels No. 2 Illinois at 82c. OATS and RYE scarce and nominal. CORNMEAL, $1 75 ₽ cwt. MILLFEED steady; Shorts, $17@$18; Shipstuffs, $20@$22; Middlings, $23@$28 ₽ ton. Canal FREIGHTS—Wheat, 8¾c.; Corn, 7½c., to New-York; Lumber, $3 50 to the Hudson. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour, to Boston, 68c.; to New-York, 55c.; to Albany, 50c. Lake IMPORTS—14,800 bushels Wheat, 18,300 bushels Corn, 9,000 bushels Peas, 1,061,000 feet Lumber. Canal EXPORTS—30,800 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Rye, 2,252,000 feet Lumber.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON is easier and quotations are nominal; Middlings, 31½c.; sales, 240 bales; receipts, 414 bales; exports, 2,300 bales. GOLD, 137¼@137⅜; Sterling EXCHANGE, 150¼@150⅜; New-York Sight EXCHANGE, ⅛ ₽ cent. premium. FLOUR—Superfine, $5 90; Double Extra, $6 20; Treble Extra, $6 37. CORN—White, 95c.@97½c. OATS, 71c.@72c. BRAN, $1 02. HAY—Prime, $25 50. PORK held at $35. BACON—Shoulders, 15c.@15¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 18¾c.; Clear Sides, 19c. LARD—Tierce, 20c.@21c.; Keg, 21c.@22c. SUGAR nominal; Common, 10c.@11c.; Prime, 13¼c. WHISKY, 95c.@97½c. COFFEE—Fair, 14¼c.@15¼c.; Prime, 16¾@16¾c.

TOLEDO, Tuesday, June 22.

FLOUR quiet and firm. WHEAT advancing; Amber, $1 41 on spot and buyer June; $1 38 seller July; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 60; White, regular, $1 42; No. 1 Red, $1 37½. CORN advancing; No. 1, 72c. on spot, 73c. buyer June; No. 2, 68c.@69c. OATS advancing and quiet; No. 1, 65c.; No. 2, 63c. RYE nominally $1. BARLEY dull; sales at $1 25@$1 30 for No. 1 State. RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,000 bbls.; Wheat, 7,500 bushels; Corn, 31,000 bushels; Oats, 5,500 bushels. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 2,800 bushels; Corn, 13,000 bushels; Oats, 5,500 bushels; Rye, 1,100 bushels.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON unchanged. FLOUR firmer, and holders demand an advance; declined 25c.; sales, 1,500 bbls.; Northwestern Extra Family, $6 75@$6 50; Pennsylvania Extra Family, $6@$6 75; Ohio, $7@$8 50; Fancy, $8@$10 75. RYE, $1 25; nominal. WHEAT firmer and in better demand; sales, 5,000 bushels; Pennsylvania and Western Red, $1 40; Amber, $1 60; California, $1 30. CORN in limited demand; sales, 4,600 bushels; Yellow, 94c.; High Mixed, 90c.; Mixed Western, 87c.@88c. OATS unchanged. COFFEE—Laguayra, 17¼c. gold. SUGAR very quiet at 11¼c. for Fair Refining Cuba. PROVISIONS held stiffly. Mess PORK, $33 50@$34. LARD, 20¼c. PETROLEUM quiet; Crude, 22c.; Refined, 30½c. WHISKY held at $1 05.

MILWAUKEE, Tuesday, June 22.

FLOUR firm; holders ask an advance of 12c.@25c. WHEAT unsettled; No. 1, $1 31; No. 2, $1 27⅞. OATS nominal at 59c.@60c. for No. 2. CORN scarce; No. 2, 64c. RYE firm at $1 for No. 1. BARLEY nominal. Grain FREIGHTS lower at 8c. to Buffalo, and 13c. to Oswego. RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 103,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 74,000 bushels Wheat.

LOUISVILLE, Tuesday, June 22.

FLOUR quiet; Superfine, $4 25. WHEAT firm; Red, $1 15; White, $1 25. CORN firm at 64c.@65c. for Ear and Shelled. OATS firm at 70c. RYE firm at $1 15. TOBACCO steady; sales 220 hhds. at $4 90@$28 50. PROVISIONS firm. Mess PORK, $33 50. BACON—Shoulders, 14¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 18¼c.; Clear Sides, 18¾c. LARD, 19¾c. Sugar-cured HAMS, 19¾c. WHISKY firm at 98c.

CAMBRIDGE, Tuesday, June 22.

Beef CATTLE—Receipts, 133 head; demand better and prices advanced ½c. ₽ lb.; sales of extra at $12 75@$13; first quality, $12@$12 50; second quality, $11@$11 50; third quality, $10@$10 75. SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts, 1,660 head; good lots are in demand and find quick sales, but inferior are neglected; sales at 4c.@9¾c. ₽ lb.; Spring Lambs, $5@$8; Veal Calves, $3@$15.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON quiet and less strong, at 33c. for Middling. FLOUR firm for low grades at full prices; high and medium grades quiet and unchanged. WHEAT firmer and a shade, but not quotably higher. CORN dull; White, 90c.@92c.; Yellow, 80c.@83c. OATS dull at 75c.@80c. for heavy; 72c. for light. PROVISIONS unchanged. WHISKY firm, scarce and in good demand at $1 04@$1 05.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, June 22.

FLOUR firmer and active, with an upward tendency; Family, $5 50@$5 75. WHEAT firm at $1 25@$1 30. CORN, 68c.@70c.; the supply is unequal to the demand. OATS unchanged. RYE scarce; sales at $1 30 for No. 1. COTTON quiet and unchanged. WHISKY dull and declined to 95c. PROVISIONS quiet and unchanged. GOLD, 137.

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON quiet, nominally 32c.; receipts, 44 bales; exports, 52 bales; stock, 1,120 bales. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT, $1 35 for New. CORN, 92c. OATS, 75c. PORK, $33 50. LARD, 19¼c.@21c. BACON—Shoulders, 15c.; Sides, 19c.@19½c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, June 22.

FLOUR—The demand is slack; sales to-day at $4 50@$5 37½. WHEAT dull at $1 30@$1 60; the new crop is arriving slowly. LEGAL TENDERS, 74.

DETROIT, Tuesday, June 22.

WHEAT advanced 4@5c.; Extra White, $1 68@$1 70; No. 1 White, $1 54; No. 2 White, $1 35; No. 1 Amber, $1 36.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON in better demand, and market steady; sales, 275 bales, Middling, 31c.; receipts, 363 bales; exports coastwise, 105 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Tuesday, June 22.

Spirits TURPENTINE, 37½c.@38c. RESIN steady at $1 80@$4 00. Crude TURPENTINE unchanged. TAR unchanged.

MOBILE, Ala., Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON was in light demand, and closed quiet; sales, 125 bales; Low Middlings, 29¾c.@30c.; receipts, 40 bales.

SAVANNAH, Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON—Market continues firm; Middlings 31c.; sales, 100 bales; receipts, 200 bales; exports, 697 bales.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Tuesday, June 22.

COTTON—Market quiet and steady; sales, 175 bales; Middlings, 31c.; receipts, 26 bales.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, June 22.

Stocks firm; Pennsylvania State Fives, third issue, 109; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad 32¼; Pennsylvania Railroad, 57⅛; Reading Railroad, 49. Gold, 138.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, June 22—9 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Plaister Cove	—	Cloudy	70
Portland	E.	Raining	62
Boston	N. E.	Raining	60
New-York	N. E.	Raining	64
Philadelphia	W.	Cloudy	75
Wilmington, Del.	N. W.	Cloudy	80
Washington	S. W.	Cloudy	82
Richmond	W.	Cloudy	80
Oswego	N.	Cloudy	64
Buffalo	S. W.	Hazy	72
Pittsburg	—	Cloudy	74
Chicago	S. W.	Clear	66
Louisville	N.	Clear	71
Mobile	N.	Clear	86
New-Orleans	W.	Clear	82
Key West	S. E.	Cloudy	82
Havana	E.	Clear	83
Augusta, Ga.	W.	Clear	84
Savannah	—	Clear	79

[Advertisement.]

"NOT FOR A DAY."—"Not for a day, but for all time," can be applied to the evidences of the creative power and taste of KNOX, the hatter, as well as to the works of the immortal bard. Yet the greatest of hatters is not willing that one style of head covering should endure forever, and he is constantly sending forth new shapes, each surpassing the other in beauty and fitness. See his superb Summer hats at No. 212 Broadway, and do such reverence to their excellence as fashion has ever rendered.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.			
Union	June 12	Bremen	New-York.
FOR EUROPE.			
Cuba	June 23	New-York	Liverpool.
Minnesota	June 23	New-York	Liverpool.
Hermann	June 24	New-York	Bremen.
Liberia	June 24	New-York	Liverpool.
Pennsylvania	June 26	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Brooklyn	June 26	New-York	Liverpool.
Lafayette	June 26	New-York	Havre.
FOR HAVANA.			
Eagle	June 24	New-York	Havana.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

WEDNESDAY.

Mails for Brazil, St. Thomas, Argentine Confederation, Venezuela and the West Indies, by the *North America*, close at the General Post Office at 1 P. M.

Mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *Cuba*, close at the General Post Office at 12 M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the pier, Jersey City, to 1:40 P. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 4 P. M.
North, through *via* H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4, 9:15 P. M.
North Way, *via* Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	5 A. M.
East, *via* New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, *via* Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:20 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	5 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 6:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

JUNE 22—*In steamship Cimbria, for Plymouth, Cherbourg, London and Hamburg.*—Hon. A. Ramsey, U. S. Senator, and family, Right Rev. Louis Maigret, Bishop of Aratia, in part Apostolical Bishop of Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, H. Dennery and wife, L. Rosenfeld, lady and children, Miss Emma Rosenfeld, Miss Augusta Rosenberg, Augustus W. Weissmann and lady, Lindsay R. Richardson, Antonio Perez Caballero, Charles Johnson, lady and son, Leopold Bamberger and wife, Miss Hulda Bamberger, Isaac Bamberger, Mrs. G. H. Goundie, Miss Adele Goundie, Max Gopp, F. D. Lincoln, Mrs. C. E. Stevens, Miss Lita and Miss Kitty Stevens, Miss Martha Goodridge, Chas. Simon, Heinrich Sommer, Jos. Stolz, F. Henle, D. Gorram, Mrs. G. Eichold, A. Blum, John Hauck, lady and children, O. P. Sgobel, C. Roth, S. S. Berck, Louis Weber, F. E. Eber, H. R. Mensing, Jules Lecoq, John Tamsen, Max Franklin, Moritz Lissner, Robert Seyd, Fred. Ketz and lady, Mrs. Trautmann, Jacob Oppenheimer, Alexander Piagez, Charles Morawsky, E. Jeu d'Escolon and sons, Louis M. Pascalis, Mrs. Schulz, Mrs. Pauline Frank, Mrs. Mary E. Dana, Miss Anna Koch, Mrs. R. Samter, Mrs. van der Flugt, Dr. Gustav C. E. Weber and family, F. B. Carter, Miss S. E. Carter, Mrs. Th. Flamme, Sal. Strauss and wife, Hugo Brandt, A. Sohlmann, W. Lagenschmidt, A. McBride and wife, H. T. Abbott, Christ. L. Schwartz and wife, J. Woernitz, A. Scheidemantel, H. Hart and wife, and others in the steerage.

In steamship Henry Chauncey, for Aspinwall and California.—Paymaster G. F. Watkins, United States Navy, Mrs. Pahnwitz and child, Nelson D. Wing, Frederick Liers, R. Bowen, wife, son and child, Mrs. A. Kies and daughter, Miss Ellen Leary, Geo. E. Winants and son, F. A. and H. Bancroft, Mrs. Mary Moorhead, John C. Dodd, Miss Ada Amidon, Miss Eva Lamont, Miss Cornelia Hill, Preston Friend, N. L. Guthrie, Captain A. N. McDonough and wife, S. Pierce, wife and 2 children, R. Quartermess and wife, J. W. Titcomb and wife, Theodore T. Kerr, Miss Ella Reynolds, Miss Ella Brogan, Chas. H. Weeks, Chas. Higgins, John Fuller, Harry Wall, Miss Elise Holt, Miss Maria L. Manson, Mrs. A. M. Hinds, D. Tarr and wife, Mrs. Robert Currie, John Sturgeon, Adolph S. Fellison, C. Buxtorff, Manrico Garzola and wife, Ballista Fiori and wife, Felicita Gamini and children, Eirgi Gargoli, Jas. P. Wheeler, Alex. Stuart, Mrs. Wieland, daughter and child, C. M. Clough, Roschin Hoff, Miss D. Johnson, Mary A. Roberts and 2 children, John Braids, N. Lamerman, G. W. Strout, wife and child, Isaac C. K. Strout, Miss Nellie True, Miss Maria Vining, Mrs. Annie B. Pinkham, Miss Edith S. Pinkham, Mrs. Louisa McNeill and 2 children, Mrs. R. McDonald, Mrs. H. L. Fuller and 2 children, Mrs. A. B. Souther and 2 children, Chas. E. Willard, wife and 3 children, Miss P. W. Haskell, Bridget M. Wallace, Mrs. H. T. Small and 3 children, James Collier, Albert Neuman and wife, John Withrich, wife and child, Miss Emma Price, B. Cummings, Mrs. Heneway and daughter, Peter Zoff, E. C. Shaw, J. L. Proutz, Miss A. J. Drummond, Max Welweber, M. C. Hoyt, wife and child, John W. Reynolds, H. Wehnaeyer and wife, H. Russenbach, wife and 2 children, D. H. Flournoy, wife and daughters, Richard Phillips and wife, Alex. Scott, wife, 2 sons, daughter and 4 children, D. C. Lawrence, J. Simmons, A. Phillips, J. A. Norval, Miss M. A. Matthews, and a large number in 2 cabin and steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

JUNE 22—*In steamship China, from Liverpool.*—Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Miss A. Gibbs, J. W. Gibbs, Mrs. Saalfield and 6 children, L. Saalfield, C. D. Fox, H. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Hearne, George Mooney, Rev. Geo. Doyle, W. Linley, Robert Liddle, Anthony Liddle, Miss Ellen Hearne, Mrs. Cruise, J. Bayles, W. O. Roberts, L. A. Watkins, Mrs. Wm. Irving, Thomas Irving, John Ryan, A. J. Pitch, J. F. Southwell, John Pinder, Mrs. F. C. Moore and 3 children, Mrs. Rogers and 6 children, Mr. and Mrs. F. Higgins, Miss A. Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, 2 children and servant, Miss M. Troutman, Paul Glantsel, Mr. Lowther, Mr. Hall, H. Hodder, R. C. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Jones and child, A. Beach, C. Williams, J. Volio, J. M. Tenoco, J. Cayley, G. R. Andrews, Viscount Adare, Lady Adare and servant, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Johnson, Mrs. Strauss, Miss Clara Strauss, A. H. Allen.

JUNE 22—*In steamship Westphalia, from Hamburg.*—Geo. Fritz and wife, Sophie Volger, M. M. Brautley and daughter, Aug. Bergmann, V. von Strahlendorff, G. Milco and wife, A. F. Milco, Mrs. M. Milco, Therese Mayer, B. Mayer, P. Mayer, Amalie Rosenthal, S. Neuberger, J. Lippmann, Franzisca Wallat, Molly Marthi..., H. Rowedder, wife and 4 children, Amanda Horn, Rosalie Levy, Julie Sommer, Christe Sommer, Albertine Schenk, Fr. Weil, Geo. Minges, Fred. Krumbein, E. Hansen, H. Wittenberg, Elise Zippelius and daughter, J. Kegeler, C. Haller, P. Schott, Kathinka Fr[illegible]e, Marie Wiegle, H. Tempel, Wm. Levy, Martin Wachter and wife, Marie Paff, J. Prager, M. A. Wheaton, M. Blum, J. A. Missler, John Tellow, D. Held, K. Sabludowsky, Mr. Mr. Traber, L. Mayer, Henriette Wallerstein.

JUNE 22—*In steamship Helvetia, from Liverpool.*—Count and Countess Fambe, J. G. Hanning, Fredk. Arned, Johan Gustaf, Mr. Nimroyd, wife and infant, W. J. White, Mr. Watts, Mr. Fulway, W. S. Neagas, A. F. Flaemere, R. Gould, wife and 2 children, R. C. Lernan, Frank Gusseller, Louis H. Bonit, Wm. Gillard and wife, Miss Barrington, Miss Whitaker, Mrs. Rothschild, Charles Edwards, G. W. Edwards, Mr. Yeomans, wife and 2 children, Mr. Emery, wife and 6 children, Thos. Rooke, P. Kane, Mr. Lipscomb, wife and son.

In steamship James Adger, from Charleston.—Mrs. Cutter, P. H. Pond, R. L. Ward, Mrs. J. Weinberg, Mrs. W. Bunyan, Mrs. S. A. Binns, H. D. Hill, W. Vankirk, F. Flagg, Mrs. Liscum and servant, J. Iselin, W. T. Leitch, Miss Leitch, Mr. Chase and wife, J. R. Henning, C. A. Merrille, Miss Whittelle, Mrs. Bredenberg, Miss F. Smith, Miss Zeply, F. J. Moore, W. Willis, J. R. Warden, C. L. Bruckmeyer and wife, Miss Bruckmeyer and servant, Miss A. Lane, Rev. M. Fowler, wife, 2 children and nurse, Mrs. Kerr Boyce, child and servant, J. A. Givens, and 19 in the steerage.

In steamship San Jacinto, from Savannah.—P. Hartley, J. E. McKenness, C. A. Farley, G. W. Banting, H. S. Manning, G. Oakes, Mrs. Peck, Miss Peck, Miss A. Holmes, Mrs. Tiffany, R. Barkley, R. D. Baakley, J. S. Requa, C. Requa, Miss Disbrough, Miss Ryan, Mrs. Requa, Miss Requa, Miss Reid, Miss Burt, Mrs. Hanford, Miss Drew, Miss Clifton, J. Allen and wife, J. B. Hull and wife, J. F. Coonley, wife and children, Miss Roahn, R. Chappell, C. Isaacs, S. Plume, H. Gowdy, Mrs. Jones and infant, J. Boyton, W. Reeve, Mrs. Jack and child, Mr. Roher, W. E. Roggs, wife and child, Mrs. Anglin, R. Lang, H. Housel, H. Lawrence, E. Lippiemann, B. Treux, F. Santos.

In steamship Huntsville, from Savannah.—Mrs. E. G. Dyke, Mrs. J. H. Cobb and child, J. H. Parker and wife, John Abbey, Mrs. W. S. Abbey, 2 children and 2 servants, E. H. Hernandez, J. Friend, Wm. E. Vail, H. Rogers, Joseph Forbes, Charley Gradot.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 4 29 | Sun sets...... 7 34 | Moon rises. 5 31

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 6 54 | Gov. Island. 7 43 | Hell Gate.. 9 05

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, June 22.

Cleared.

Steamships H. Jerry, Jr., Sherwood, St. John, N. B., R. J. Gray; Palmyra, (Br.,) Brown, Charlottetown, P. S. J., G. F. Bulley; Leo, Dearborn, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Niagara, Blakeman, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, Old Dominion Steamship Co.; Cuba, (Br.,) Moodie, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Neptune, Baker, Boston, W. P. Clyde.

Ships Great Western, Cunningham, Liverpool, C. H. Marshall; Chieftain, Godfrey, San Francisco, Platt & Newtown.

Barks Nelois, (Norw.,) Mathersen, London, Wendt, Felters & Brock; Annie, (Br.,) Burns, Bristol, James Edmiston & Co.; Harriet Lievesley, (Br.,) Waters, Pictou; M. A. Nelson, (Br.,) Nelson, Pictou, J. F. Whitney & Co.; M. Thayer, Crosby, London, Snow & Burgess; Montezuma, Briggs, Barbados, T. T. & F. A. Dwight.

Brigs Victoria Arsula, (Br.,) Lenoir, Pictou, G. H. Brewster; Harry Virden, Collins, Port Morant, Jam., J. W. Elwell & Co.

Schrs. Jed Frye, Longley, Jacksonville, Jed Frye & Co.; Carrie Douglas, (Br.,) Bailey, Pictou, Brett, Son & Co.; Othello, Eldridge, Little Glace Bay, Chase, Talbot & Co.; Henrietta, Rankin, Hartford, G. J. Hackett & Bro.; Equator, (Br.,) Ranger, Harbor Island, Joe Eneas; Bob, (Br.,) Albury, Harbor Island, Joe Eneas; F. J. Lockwood, St. John, Wilmington, Thomas & Holmes; J. Labella, Benton, Demerara, N. L. McCready & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship Helvetia, (Br.,) Thomson, Liverpool June 9, and Queenstown 10th, with mdse. and 1,400 passengers to National Steamship Company. Had one death and two births on the passage; had calm, thick, foggy weather nearly the entire passage; June 12, lat. 50 50, lon. 19 50, passed steamship City of New-York, bound west; 13th, lat. 49 40, lon. 26, passed an Inman steamer, bound west; 14th, lat. 48 40, lon. 31 55, passed steamship Atalanta, from London and Havre, for New-York; 15th, lat. 47 29, lon. 37 28, signalized ship Andrew Lovitt, (of Yarmouth, N. S.)

Steamship Saratoga, Alexander, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship Huntsville, Crowell, Savannah June 19, with mdse. and passengers to R. Lowden. June 20, 3:40 P. M., 40 miles N. E. Frying Pan Shoals, exchanged signals with steamship City of Mexico, hence for Vera Cruz.

Steamship China, (Br.,) Hochley, Liverpool June 12, and Queenstown 13th, with mdse. and passengers to C. G. Francklyn.

Steamship San Jacinto, Atkins, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. R. Garrison.

Steamship James Adger, Lockwood, Charleston June 19, with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steamship Westphalia, (N. G.,) Schwensen, Hamburg June 9, and Havre 12th, with mdse. and 650 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Experienced westerly and southerly winds, with fine weather, the entire passage. Was detained 4 hours off Sandy Hook by dense fog.

Ship Alsen, (N. G.,) Gromsch, Bristol, Eng., 40 ds., with railroad iron and 3 passengers to order. Has had light winds and calms for the past three weeks.

Ship Marlborough, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Armstrong, Cardiff 36 ds., with railroad iron, &c., to Snow & Burgess. Has had light westerly winds and fine weather the entire passage.

Ship E. W. Stetson, Moore, London May 7, with mdse. and passengers to Grinnell, Minturn & Co. Has been 20 ds. to the westward of the Banks, with light winds and fogs.

United States steamer Penobscot, Lieut.-Commander Eastman, Havana June 7, via Key West 12th, and Hampton Roads 18th. Has been attached to the West India Squadron for past 21 months, and is now going out of commission. The Penobscot will be detained for a few days at Quarantine for observation.

Bark Black Brothers, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Perry, Rotterdam 35 ds., with mdse. to Boyd & Hincken. Has had light northerly winds almost the entire passage. June 13, Walter Real, one of the crew, fell from fore topsail yard to the deck, and was instantly killed.

Bark Irma, (of Barbadoes,) Cumins, Sagua 13 ds., with sugar to Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Bark Maggie V. Hugg, (of Baltimore,) Hugg, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to Simon de Visser, vessel to master.

Bark Harvest Moon, Bartlett, Caibarien 12 ds., with sugar to Peter V. King & Co., vessel to Lawrence, Giles & Co.

Brig Ethel Botton, (of St. Andrew, N. B.,) Haney, Sagua 10 ds., with sugar to Moses Taylor & Co.—vessel to H. J. De Wolf & Co.

Brig B. Young, Trafton, New-Haven.

Brig H. Porter, Card, of and from Windsor, N. S., 14 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Umphray & Co.

Brig Sabina, (of Arichat,) Terrio, Manzanilla 14 ds., with mahogany, &c., to Chaves & Chappell—vessel to B. F. Small & Co. June 13, lat. 25, lon. 27, encountered a heavy northerly gale, but sustained no damage.

Brig Trenton Small, Providence.

Brig C. T. Tompkins, (of St. John, N. B.,) Taylor, Hillsboro, N. S., 12 ds., with plaster to C. T. Tompkins.

Brig Ida C. Cooper, of and from Bermuda 7 ds., with produce and 5 passengers to master.

Brig Wild Horse, (of Windsor, N. S.,) McCumber, Bridgeport, C. B., 20 ds., with coal to C. B. Swain—vessel to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brig Samuel Welch, (of Philadelphia,) Darrah, Cow Bay 13 ds., with coal to J. W. Elwell & Co.

Schr. Addie Blaisdell, (of Bath,) Fisk, Cow Bay 11 ds., via Tarpaulin Cove, with coal to Brockway & Baker.

Schr. Trojan, (of St. John, N. B.,) Pringle, Rockland, N. B., 13 ds., with building stone to Bartram Bros.

Schr. Leonessa, (of Rockland,) Meyer, Windsor, N. S., 16 ds., with plaster to H. P. Brown & Co.

Schr. Wentworth, Hunter, of and from Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Umphray & Co.

Schr. Hydrantha, (of Brixham,) Hurrell, Messina April 20, via Gibraltar May 10, with fruit to Geo. F. Bully. Has had light winds and fine weather the entire passage.

Schr. Hattie E. Dodge, (of Providence,) Freeman, Barbadoes 19 ds., with sugar and molasses, and 4 passengers to H. Trowbridge's Sons.

Schr. Nancy Smith, Boyd, Sagua, 19 ds., with sugar to Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Schr. Commodore, Bradford, Eastport, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. Lizzie Brewster, Hull, Machias, with spars to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Julia, Jones, Cutler, Me., with spars to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Ida Howard, Muldan, Portland, with lumber to Wilder & Co.

Schr. Z. Snow, Thorndike, Portland, with lumber to Wilder & Co.

Schr. A. L. Fitch, Gates, Portland, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. J. P. Predmore, Davis, Portland, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Phœnix, Dow, Portland, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Samuel Lewis, Wood, Franklin, Me., with lumber to order.

Schr. Robert Myhan, Jones, Gloucester, with fish to Stetson & Co.

Schr. J. P. Robinson, Harding, Gloucester, with fish to Robinson & Co.

Schr. P. S. Lindsley, Emory, Saco, with lumber to Waydell & Co.

Schr. Giraffe, Parkes, Jonesport 7 ds., with spars to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Susan, Young, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Wave, Falkingham, Cutler, Me., with spars to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Watchsult, Carr, City Point, Va., for Providence.

Schr. J. W. Rumsay, Cramer, Baltimore 3 ds., with coal to Brooklyn Gaslight Co.

Schr. Victory, Higgins, Ellsworth, with lumber to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Whistler, Keefe, Taunton.

Schr. Motto, Searle, Newport.

Schr. F. F. Randolph, Raymond, New-Bedford.

Schr. O. F. Hawley, Brown, Providence.

Schr. Benj. English, Chase, New-Bedford.

Schr. R. L. Kenny, Kelly, Portland.

Schr. J. L. White, Weeks, Providence.

Schr. Hickman, Small, Boston.

Schr. Brave, Scull, Virginia.

Schr. A. Bodine, Soper, Virginia.

Schr. D. C. Sawyer, Soper, Virginia.

Schr. Mary G. Farr, Cornwell, Georgetown.

Schr. Sarah Purves, Jones, Virginia.

Schr. D. Cargill, Kelley, Baltimore, for Boston.

Schr. Plymouth, Parker, Boston.

Schr. Pavilion, Brightman, New-Haven.

Schr. Hero, Poole, Salem.

Schr. Mercer, Wasson, New-Haven.

Schr. W. D. Mangum, Chase, New-Bedford.

Schr. F. Edwards, Smith, Boston.

Schr. Elm City, Kelly, Providence.

Schr. J. H. Borden, Hadwin, Fall River.

Schr. Oakes, Ames, Edmunds, Virginia.

Schr. J. A. Chamberlain, Robinson, Virginia.

Schr. Isaac Hinckley, Walling, Virginia.

Schr. Scud, Parker, Newark, for Pembroke, Me.

Schr. Bay State, Seabury, Boston.

Schr. Francis Hatch, Gregory, Richmond, Va.

Schr. C. L. Scull, Lee, Virginia.

WIND—At sunset, moderate, S. E., raining.

Sailed.

Steamships Cimbria, for Hamburg; Leo, for Savannah; Niagara, for Richmond.

Below.

Bark Adger, (Norw.,) Hendrikson, from Cardiff May 9.

Ship America, (of St. John, N. B.,) Bartlett, from London April 30—(Both by pilot-boat Hope, No. 1.)

By Telegraph.

CHARLESTON, June 21.—Arr. steamer Champion, New-York.

Sld. ship Richard III., Wiscasset.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., June 22.—Passed for Baltimore, bark Elverton, from Porto Rico; schr. Willie, from Mayagues, and a British brig.

Passed out, ship Astronom, for Bremen; brigs Potosi, Dudley, Diaper, Geo. Lattimer; schr. M. Cousins, and a Norwegian bark.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 22.—Arr. schr. Yankee Doodle, from Georgetown, for New-York; she lost her main boom and split mainsail.

Schr. E. Fenwick has sailed for Baltimore, to go into Quarantine there.

HOLMES' HOLE, June 21, A. M.—Arr. schrs. General Howard, Augusta for Elizabethport; Julia A. Berkele, Bangor for Bridgeport; Presto, Machias for New-York.

Sld. brigs Timothy Field, Richard & Torrey, Mary Ellen, (Br.,) J. R. E., (Br.,) Java, (Br.,) and Mary C. Mariner; schrs. Brutus, Unexpected, (Br.,) Franconia, Nellie Doe, Royal Arch, (Br.,) Nellie Starr, Express, William H. Tiers, Lucy K. Cogswell, Rattan, Hudson, Sequin, C. F. Young, Vicksburg, Ann, Guiding Star, Brilliant, Anna Criene, Monadnock, Tracy Jane, (Br.)

SAVANNAH, June 22.—Sld. British gunboat Philomel, on a cruise; steamer Virgo, New-York; schrs. M. C. Mosely, Philadelphia; Susannah, Baltimore.

Miscellaneous.

The bark Concordia, (Norw.,) from Newport, Eng., is consigned to Wendt, Tetens & Bockman, not as before reported.

Spoken, &c.

Mary E. Harris—Brig, from Sagua la Grande for Portland, June 19, lat. 38, lon. 70 40.

Gorilla—Br. ship, from Liverpool for New-York June 20, lat. 41 33, lon. 63 16.

Estelle—Brig, from Cardenas for Philadelphia, June 21, off Absecum.

John S. Harris—Br. bark, from Liverpool for Belfast, Me., June 5, lat. 43, lon. 47 48.

Mercury—Ship, from Liverpool for New-York, 40 ds. out, June 17, lat. 41 06, lon. 63 30.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, June 22.—The Inman steamship City of Baltimore, from New-York June 12, arrived at this port last night at 12 o'clock.

PLYMOUTH, June 22.—The Hamburg-American Steam Packet Company's steamship Saxonia, Captain Kier, from New-York on the 11th inst., arrived here at 11 A. M., and sailed this evening for Cherbourg and Hamburg.

MOVILLE, June 22.—The steamship Iowa, from New-York for Glasgow, arrived to-day.

MAGIC DIAMOND,

MAGIC DIAMOND PAT'D DEC. 29 1868

A recent discovery that steel when made to rotate upon glass and similar substances will cut with more rapidity and ease, and is

CHEAPER, BETTER AND MORE DURABLE

THAN THE

BEST DIAMOND.

INVALUABLE TO EVERY FAMILY.

NO TOOL-CHEST COMPLETE WITHOUT IT.

Sent free by mail on receipt of price, $2 each.

AGENTS WANTED.

J. Russell & Co.,

GREEN RIVER CUTLERY WORKS

NO. 83 BEEKMAN-ST., NEW-YORK CITY.

ICE PITCHERS,

SILVER PLATED,

PORCELAIN LINED.

The latest improvement and best article made

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NOS. 550 & 552 BROADWAY.

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Its circulation in

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RECEPTACLES.

A novel and beautiful article of table furniture, is used with ordinary crockery dish, and the greatest improvement over others in the market. Also complete TABLE OUTFITS in PLATED WARE and CUTLERY.

Call and examine.

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BEEBES RANGES

The best cooking apparatus for family use; durable, economical, and sure bakers. Made, put up and warranted by JANES, KIRTLAND & CO., Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

PERFECT HEALTH RESTORED to all by DU BARRY'S delicious Revalenta Arabica Food, which eradicates dyspepsia, indigestion, cough, asthma, consumption, debility, sleeplessness, constipation, flatulency, phlegm, low spirits, diarrhea, acidity, heartburn, diabetes, nausea and vomiting, wasting, palpitation, nervous, bilious and liver complaints.

Tins, 1 lb., $1 25; 24 lbs., $18.

DU BARRY & CO., No. 163 William-st., New-York; KEHR, No. 746 Broadway, and all grocers everywhere.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 393, June 22, 1869.

52, 44, 36, 23, 69, 50, 24, 73, 43, 15, 65, 37, 26.

KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 394, June 22, 1869.

44, 63, 8, 5, 2, 28, 26, 17, 42, 35, 57, 40, 23, 19.

MISSOURI—EXTRA CLASS No. 417, June 22, 1869.

24, 74, 25, 12, 53, 22, 50, 40, 76, 8, 10, 21, 13.

MISSOURI—CLASS No. 418, June 22, 1869.

12, 51, 74, 33, 38, 11, 73, 64, 8, 46, 45, 18, 2, 14.

Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information furnished.

JOSEPH BATES & CO., No. 11 Wall-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold. Information furnished. The highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

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200 VILLA PLOTS.

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JUNE 23, 1869.

NO POSTPONEMENT ON ACCOUNT OF THE WEATHER,

as there is a large HOTEL on the premises, and the grounds are not muddied after a rain-storm, being sandy loam.

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